





No

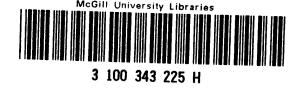
LIBRARY OF THE FACULTY OF MEDICINE

McGILL UNIVERSITY

MONTREAL

Received 1929

Л



•_____•

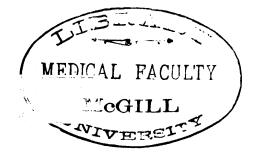
THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL MONTREAL

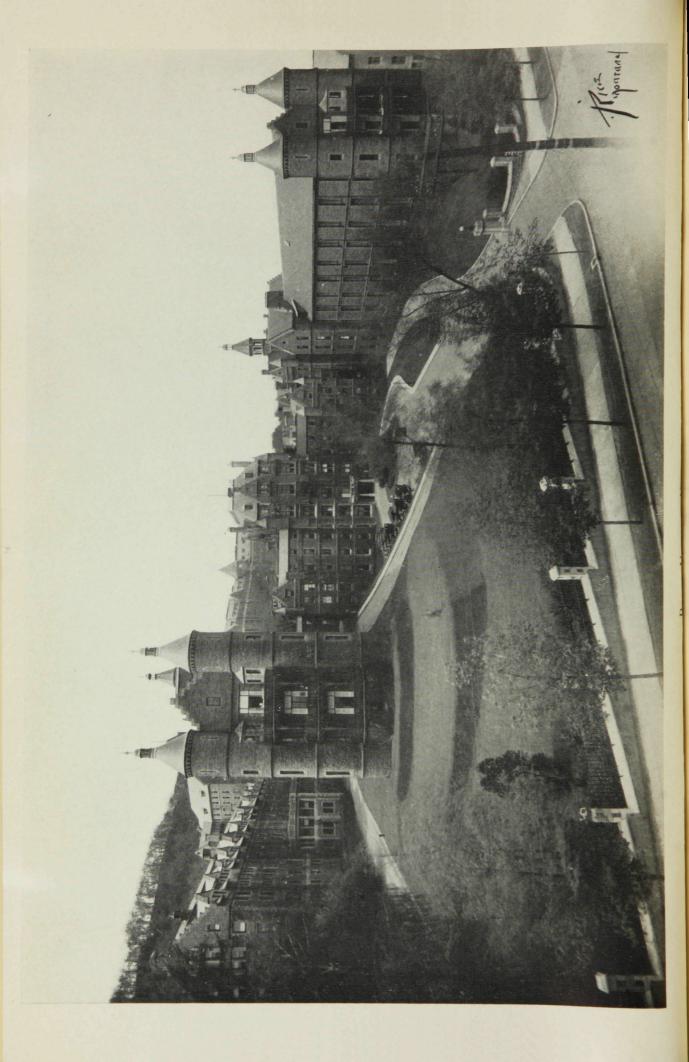
THIRTY-FIFTH

ANNUAL REPORT

for

THE YEAR ENDED 3Ist DECEMBER, 1928





VISITOR

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE VISCOUNT WILLINGDON G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E.

GOVERNOR GENERAL OF CANADA

INDEX

١

r.

¥

Founders and Governors	7
Medical Board	9
Consulting Staff	10
Officers	11
Attending Staff	12
Resident Staff	19
Chairman's Remarks	21
Superintendent's Report	25
Financial Statements	33
Auditor's Report	39
Statistics	40
Report of the Auxiliary Board of Governors	41
Training School Report	44
Graduating Class	47
Alumnæ Association of the School of Nursing	49
Social Service Department Report	51
Report of the Pre-Natal Settlement Clinics	57
McGill Alumnæ Library Committee Report	58
Contributions and Donations	61
Department of Medicine Report	65
Department of Surgery Report	83
Department of Obstetrics and Gynæcology Report	101
Department of Ophthalmology Report	140
Department of Oto-Laryngology Report	144
Department of Urology Report	152
Pathological Institute Report	160
Department of Roentgenology Report	165
List of Clinics, Out-Patients' Department	168
Regulations Governing Public Ward Patients	169

•

39560

FOUNDERS

THE RIGHT HON. LORD MOUNT STEPHEN THE RIGHT HON. LORD STRATHCONA AND MOUNT ROYAL

GOVERNORS

1929

ELECTIVE

SIR HERBERT HOLT BRIG.-GEN. F. S. MEIGHEN COMMANDER J. K. L. ROSS, R.C.N. E. W. BEATTY, K.C. WALTER M. STEWART J. W. McCONNELL LORD ATHOLSTAN T. B. MACAULAY

EX-OFFICIO

Mayor of Montreal.....CAMILLIEN HOUDE President, Board of Trade.....G. C. McDONALD President, Bank of Montreal.....SIR CHARLES GORDON, G.B.E. President, Canadian Pacific Railway Co....E. W. BEATTY, K.C. President, Canadian National Railways, SIR HENRY THORNTON, K.B.E. Principal McGill University,

SIR ARTHUR CURRIE, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., LL.D. Dean of the Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, C. F. MARTIN, B.A., M.D., C.M., L.L.D., (Queen's)

MEDICAL BOARD

E. W. ARCHIBALD, B.A., M.D., C.M., F.A.C.S., HON. F.R.C.S. (ENG.)

H. S. BIRKETT, C.B., M.D., LL.D. (McGill), F.A.C.S.

W. G. M. BYERS, B.A., M.D., D.Sc.

W. W. CHIPMAN, B.A., M.D. (Edin.), LL.D., F.A.C.S., F.R.C.S. (Edin.)

W. F. HAMILTON, M.D., C.M.

C. B. KEENAN, D.S.O., M.D., C.M.

D. W. MacKENZIE, B.A., M.D.

C. F. MARTIN, B.A., M.D., C.M. L.L.D., (Queen's)

J. C. MEAKINS, M.D., LL.D. (EDIN.), F.R.S.C. F.R.S.E., F.R.C.P. (EDIN.)

H. OERTEL, M.D.

A. H. PIRIE, M.D., D.Sc. (Edin.)

.

CONSULTING STAFF

GEORGE E. ARMSTRONG, C.M.G., M.D., LL.D. (QUEEN'S)

G. GORDON CAMPBELL, B.Sc., M.D.

F. G. FINLEY, C.B., M.D. (LOND.)

F. M. FRY, B.A., M.D.

J. ALEX. HUTCHISON, C.B.E., M.D., L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.)

LOUIS V. KING, M.A. (CANTAB.), D.Sc., F.R.S.

A. B. MACALLUM, M.A., M.B., PH.D., Sc.D., LL.D., F.R.S.

JOHN TAIT, B.Sc., M.B., CH.B., M.D., D.Sc., F.R.S.E.

S. E. WHITNALL, M.A., M.D., B.CH. (OXON.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

OFFICERS 1929

PRESIDENT SIR HERBERT HOLT

HOUSE COMMITTEE

SIR HERBERT HOLT, Chairman SIR CHARLES GORDON, G.B.E. WALTER M. STEWART J. W. McCONNELL E. W. BEATTY

> SECRETARY AND SUPERINTENDENT W. R. CHENOWETH

> > ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT H. G. BAXTER

Registrar-in-Chief D. MacCALLUM, M.D.

OFFICE MANAGER J. A. FRASER

ADMITTING OFFICER JOHN E. de BELLE, M.D.

SUPERINTENDENT OF TRAINING SCHOOL MISS M. F. HERSEY, R.N.

> SUPERVISOR (ROSS PAVILION) MISS A. M. CAMPBELL

SUPERVISOR (WOMEN'S PAVILION) MISS C. V. BARRETT, R.N.

DIRECTOR OF SOCIAL SERVICE MISS BESSIE G. STEWART, R.N.

CHIEF APOTHECARY MISS UNA K. STEWART, Phm.B.

DIETITIAN MISS C. M. LARGE (In Charge)

> STEWARD JOHN MILLER

NURSES' HOME MISS M. MACINTOSH, R.N. (In Charge)

CONVALESCENT HOME MISS M. McLELLAN, R.N. (In Charge)

AUDITOR LEWIS BRIMACOMBE, C.A.

ATTENDING STAFF

January 1st, 1929

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

Physician-in-Chief

J. C. MEAKINS, M.D., F.R.C.P. (EDIN.), F.R.S.E., F.R.S.C., LL.D. (EDIN.)

Physicians

W. F. HAMILTON, M.D. C. F. MARTIN, B.A., M.D. LL.D. (Queen's)

Assistant Physicians

J. R. BYERS, M.D. R. H. M. HARDISTY, D.S.O., M.C., B.A., M.D. A. T. HENDERSON, M.D. J. KAUFMANN, M.D. D. S. LEWIŞ, M.D., M.Sc. D. MacCALLUM, M.D. E. H. MASON, PH.B., M.D. D. W. McKECHNIE, D.S.O., M.D. C. F. MOFFATT, B.A., M.D.

Associates in Medicine

N. BROWN, M.D. D. GRANT CAMPBELL, B.A., M.D. W. C. GOWDEY, M.D. C. R. JOYCE, M.D. J. L. D. MASON, B.A., M.D. COLIN G. SUTHERLAND, M.D. J. J. WALKER, M.D. J. C. WICKHAM, B.A., M.D.

Clinical Assistants

C. T. CROWDY, M.D. W. W. EAKIN, M.D. D. S. MacINTOSH, B.A., M.D. W. G. McLELLAN, B.A., M.D. W. de M. SCRIVER, B.A., M.D. C. J. TIDMARSH, M.A., M.D.

UNIVERSITY CLINIC

Director

J. C. MEAKINS, M.D., LL.D. (EDIN.), F.R.C.P. (EDIN.), F.R.S.E., F.R.S.C.

Research Associates

M. E. ABBOTT, B.A., M.D., L.R.C.P. and S. (Edin.) C. N. H. LONG, B.Sc., M.Sc., M.D.

> Research Assistants JESSIE BOYD-SCRIVER, B.A., M.D. G. R. BROW, M.D. W. DE M. SCRIVER, B.A., M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF PÆDIATRICS

Physician H. B. CUSHING, B.A., M.D.

Assistant Physician S. GRAHAM ROSS, D.S.O., M.C., B.A., M.D., M.R.C.P. (LOND.)

> Associates in Medicine R. CAMERON STEWART, B.Sc. (Arts), M.D. R. R. STRUTHERS, B.A., M.D. W. E. WILLIAMS, M.D. H. P. WRIGHT, B.A., M.D.

> > Clinical Assistants JESSIE BOYD-SCRIVER, B.A., M.D. H. C. BUSSIERE, B.Sc., M.D. AUBREY K. GEDDES, M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF DERMATOLOGY

Dermatologist-in-Charge P. BURNETT, D.S.O., M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

> Associate in Medicine J. L. D. MASON, B.A., M.D.

Clinical Assistant LEMUEL P. EREAUX, B.Sc. (Arts), M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF NEURO-PSYCHIATRY

Neuro-Psychiatrist-in-Charge C. K. RUSSEL, B.A., M.D.

Associates in Neuro-Psychiatry

W. T. B. MITCHELL, M.D. A. G. MORPHY, B.A., M.D. H. A. SIMS, M.D. DAVID SLIGHT, M.B., CH.B., D.P.M., M.R.C.P. AND S. (LOND.) A. W. YOUNG, M.D.

Clinical Assistants

J. N. PETERSEN, B.Sc. (Arts), M.D. B. SILVERMAN, M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF PHYSIO-THERAPY

NORMAN BROWN, M.D. (in Charge) MISS ANITA ROSS, R.N.

DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY

Surgeon-in-Chief

E. W. ARCHIBALD, B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S., Hon. F.R.C.S. (Eng.)

Surgeon

C. B. KEENAN, D.S.O., M.D., F.A.C.S.

Assistant Surgeons

F. E. MCKENTY, M.D., F.R.C.S. (ENG.), F.A.C.S. F. A. C. SCRIMGER, V.C., B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S.

> Associate in Surgery JOHN ARMOUR, M.Sc., M.D.

Clinical Assistants

GEORGE C. ANDERSON, M.D. EDGAR M. COOPER, M.D. HOWARD LER. DAWSON, B.A., M.D. MARK KAUFMANN, B.A., M.D. GEORGE GAVIN MILLER, M.Sc., M.D. DUDLEY E. ROSS, M.Sc., M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF ORTHOPÆDICS

Surgeon-in-Charge W. G. TURNER, M.C., B.A., M.D., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), F.A.C.S.

> Assistant Surgeon W. J. PATTERSON, B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF NEUROLOGICAL SURGERY

Surgeon-in-Charge

WILDER G. PENFIELD, LITT.B. (PRINCETON), M.D. (JOHNS HOPKINS), M.A., B.Sc. (Oxon.)

Associate in Neurological Surgery

W. V. CONE, B.S., M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF ANÆSTHETICS

Anæsthetist-in-Charge

W. B. HOWELL, M.D.

Anæsthetists

J. W. ARMSTRONG, B.A., M.D. WESLEY BOURNE, M.Sc., M.D.

Assistant Anæsthetists E. T. ENRIGHT, R.N. H. KENDALL, R.N. D. M. L. TEGGART, M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF DENTISTRY

Dentist in Charge

G. W. OLIVER, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Dental Extractionists

A. W. MITCHELL, D.D.S. F. W. SAUNDERS, D.D.S.

DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Obstetrician and Gynæcologist-in-Chief

W. W. CHIPMAN, B.A., M.D. (Edin.), LL.D., F.R.C.S. (Edin.), F.A.C.S.

Obstetricians and Gynæcologists

H. C. BURGESS, M.D., F.A.C.S.
J. W. DUNCAN, M.D., F.A.C.S.
J. R. FRASER, M.D., F.A.C.S.
J. R. GOODALL, O.B.E., B.A., M.D., D.Sc., F.A.C.S.
H. M. LITTLE, B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S.

Assistant Obstetrician and Gynæcologist

W. A. G. BAULD, D.S.O., M.D., F.A.C.S.

Clinical Assistants A. D. CAMPBELL, M.D. P. J. KEARNS, M.D., M.Sc. G. C. MELHADO, M.D. IVAN Y. PATRICK, M.D. ELEANOR PERCIVAL, M.D.

Pathologist

L. J. RHEA, M.D.

Consulting Ophthalmologist

S. H. McKEE, C.M.G., B.A., M.D.

DEPARTMENT OF OPHTHALMOLGY

Ophthalmologist-in-Chief

W. GORDON M. BYERS, M.D., D.Sc.

Assistant Ophthalmologist

F. T. TOOKE, B.A., M.D.

Associates

J. A. MACMILLAN, M.D., F.A.C.S. A. G. MCAULEY, M.D., F.A.C.S. J. ROSENBAUM, M.D.

Clinical Assistant KENNETH B. JOHNSTON, M.D.

DEPARTMENT OF OTO-LARYNGOLOGY

Oto-Laryngologist-in-Chief H. S. BIRKETT, C.B., M.D., LL.D., F.A.C.S.

Assistant Oto-Laryngologist

E. HAMILTON WHITE, B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S.

Associates

D. H. BALLON, B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S. K. O. HUTCHISON, M.D. W. J. McNALLY, B.A., M.Sc., M.D., D.L.O.R.C.P. and S. (Eng.) J. T. ROGERS, B.A., M.D. G. E. TREMBLE, M.D., D.L.O.R.C.P. and S. (Eng.)

DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY

Urologist-in-Chief

D. W. MACKENZIE, B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S.

Associates

ALLAN B. HAWTHORNE, B.A., M.D. MAGNUS SENG, M.B.

Clinical Assistant

CHARLES T. LUNDON, M.D.

DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

•

Pathologist-in-Chief H. OERTEL, M.D.

Assistant Pathologist T. R. WAUGH, B.A., M.A., M.D.

> **Prosector** W. H. CHASE, M.D.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF BACTERIOLOGY

Bacteriologist-in-Charge A. A. BRUERE, M.D.

-

Assistant Bacteriologist W. W. BEATTIE, B.A., M.D.

DEPARTMENT OF ROENTGENOLOGY

Rœntgenologist-in-Chief

A. HOWARD PIRIE, D.Sc. (Edin.), M.D.

Assistant

E. C. BROOKS, L.R.C.P. AND S. (EDIN.)

Clinical Assistant

J. C. LANTHIER, M.D.

RESIDENT STAFF

1928-1929

House Physicians

DR. R. V. CHRISTIE DR. H. E. EDWARDS DR. A. KRAKOWER DR. J. G. LEE DR. C. H. O'REGAN DR. B. D. ROBERTSON DR. MAXWELL D. RYAN

House Surgeons

	Dr. A. L. WILKIE
Dr. N. BERRY	Dr. CLIFFORD E. HOWARD
Dr. F. S. DUNNE	Dr. C. K. McLEOD
Dr. A. R. ELVIDGE	Dr. L. P. NELLIGAN
Dr. E. C. GLIDDON	Dr. C. MALCOLM TIRRELL

House Obstetricians and Gynæcologists

	Dr. J. S. HENRY
Dr. GRANT BALDWIN	Dr. N. W. PHILPOTT
Dr. K. S. MacLEAN	Dr. M. RATNER
Dr. L. S. McGOOGAN	DR. C. V. WARD

House Oto-Laryngologists

Dr. G. CHISHOLM

DR. E. R. ALLEN

Dr. S. G. BAXTER

DR. H. A. STUART

DR. MAURICE BRODIE DR. C. E. BROOKS

Dr. R. J. CALDWELL

Dr. J. A. COYLE Dr. J. P. LANTZ

House Urologists

Dr. C.	A. CHISHOLM	DR. ROBERT S. HOTCHKISS
Dr. G.	N. ELLIS	Dr. R. GRANT REID

House Pathologists

Dr. A. W. BLAIR	DR. NEIL MCLEOD
Dr. J. R. CAMERON	DR. G. D. TAYLOR

Line and

CHAIRMAN'S REMARKS

Annual Meeting, 28th March, 1929.

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :----

Before moving the adoption of the thirty-fifth Annual Report for the year ended 31st December, 1928, it is customary for the presiding officer to make a few remarks.

My first word is personal as I cannot refrain at this point from expressing my profound sorrow, which I am sure you all share, in the death of Sir Vincent Meredith who for so long presided over the affairs of this Institution. I would, therefore, move that the following resolution be recorded upon the Minutes of this meeting:

RESOLVED:

That it is with the deepest sense and feeling of regret that the Governors of the Royal Victoria Hospital express their personal sorrow in the recent death of Sir Vincent Meredith, Bart., who was associated with this Hospital for more than twenty years as a Governor and since 1913 as President of the Board.

They would record their gratitude for his long association with this Hospital where his personal interest, financial aid and practical support have been invaluable.

It was in a great measure due to his wise guidance and generosity of spirit, that were characteristic throughout his life, that this Hospital acquired the prestige and reached the full stature it has attained to-day. As an executive Sir Vincent Meredith was a valued adviser and his interest in all matters affecting the welfare of the Hospital was constant and compelling.

His life work will ever be an inspiration to those who serve this Institution and in grateful memory the Board of Governors records its deep sense of loss in his death.

RESOLVED:

That a copy of this memorial be sent to Lady Meredith.

The Report of the Superintendent and the Financial Statements of 1928 indicate a continued growth in the activities of the Hospital.

While the number of patients admitted during the year, aggregating 13,603, shows a slight decrease of 82, it is observed for purposes of comparison that in the spring of 1927 the Hospital's resources were taxed to the limit for some months owing to the Typhoid Fever epidemic, and in the closing month of 1928 the Hospital was compelled to restrict its activities due to an outbreak of Influenza which affected the nursing staff in general.

The Out-Patient Department shows a substantial gain, the number of visits totalling 67,165, an increase of 4,821 for the year. It tells the story of the daily struggle against disease and the efforts put forth by the Hospital to advance the public health through preventive medicine.

Turning to the Hospital's finances, it will be noted that the revenue for the year from all sources aggregated \$983,000, while the cost of operating amounted to \$1,007,000, leaving a net deficit of \$24,000, as compared with an operating deficit of \$65,000 a year ago.

This reduction in our operating deficit affords satisfaction when you consider that the Hospital's services to the community have been fully maintained. It is interesting to note that of the 13,603 patients admitted 62% were in the public wards and of that number 16% were indigent or free patients. In affording these facilities for the treatment of the sick poor, hospital deficits cannot be avoided unless financial assistance from outside is forthcoming.

During the year extraordinary outlays for much needed improvements to building and new equipment were incurred at a cost of \$49,900. In this amount is included an expenditure of \$15,000 to completely renovate and purchase new equipment of the latest design for the Main X-Ray Department. These improvements were essential in order that the work of the Hospital might be conducted at a high standard of efficiency.

I am pleased to state that liabilities incurred in connection with the construction of the Royal Victoria Montreal Maternity Pavilion, on which there was a balance still outstanding last year of \$704,000 have been paid off from funds received from the Treasurer of the Campaign Fund. In the balance sheet will be noted a donation of \$100,000. received from the estate of the late C. R. Hosmer, for which suitable acknowledgment was made under resolution by the Board of Governors.

Your Board was pleased to make the following important changes in the attending staff of the Hospital:---

- Dr. E. W. Archibald appointed Surgeon-in-Chief.
- Dr. Wilder G. Penfield appointed Surgeon in charge of Neurological Surgery.

We believe these appointments are a forward movement for the benefit of the Hospital and the community.

On the 1st September last the Workmen's Compensation Act came into effect for the first time in this Province. It was the result of lengthy legislation and the incorporation of the best sections of compensation laws of other provinces and states. The Government is fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Robert Taschereau to preside over the Commission appointed to safeguard the interests of the employer and employee.

It is my privilege and pleasure to record our grateful thanks to Lady Meredith and the members of the Auxiliary Board of Governors who have so notably assisted in the work of this Hospital during the past year; also to thank the Attending Staff and our many friends for their efforts on our behalf and to bespeak for their continued interest and support.

I have great pleasure in moving the adoption of this Report.

H. S. HOLT, Chairman.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

I have the honour to present for your approval the Thirty-fifth Annual Report of the Royal Victoria Hospital.

During the Hospital year ended 31st December, 1928, the number of patients admitted was 13,603, as compared with 13,685 the previous year, a decrease of 82.

CLASSIFICATION

INDOOR DEPARTMENT

Males	5,409	Private patients	4,404	+	391
		Semi-private patients	734		231
Females	\$ 8,194	Public pay patients	6,380		233
		Q.P.C.A. patients	1,702		177
		Free patients	383	+	168
	· · ·	_			
*	13,603		13,603	<u> </u>	82

*These figures include 1,513 children.

Medical Service—		Increase	Decrease
Medicine	2,884	283	
Surgery	3,680	24	
Obstetrics	2,261		43
Gynæcology	1,359		69
Oto-Laryngology	2,087		283
Urology	805		32
Ophthalmology	436	33	
Convalescent Home	91	5	
	13,603	345	427 345

82

Religion-

11 –		Increase	Decrease
Protestant	6,599		96
Roman Catholic	3,859	225	
Hebrews	2,604		
Others	541		275

10,185 were resident in Montreal and 3,418 came from districts outside the City.

The total number of days of hospital treatment aggregated 182,589 as compared with 193,986 the previous year, a decrease of 11,397 days, which comparison is somewhat affected by the fact that in the spring of 1927 the resources of the hospital were taxed to the limit during the period of the Typhoid Fever epidemic.

The average number of days stay in hospital was 13.2 as against 14.17 a year ago.

Patients discharged during the year numbered 13,607, as compared with 13,686 last year.

Deaths numbered 462 and the rate, excluding those who died within forty-eight hours of admission and "still births" was 3.4%, as compared with 2.7% the previous year.

OUTDOOR DEPARTMENT

The work in this department indicates an ever increasing demand on the facilities of the hospital, the total number of visits being 67,165, as compared with 62,344 in 1927, an increase of 4,821 as follows:—

Service—

		Increase	Decrease
Medicine 10	6,820	1,308	
	0,724	1,602	
Urology	8,458	443	
Oto-Laryngology	6,001	131	
Pædiatric	4,587	422	
	4,550	306	
	3,833		222
	3,522	472	
Gynæcology	2,999		114
Orthopædic	2,432	476	
Dermatology	2,268	405	
Psychiatry	725	226	
Serum Injections	246		634

67,165

SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS-

		Increase	Decrease
Hydro Treatments	13,399		150
Massage Treatments	2,896	309	
X-Ray Department:			
Skiagraphs	27,445	4,146	
X-Ray Treatments	3,039	224	
Electro-Cardiographs	977	143	

The ambulance made 2,292 trips, a decrease of 201. The Ford car, which is used for the purpose of visiting the district maternity cases and to take workers to and from the settlement clinics, made 5,420 trips.

FINANCIAL—

The Hospital's revenue and expenditure account shows considerable expansion on both sides:—

The receipts for the year from all sources	
aggregated\$	983,135.38
The total expenditure aggregated	1,007,637.89
Leaving a deficit of	·24,502.51
as compared with an operating deficit of	
\$65,873.52 a year ago, a decrease of	41,371.01

Receipts from private patients and other departments, including revenue from Endowment Fund and donations, increased \$71,900.

On the other side the total expenditure has increased \$30,500. as a result of incurring an outlay of \$49,900. for much needed improvements including new equipment.

The improvements above referred to were all of an extraordinary nature and consisted of repairs to fire lines and installation of a sprinkler system in the Record Room; new freight elevator in the Main Building; alterations to heating system and construction of retaining wall, New Pavilion; the purchase of utensil sterilizers for the wards; new dish washing equipment for the Nurses' Home, and transformers.

In addition to the above the Main X-Ray Department was completely overhauled and additional space provided at a cost of \$15,000. to meet growing demands. Equipment of the latest design was installed. These much needed improvements were completed in the fall of the year and place this Department in a position to offer adequate facilities to the Medical Staff which the growing importance of this branch of work in a modern hospital demands.

During the year the property No. 93 St. Famille Street was sold for \$25,000. and mortgages amounting to \$10,000. were repaid. The amount realized by the liquidation of these assets, which were acquired when we took over the old Montreal Maternity Hospital together with a balance of \$704,000. received from the Campaign Fund enabled us to pay off the Bank overdraft and provide for outstanding accounts due in connection with the construction of the Royal Victoria Montreal Maternity Pavilion.

The operating cost per diem based on charging against In-door patients the full cost of maintenance (excluding the Out-door Department) was as follows:—

Private patients.....\$6.19. Public patients.....\$4.70.

GENERAL REMARKS-

Owing to increased demands for semi-private ward accommodation, it was decided to renovate and refurnish Ward "O" for semi-private patients. This ward contains nine beds which are in constant use indicating that the inauguration of this service has been fully justified.

Two changes worthy of note have taken place in our Medical Staff in the appointment of Dr. E. W. Archibald as Surgeon-in-Chief and Dr. Wilder G. Penfield as Surgeon in charge of Neurological Surgery.

In the latter connection the Board of Governors was pleased to authorize an appropriation of \$5,000. to assist in purchasing the necessary equipment and provide laboratory facilities for this important branch of surgery.

It is my pleasant task to make acknowledgement to the many friends who contributed in various ways to the welfare of the patients. We are deeply grateful to all, including individual members of our Board of Governors, and in this connection I would mention, Sir Vincent Meredith for presenting the Department of Oto-Laryngology with an Audiometer, also furnishing the main entrance of the New Pavilion with an oriental rug and two Jacobean chairs; Sir Herbert Holt for donations towards the purchase of plant equipment; Mr. Walter M. Stewart for presenting us with a new washing machine for the laundry; equipping the main kitchen with new Vulcan ranges, defraying the cost of linoleum for the floors in the Main X-Ray Department, and the maintenance of the clock in the tower of the New Pavilion; Mr. J. W. McConnell for presenting an Orthophonic machine for the Nurses' Rest Room in the New Pavilion.

In reviewing the activities for the year, it is with a deep sense of appreciation that I have to allude to the valuable work done by the members of the Auxiliary Board of Governors under the direction of Lady Meredith, the President. In the early part of the year the Auxiliary Board undertook to pay the salaries of two social workers and the settlement nurse, as well as paying the rental of the Settlement Clinics, and in this manner relieving the Hospital of a financial burden amounting to approximately \$5,000. per annum.

The Hospital is indeed fortunate in having the support and co-operation of this Board whose activities have been fittingly referred to as being devoted to the wisest charity of all, the welfare of the mother and her child.

To Miss Baylis and the members of the McGill Alumnæ Library Committee we again tender our thanks for their voluntary and untiring efforts in the distribution of books and magazines to the patients throughout the Hospital.

It is with pleasure that I have to record the following honours conferred on members of the attending staff of this Hospital:—

- Dr. E. W. Archibald—Elected an honorary member of the Royal Academy of Medicine, Rome, also elected a Foreign Associate Fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia.
- Dr. H. S. Birkett—Presentation of gold medal by American Academy of Ophthalmology and Oto-Laryngology.

Dr. W. W. Chipman—Honorary degree of Doctor of Laws, University of Wales. Honorary degree of Doctor of Laws, Dalhousie Medical School.

- Dr. A. T. Henderson—Appointed Harben Lecturer by Royal Institute of Great Britain for the year 1928.
- Dr. Charles F. Martin-Elected President of the American College of Physicians.
- Dr. J. C. Meakins-Elected President of American Society for Clinical Investigation.

We had the privilege of extending a welcome to representatives of the following societies during the year:—

- February —Lima Travelling Club, Lima, Ohio.
- March —Buffalo Surgical Society.
- June ——Clinical Surgeons of Canada, Canadian Urologists.
- October Clinical and Surgical Association of Massachusetts.

November — Department of Pædiatrics, McGill University. Junior Interurban Surgical Association.

In order to promote the welfare of the members of the permanent staff of the Hospital, arrangements were made with the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada to issue a group insurance policy. This insurance was made available to all members of the staff who had been in the service of the Hospital for six months and who were in receipt of a salary of \$1,000. and over. By this co-operative arrangement the staff are assisted in obtaining life insurance at a minimum of cost, and it is hoped this protection will prove a source of benefit.

Last year I took occasion to refer to the need of increased accommodation for the nursing staff. In addition the need for more public beds is pressing. For the present we are managing to provide accommodation for some of the nurses by a temporary expediency, but the situation would become acute in the event of our having to relinquish one of the residences that is at present occupied under lease. In closing this report I desire to express my appreciation of the support given me by the Board of Governors and the attending medical staff, who have so notably assisted in the work of the Hospital during the past year. To the resident doctors, nurses and general staff of the Hospital, who have contributed in a great measure to the results achieved, I express my gratitude.

Respectfully submitted,

W. R. CHENOWETH,

Superintendent.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL INCLUDING ROSS MEMORIAL AND NEW PAVILION	ENDITURE	õõ	REVENUE	1928 1927 nts	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			\$657,931.93 \$629,317.89	overnors 2,830.00 \$136,498.10	\$154,774.95 \$136,498.10 me	\$17,228.80 66,711.45 8,450.25 7,875.71 78,038.00 68,813.66		\$983,135.38 \$911,255.75 \$24,502.51 \$5,873.52 \$1,007,637.89 \$977,129.27
UDING ROSS MEMORI	STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE	For Year Ended 31st December, 1928		7 Income from Patients	Private Patients92.57Public Patients76.13Q.P.C.A. Patients51.89Military Patients26.56	02.55		9.70 Income from Fudowment and	Donations	Departmental Income			Total Income
TAL INCL	IT OF R	or Year En		1927	.47 \$156,692.57 .60 119,576.13 .92 267,461.89 .96 153,826.56	17 102,602.55	. 62	.74 \$800,159.70			.34 \$30,379.43 .35 69,330.14 .71 10,552.65 .75 66,707.35	.15 \$176,969.57	.89 \$977,129.27
IA HOSPI	ATEMEN	F(EXPENDITURE	1928 or	 \$169,201.47 \$169,201.47 \$111,154.60 \$265,176.92 \$137,245.96 	. 105,034.17 d	49,908.62	\$837,721			\$25,261 68,554 9,387 66,712	\$169,916.	\$1,007,637.
ROYAL VICTOR	ST		EXPE	Expenses for Care of Indoor Patients	Professional Care Domestic Care Cost of Meals Property and House Expense Administration and Concerd	Expense Dlant and	New Equipment			Departmental Expenses	Outdoor Department Operating Rooms Ambulance Other Departments		Total Expenditure

•

80 81.057 01 15 7.875 71 7.875 71 7.875 71 0.8,813.00 8.115,130 70 8.011,255 72 8.011,255 72			1927	\$3,385,314.76	65,873.52	\$3,319,441.24 29,927.61 93,125.49 \$3,442,494.34
00 830 500 18 00 830 500 01 117 00 01 117 00 00 00 117 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00			JTTES 1928	\$3,255,574.82	24,502.51	\$3,231,072.31 14,163.17 89,243.94 \$3,334,479.42
Australy of all first office by particular to particular the office for out of Autor first for anti- office for particular balant for optime p	ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL	31st December, 1928	LIABILITIES	Foundation and Trust Funds: Less:	Excess of Expenditure over Revenue for Year Ended 31st December, 1928	Bank overdraft Accounts Payable
₩ 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	YAL VICTO	as at 31st Do	1927	\$3,170,614.00 107,286.19 43,594.15 121,000.00		\$3,442,494.34
ST 010'001# (7 781'00 14 10'00 14 10'000 14 10'00 14 10'00 1	RO		ASSETS 1928	\$3,178,946.57 75,317.04 80,215.81		\$3,334,479.42
			ASS	Buildings and Equipment Inventories of Supplies Amounts due and outstanding Loan to Maternity Pavilion	·	

æ.,

			1927	\$335,522.82 200,000.00 149,700.00 296,000.00	\$981,222.82	597,237.68	121,000.00 14,749.25	\$1,714,209.75
NOI		ITIES	1928	\$331,598.47 200,000.00 149,700.00 1,000,000.00	\$1,681,298.47		7,284.53	\$1,688,583.00
ROYAL VICTORIA MONTREAL MATERNITY PAVILION	BALANCE SHEET as at 31st December, 1928	LIABILITIES	Canital Funds:—	Montreal Maternity Fund. Province of Quebec Grant. Gifts, Donations Campaign, Fund, 1927		Loans from:— Bank of Montreal	Koyal Victoria Hospital Trustees Accounts Payable	
IA MONTRE	BALANC as at 31st De		1927	\$1,679,209.75 25,000.00 10,000.00				\$1,714,209.75
AL VICTOR		ASSETS	1928	\$1,681,298.47 7,284.53				\$1,688,583.00
ROJ		AS¢	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Building Construction, Equip- ment and Furnishings Property, 93 St. Famille St Mortgages Receivable Cash on Hand				

ī

FUNDS			1927		\$3,319,441.24	981,222.82	\$4,300,664.06		\$7,522,190.18	29,927.61 507 727 68	00.107,160	03 175 40		\$7,558,500.27
ID TRUST		LIABILITIES	1928		\$3,198,938.73	1,681,298.47	\$4,880,237.20	001 001 00	¢0,110,091.U9	14,163.17		80 243 04	7,284.53	\$7,707,819.93
ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL-INCLUDING NEW PAVILION AND TRUST FUNDS	as at 31st December, 1928	LIABI		Foundation and Campaign Funds.	Royal Victoria Hospital.	New Pavilion		Royal Victoria Hospital Trust	Bank of Montreal (overdraft)	Royal Victoria Hospital New Pavilion		Accounts Payable: Roval Victoria Hosnital	New Pavilion	
NLINCLUD	as at 31st D 		1927	\$3,170,614.00	1,679,209.75	\$4,849,823.75		\$2,522,796.18			35,000.00	107,286.19 43,594.15		\$7,558,500.27
A HOSPITA		ASSETS	1928	\$3,170,614.00	1,681,298.47	\$4,851,912.47		\$2,716,891.09				75,450.97 56,280.87	7,284.53	\$7,707,819.93
ROYAL VICTOR		ASS		Buildings and Equipment: Royal Victoria Hospital	New Pavilion		Investments held by Trustees of the Roval Victoria Hoc	pital		Investments acquired from the Montreal Maternity	Hospital	Inventories of Supplies Amounts due and outstanding	Cash in Bank—New Pavilion	

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended 31st December, 1928

To the PRESIDENT AND BOARD OF GOVERNORS, ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Dear Sirs:----

I beg to report that I have completed my Audit of the Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1928, and hereto attach:

- 1. Balance Sheet of the Royal Victoria Hospital, including New Pavilion and Trust Accounts as at 31st December, 1928.
- Statement of Revenue and Expenditure of the Royal Victoria Hospital including Ross Memorial and New Pavilion for the year ended 31st December, 1928.

I have compared the Revenue from Investments held by the Trustees with the advices from the Royal Trust Company and other Depositaries.

I have checked the receipts under the other headings from the daily cash sheets to the General Cash Book and have seen that such receipts have been duly deposited in the Bank.

I have seen properly certified vouchers for all disbursements.

In my opinion the accompanying Statement of Revenue and Expenditure is a true and correct exhibit of the operations of the Royal Victoria Hospital including the Ross Memorial and New Pavilion for the period mentioned, and the accompanying Balance Sheet a true and correct exhibit of the financial condition as at 31st December, 1928.

Yours faithfully,

LEWIS BRIMACOMBE, Auditor.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL

STATISTICS

Number of beds in the Hospital	680
Number of Babies' Cribs (Maternity Division)	108
Number of Patients admitted during year 1	3,603
87	32,589
Average number of days' stay in Hospital per patient	13.2
Deaths	462
Mortality percent. (excluding those who died within forty-eight hours	
of admission)	3.4%
Beds occupied percent. (excluding babies' cribs)	73%
Total number of nurses working in hospital	254
Nurses per patient bed	.37
Total number of employees (excluding nurses)	486
Employees per patient bed (excluding nurses)	.71
Total pay roll for year, all employees (including nurses) \$46	52,653
Total pay roll for year, nurses \$9	3,669
Total pay roll per patient bed	\$661
Maximum number of patients in hospital, 8th November, 1928 (in-	
cluding babies born in the hospital)	660
Minimum number of patients in hospital, 25th December, 1928 (in-	
cluding babies born in the hospital)	453
Maximum number of patients, 8th November, 1928 (excluding babies	571
born in the hospital) Minimum number of patients, 25th December, 1928 (excluding babies	571
born in the hospital	381
Industrial cases treated from 15th September to 31st December, 1928:	001
In-door	98
Out-door	94
Ambulance	

Ambulance:

Number of trips	2,493
Average number of trips per day.	6.80
Maximum number of trips in twenty-four hours	
Total mileage for year	15,300

Operating Cost per diem (excluding Out-door Patients)

Private Patients	\$6.40
Public Patients	4.55

REPORT OF THE AUXILIARY BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Hon. President

Her Excellency The VISCOUNTESS WILLINGDON

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

President	Lady Meredith
Vice-Presidents	∫Lady Holt
	Mrs. Walter M. Stewart
First Directress	Mrs. S. B. White
Second Directress	.Mrs. W. Durie McLennan
Third Directress	Mrs. Lionel Lindsay
Hon. Secretary	
Hon. Treasurer	

Mrs. 1
Mrs. `
Hon.
Mrs. '
Mrs. 1
Mrs. 1
Mrs. 1
Mrs. A
Mrs. I
Mrs. l

Mrs. E. R. W. Hebden Mrs. W. R. G. Holt Hon. Mrs. A. K. Huggssen Mrs. W. K. G. Lyman Mrs. E. A. Mackenzie Mrs. E. A. Millar Mrs. H. C. MacDougall Mrs. A. T. Paterson Mrs. F. Peverley Mrs. D. Wanklyn

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

I have the honor to submit the Report of the Board of Management of the Auxiliary Board of Governors of the Royal Victoria Montreal Maternity Hospital for the year ended December 31st, 1928.

During the year, five new members were elected to the Board of Governors: Mrs. E. R. W. Hebden, Mrs. D. S. McMaster, Mrs. Fred Peverley, Mrs. W. K. G. Lyman and Col. J. H. Hough.

As the work of the Social Service Department has increased greatly, a Secretary was engaged in February. To facilitate visits to out-patients, members of the Committee volunteered to drive Social Service workers in the mornings. On May 1st the Committee undertook to relieve the Hospital of all expenses in connection with the Out-door Clinics and Social Service Department. The cost of this work amounts to approximately Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) a year.

Twenty-two patients were given blood transfusions at the cost of Four Hundred and Forty Dollars (\$440.00).

Three Hundred and Sixty-four Dollars and Fifty Cents (\$364.50) was given to the Social Service Department, for relief in emergency cases.

The House Committee visit the wards and nurses' quarters at the Hospital every week. Many improvements have been made. Books, magazines and medical journals have been supplied for the use of nurses and doctors. The Out-door Committee have attended the Clinics, both in the Hospital and six Out-stations, and have served cocoa and biscuits free of charge. In all, 2,832 cups of cocoa were served.

The Out-door Committee wish to extend their most grateful thanks to Mrs. Herbert Elder, Mrs. P. S. Stevenson and Miss Helen Drummond.

The Clothing Committee cut out and made up 3,000 garments, assisted by the Junior League, I.H.N. Society, Ready Circle Group and Mrs. Woodyat's Serving Group. In addition to this, 120 complete layettes were sent to the Social Service Department to be given to deserving patients.

A Christmas present was given to every patient and baby in the Hospital.

A new Clinic was opened in May at Mount Royal and completely equipped. In September a Clinic was opened at the Montreal General Hospital, to take the place of the Clinic at the University Settlement.

To assist patients to purchase at the lowest figure an adequate supply of clothing for the coming baby, the Committee cut out garments and sold them at cost. In all, 600 garments were sold.

The work accomplished by these three Committees has been most gratifying and much credit is due to the Convenors, Mrs. White, Mrs. Lindsay and Mrs. McLennan. The Charity Ball was held in January and the net sum realized was Six Thousand, Four Hundred and Ninety-one Dollars and Ninety-two Cents (\$6,491,92.).

The Committee wish to extend their most sincere thanks to their Chairman, Mr. J. W. McConnell.

Sixteen Hundred and Eighty-five Dollars (\$1,685.00) was received from Governors' Annual Fees.

It is with deep regret that the Committee report the death of two of their Life Governors—Mr. Charles Meredith and Mr. Henry Birks.

To Mr. Chenoweth, the Superintendent, to Miss Barrett, the Supervisor, to Miss Mathews and Miss Barr, Social Service Workers, and to Miss McNaughton, Settlement Nurse, the Committee owe their most grateful thanks for their help and co-operation in this work.

In conclusion, the Committee wish to thank the following for their generous donations: Sir Vincent Meredith, Needlework Guild of Canada, Sherbrooke Realty Company, Mrs. G. L. Cains, Mrs. P. Mathias, Mrs. Andrew Allan, the Misses Gillespie and Mappin & Webb.

Respectfully submitted,

RUTH R. McMASTER, Hon. Secretary.

REPORT OF THE TRAINING SCHOOL

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSP.TAL.

Gentlemen :---

I have the honour to present the Thirty-fifth Annual Report of the School of Nursing.

The Staff on duty December 31st, 1928, was as follows:-

Graduate Staff in Main Building, Ross	
Pavilion and New Pavilion	66
Student Nurses, 3rd year	67
Student Nurses, 2nd year	74
Student Nurses, 1st year	63
Affiliated Students	38

Five hundred and forty-nine Calendars were sent out.

Eighty-six students admitted, sixty-three remaining.

Affiliations:

One hundred and fifty-five student nurses have had courses during the year in Obstetrics, Pædiatrics and Gynæcology.

Fifty-two students from this School have taken the course in communicable diseases at the Alexandra Hospital, and twenty the course in Orthopedics at the Shriners Hospital.

Twenty-five Post-Graduate courses were given in the New Pavilion.

2,438 Special Nurses were called for the Ross Pavilion, with 25,314 nursing days.

1,403 Nurses were called for the New Pavilion with 10,625 nursing days.

The Graduation Exercises for 1928, were held in the Nurses Home on April 11th. Sir Herbert Holt presided as the President, Sir Vincent Meredith, was in England. The address to the Graduating Class was given by Dr. John Fraser, and the pins and diplomas presented by Mrs. Fraser.

Prize Winners:

The prizes for Highest Standing were given to: 1st Division —Miss Dorothy Mitchell. 2nd Division-Miss Kathleen Covert.

The General Proficiency prizes to:

1st Division ---Miss Anne Currie. 2nd Division-Miss Zella Morgan.

Scholarships:

The Dr. Garrow Scholarship for this year was given to Miss Eileen Flanagan who is taking the Instructors course in the School for Graduate Nurses at McGill University.

The Hospital Scholarship to Miss Kathleen Covert, B.A., for the course in Public Health nursing.

Nurses who have resigned during the year:

Miss Elsie Allder—to take position as School Nurse in Avon, Conn.

Miss Winnifred MacLean-to take position of Superintendent of Nurses, Campbellton, N.B.

Miss Milla McLellan-granted leave of absence.

Miss Jean Louson—Operating Theatre \ to be married. Miss Blanche Bissett—Hydro

Miss Eileen Flanigan—to take the course at McGill University.

Nurses added to Staff during the Year:

Miss Margaret Dixon—Ward "B". Miss Zella Morgan—Ward "G".

Miss Mary McŇichol—Teaching Department. Miss Henrietta Adams—Hydro Department.

Miss Clare Brigham—Operating Room. Miss Jean Trenholme—Ward ''K''.

Illness:

During the latter part of the year there was a great deal of illness due principally to Influenza. Fortunately it was not a serious type but the number of days illness for the year was increased to 2,140, 171 more than last year. This increase we feel is due to the crowded condition of the Nurses Home.

May I again call the attention of the Governors to the need for increased accommodation for nurses. The present Nurses Home is entirely too small for the number of nurses housed there, and although we have two houses outside we feel that they are all very crowded. Class room space and better sleeping quarters are especially needed. A new Nurses Home or an addition to the present one is a pressing need.

The epidemic of Influenza among the students gave the Medical Staff a great deal of extra work, and we again wish to express our appreciation of their unfailing kindness and consideration. This applies also to the Nursing Staff, who were always willing and interested, during this trying period.

To the Governors we would express our thanks for many generous gifts.

We have missed the visits of the President, Sir Vincent Meredith, who has been ill now for some time, and who has always shown the keenest interest in everything connected with the nurses and the welfare of the School.

Respectfully submitted,

MABEL F. HERSEY, Superintendent of Nurses.



GRADUATING CLASS 1928

Adams, Henrietta LAllen, Florence A.Brigham, Clara MBrooks, Reta A.Clark, Marion I.Clift, Muriel A.	. Summerside, P.E.I. . Ottawa, Ont. . Pinder, N.B. . Halifax, N.S. . Westmount, Que.
Colquhoun, Marion H	Waterville, Que.
COVERT, KATHERINE H	
CURRIE, EMMA.	
	. Cobourg, Ont.
	. Ottawa, Ont.
CUNNINGHAM, ELIZABETH	
Cunningham, Elizabeth Dixon, Margaret H	Lachine, Que.
Donnelly, Dorothy	
Dougall, E. Gladys	Westmount, Que.
Ellis, Frances B	Westmount, Que.
Erskine, Jean M.	. Knowlton, Que.
Fellowes, RAE	Westmount, Que.
Forde, Phyllis H	.Ottawa, Ont.
Fraser, Joan	. Pictou, N.S.
Gillespie, Mina G	. Ottawa, Ont.
Grant, Mary M	
Gallagher, Mary M	.Fredericton, N.B.
GREEN, CHARLOTTE A	.St. John's, Nfld.
Hough, Marion A	. Montreal, Que.
Hall, E. Margaret	
Henry, Doris E	
Isaacs, Evelyn N	Jamaica, B.W.I.
Jones, Etta L	. Cambridge, N.B.
Keith, Beatrice M	.Havelock, N.B.
Lapham, Doris M	.Sarnia, Ont.
MACFARLANE, ISABEL	
MacCuish, Adelais	.Sackville, N.B.
MacLellan, Dolina	.Stellarton, N.S.
MacNichol, Mary F	.Campbellton, N.B.
MCKENZIE, ISABELLA A	-
McLeod, Eileen I	
McLean, Florence M	.North Wiltshire, P.E.I.
MITCHELL, E. DOROTHY	
Morgan, Zella	-
MURRAY, JEAN M	
Rogerson, Mary F	.St. John's, Nfld.

.

Ross, B. Burns	Halifax, N.S.
Rogers, Jean A	Woodstock, N.B.
Ross, Ruth	. Charlottetown, P.E.I.
Small, Gladys	Montreal, Que.
Smardon, F. Elizabeth	
Smith, Lucille M	
Simpson, Helen B	
STEVENS, GRACE B.	
STEVENS, HAZEL M	. Amherst, N.S.
Sohlman, Kersti	
Stewart, Margaret E	Ottawa, Ont.
Stewart, Jean E	.Leary, P.E.I.
SUTHERLAND, ANNIE M	.Westville, N.S.
VAN, FLORENCE R	Quebec, P.Q.
Whyte, Elizabeth A	.Glace Bay, N.S.
Williams, Edith A	.St. John's, Nfld.
WRAN, EDITH G	Campbellton, N.B.
Young, Phyllis G	.Fort William, Ont.

.

	D
D	٥

THE ALUMNAE ASSOCIATION OF THE SCHOOL OF NURSING

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL

OFFICERS 1929-1930

Honorary Presidents MISS E. A. DRAPER MISS M. F. HERSEY

President Mrs. Stanley First Vice-President Mrs. LeBeau

Second Vice-President Mrs. Scrimger

Recording Secretary MISS GRACE MARTIN Corresponding Secretary MISS K. JAMER

Treasurer Miss Burdon

Executive Committee

Miss Hersey Miss Reid Miss Forgie MISS GOODHUE MISS B. CAMPBELL MRS. ROBERTS

Canadian Nurse Representative MISS E. FLANAGAN

Representatives to Local Council MISS A. M. HALL MISS G. YEATS

> Sick Visiting Committee Convenor, MISS GALL

Mrs. Walker Miss B. Campbell Miss H. Macdonald

Programme Committee

Mrs. Scrimger Miss B. Campbell

Miss Flanagan

Finance Committee

Convenor, Miss Enricht Miss Goodhue

MISS ETTER MISS WRIGHT

MISS HERSEY

Representatives from Private Duty Section

Miss Jean McKibbon Miss M. MacCallum Miss F. Steel Miss M. Palliser

MISS MCKIBBON

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

of the Alumnae Association

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1928

Receipts

Balance brought forwardAmount received for General FundAmount received for Sick Benefit Endowment FundInterest on Investments and Bank InterestGraduates subscriptions for Alumnæ Dinner	\$1,305 695 2,033 573 675	. 00 . 65 . 68
	\$5,282	. 88
DISBURSEMENTS	,	
Refreshments. Stationery. Alumnæ Reports and Stamps. Printing Special Notices and Stamps. Printing Xmas Cards and Stamps. Clerical Fee. Current Expenses. Subscription to 12 Copies of Canadian Nurse. Affiliation Fee to Canadian Nurse. Advertising in Canadian Nurse. Local Council of Women Fee. Cartage on Chairs, etc. Alumnæ Dinner Class 1928. Payments made to Sick Nurses. The Garrow Scholarship. The Alexina Dussault P ize. Treasury Dept. (License). Payment of Interest to Royal Victoria Hospital on Sick Benefit Fund. Final Payment to R.V.H. on Sick Benefit Fund. Delegate to Convention in Winnipeg. Delegate to Convention in Three Rivers.	303 47 79 30 47 25 254 10	.45 .70 .69 .13 .00 .92 .00 .00 .15 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .0
CHRISTMAS DONATIONS: Social Service Dept Griffintown Club Dickens Fellowship School for Crippled Children Grace Dart Home Balance on Hand	5 5 5	<u> </u>
Investments		_
Canadian Pacific Railway Bonds 5% City of Maisonneuve Bonds 5% Montreal Light Heat & Power Bonds Dominion Textile Company Bond Interest ½ Yearly on \$5,000.00 Gift of Lord Mount Stephen	\$4,200 486 1,500 1,000	. 66 . 00

REPORT OF THE SOCIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Social Service Department for the year ending December 31st, 1928.

The work has increased in accordance with the increase of patients admitted to the Out Patient Department. During the year 2445 patients were referred for some form of Social Work, of these 527 were referred from other Social Agencies.

There have been several changes in the Staff during the year. In January the Pædiatric Staff was increased by one worker. In February Miss Dorothea Heney resigned to take the position of Social Worker with The Girl's Cottage Industrial School. She was replaced by Miss Janet Galbraith, formerly with the Staff of the General Health League. In April Miss Vida Odell was forced to resign through illness and was replaced by Miss Margaret Stewart, a Graduate of the McGill School of Social Work. In July Miss Catherine Nichol also resigned through illness and was replaced by Miss Florence Salomon, a Graduate of the McGill School of Social Work.

During the early part of the year the Financial Investigation Department was transferred from the Staff of the Social Service Department to the Administration Staff. This has relieved the Department of a great deal of responsibility.

In February the Royal Edward Institute took over the follow up of the Tuberculosis patients, which was formerly carried on by the General Health League. We are greatly indebted to this Organization for the splendid way in which it has been done. The same nurse, who had followed the patients with the Health League, being taken on the Staff of the Royal Edward Institute and continuing her work in the Pulmonary Clinic as before. In August a special clinic was started by Dr. H. P. Wright tc immunize children against Diphtheria and Smallpox. Special appointments are made each week and the patients followed up by the Social Worker until the test is completed. Since the inauguration of the Clinic 36 patients have been immunized.

During the year 87 Nurses in Training were given one week's observation, with a view towards giving them a very slight idea of the work of the Department and of the problem the patients have to face prior to entering and after leaving the hospital. During the year 1057 visits to patients' homes were made by these nurses.

Four students from the McGill School of Social Work were also given Field Work; two taking one month's intensive work in May, the others being given sixteen hours each week from October until December.

The Clinic management has been faithfully carried on by seventeen members of the Junior League, assisted by four other volunteers.

There has been a slight decrease in the number of patients referred back to the Out Patient Clinics. This is probably due to the admission of Emergencies only, during the recent Influenza Epidemic.

- 1297 Patients were referred back to Clinics.
 - 942 Returned without notification.
 - 55 Returned after post card or home visit.
 - 327 Failed to return.

The problem of the Chronic or Incurable Patient, who is neither Tuberculous or Cancerous, is becoming more acute. These patients are increasing in number, quite often homeless men and women are practically impossible for the Social Worker to place; few Institutions being available for them. They therefore become permanent charges of the Hospital, taking up a bed which might be used for an acute case.

The need for Social Follow Up is being felt in connection with the Diabetic, Psychiatric and Venereal Clinics. We regret that with the present Staff it is impossible for us to undertake this at the present time.

On December 15th, 1928, the first Christmas Tree was given by the Social Service Department to the children who attended the Pædiatric Clinic regularly during the year. Two hundred children, accompanied by fifty mothers were each given a present, fruit, bag of candy and an ice cream cone. This was made possible by donations of money from interested friends, and toys and candy from the Montrose Club, Junior Red Cross and Boy Scouts. We are also indebted to the Volunteer Workers for their willing assistance.

65 Christmas Dinners and Baskets etc., were provided through the co-operation of the following:---

Kiwanis Club	Canadian Red Cross Society
St. Georges Society	Royal Victoria Hospital Alumnæ
St. Andrews Society	Hospital Group—Catholic Wo-
Private Individuals	men's League

200 children were sent tickets for a Christmas Tree given by the Elks Club.

THE STATISTICAL REPORT IS AS FOLLOWS:

Financial investigations re free medicines and	
free X-Rays	2103
Letters and post cards	2202
Number of patients authorized free medicine.	1894
Free X-Rays authorized	141
Interviews	17264
Home visits	4428
Financial aid	41
Employment secured	10
Admitted to Permanent Homes	38
Admitted to Convalescent Homes	214
Admitted to Tuberculosis Sanatoriums	24
Referred to other Agencies	378
Written reports sent to other Agencies	299
Number of patients supplied with dressings	44
Referred for Dental Care	34
Referred for Nursing Care	31
Number of patients supplied with clothing	39
Free Taxis.	92
Crutches arranged for	80
Bandages supplied (Elastic and Crepe)	2
Abdominal belts arranged for	6

Artificial limbs arranged for	1
Glasses arranged for	34
Colostomy Cups arranged for	5
Ice caps arranged for	2
Celluloid cap arranged for	1
Transfusions arranged for	9
Referred for special treatment to other Cities.	5
Funeral arrangements.	9
Special Foster Homes arranged for	9
Patients taken to station	63
Braces arranged for	3
Deportation arranged for	7
Transportation to France arranged for	1

We again wish to thank Mr. Chenoweth, the Doctors and Members of other Departments for their continued co-operation and help.

In closing we wish to thank the Convalescent Homes, the other Social Agencies and private individuals who have co-operated with us and who have given donations of money, clothing and toys; and to make special mention of the generous help received from the Montrose Club, who have again kept the Department supplied with clothing and knitted articles.

Respectfully submitted,

BESSIE G. STEWART,

Director Social Service Department, Royal Victoria Hospital.

REPORT OF THE SOCIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

ROYAL VICTORIA MONTREAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

In reviewing the work of the past year, the most outstanding feature is the taking over of this department by The Ladies' Auxiliary Board.

The staff has been augmented by Mrs. Hewett, a half time secretary, whose services are greatly appreciated.

A summary of the work is as follows:----

(1) Anti-natal visits to homes 1278

Where preparation for confinement, supplies, and the hygiene of pregnancy, etc. are discussed. The increase in number of visits (196) over last year are due to cars being provided by The Ladies' Committee.

(2) Ward Visits..... 1394

Each patient is interviewed and social and financial problems dealt with, and adjustments being made when necessary, thereby relieving the mother of much anxiety and contributing to her ultimate recovery.

Here we have the problems arising of "the unmarried mother," desertion, non-support, poverty, foster homes, etc., requiring a knowledge of all existing agencies with whom we co-operate.

(4) Demonstrations

An added feature at clinics is an exhibit of model baby garments and equipment necessary for baby care. 120 layettes have been given to needy mothers through The Ladies' Auxiliary Board. 56 REPORT OF THE SOCIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

(5) Six talks have been given to nurses in training, on Maternity Social Service, the nurses in their 1st year being sent to this department for observation, thereby giving them the social aspect of all medical cases.

On discharge from hospital all babies are immediately referred to The Child Welfare Association, who visit within 48 hours and arrange for mother to attend the Health Centre in her district.

Christmas

Dinners and gifts of baby clothes were provided for needy patients through the following:---

Red Cross	4
St. Georges Society.	4
Kiwanis Club	
Private individuals	6

To the doctors, without whose ready co-operation and sympathy we would be unable to work, may we express our grateful thanks.

In conclusion we wish to say that all this work would have been impossible without the generous support and practical assistance of our Ladies' Auxiliary Committee who have worked faithfully all year, we cannot thank them sufficiently.

Respectfully submitted,

GERTRUDE M. MATTHEWS, Social Service Department.

REPORT OF PRE-NATAL SETTLEMENT CLINICS

ROYAL VICTORIA MONTREAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

In presenting the report of the past year it is gratifying to record some progress. One new clinic was opened at 4755 St. Hubert St., a new populated district which we hope will grow into one of the larger clinics. This makes 6 Settlement Clinics, held at the various Health Centres throughout the City—Maisonneuve, Rosemount, Mount Royal, Coursol St., Eleanor St. and Montreal General Hospital. We are thus enabled to render service to those Mothers who find it impossible to attend the hospital clinics. The homes of all those attending clinics are visited by worker and advice given regarding health and if confinement is to take place at home instruction given for the best arrangements to be made and articles required.

We are indebted to the Committee for serving cocoa and displaying the little cut out layettes, which is much appreciated by the mothers and does much to dispel the nervousness of the first visit.

We were able through the Christmas Cheer Fund and kindness of other friends to send Christmas dinners to a number of our families.

Following statistical report:---

Total new patients	509
Total attendance	
Number of clinics held	195

C. F. MacNAUGHTON, Worker.

EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE McGILL ALUMNAE LIBRARY COMMITTEE

ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :----

In presenting the eight annual report of the library of the Royal Victoria Hospital, it is difficult to avoid repetition. The work has been carried on by volunteers under the same committee of the McGill Alumnæ Society—each of the 650 beds being visited twice a week. In the summer months the same undergraduate of McGill University, paid by the Hospital, has had charge. Thus, in 1928, 22,979 books were loaned to patients and some members of the staff—all members of the staff having the privilege of free membership of this library.

It may be fairly stated that the standard of this library was much impressed upon us through visits made to hospital libraries in the United States, and through attendance at conventions of librarians. It is on a par with, if not excelling, anything in the United States, and is conducted entirely by volunteers.

The convenor of the committee, after giving a paper on our hospital libraries at the convention of the American Library Association, in West Baden, Wisconsin, in May, was asked by the president of the Association to become a member of the Committee of Hospital Librarians—all of whom are paid librarians in different hospitals in the United States, with the exception of the convenor.

More money than previously has been spent on books, as the bonus of \$50.00 given by the McGill Alumnæ Society in 1927 was not spent until the opening of this year. It was then, after careful study by members of the committee and by correspondence with the Children's Department of the A. L. A., Chicago, that this \$50.00 was spent on books for boys and girls. We now know that we can offer the sick children in this Hospital only the best literature.

The 1928 McGill Alumnæ bonus of the same amount was spent on non-fiction. The demand for more solid reading matter by the sick is increasing, and waiting lists for many of the popular biographies and books of travel have now to be kept.

Thirty dollars (\$30.00) was donated by patients, and \$13.34 was collected in fines for overdue books from members of the staff. Added to these amounts was the annual grant of \$300.00 from the Hospital. In all, \$389.46 was spent on books for this library in 1928.

There were 618 books added to the shelves—some bought, others donated; 499 worn-out books were discarded; 160 books were lost; making a total of 3338 books in the library. Amongst these additions were books in two more foreign languages—Finnish and Syrian—making a total now of fourteen (14) languages.

We know that at present we have as many books in the library as are necessary, as two books per bed is the number given by authorities and we have five books per bed. Our ideal now is to keep the books of a high standard by adding daily new books of literary value, demanded by patients, and by replacing old worn-out copies of the ever popular books. And not only do we aim to have these books on the shelves, but to make all workers in the library familiar with the new books, so that suitable books are loaned to each patient—thus to aid, not to hinder, his recovery.

For this purpose a club of volunteer workers and the members of the committee has been formed. The club meets once a month to discuss books and to hear various lectures on subjects connected with this work. One of the much enjoyed speakers was Miss Hersey. In return the convenor spoke to the graduate nurses of the R. V. H., thus giving to two groups so closely connected as nurses and hospital librarians the point of view of each other. We hope this will bring about even closer co-operation. In closing, I wish to express the thanks of all members of the committee and volunteer workers in the library to every member of the staff of the Royal Victoria Hospital, as without their splendid assistance our work in the library would not have reached its present standard.

Respectfully submitted,

INEZ M. BAYLIS, Convenor Library Committee, McGill Alumnæ Society.



DONATIONS, 1928

•

CANADIAN JOHNS-MANVILLE COMPANY	\$100.00
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY	750.00
Crown Trust Company	25.00
Denechau Lodge	50.00
Dominion Bridge Company	200.00
Dominion Transport Company	50.00
FAIRBANKS, MISS A. M	100.00
Fromings, H. A	10.00
Gilmour Brothers	20.00
HEBREW SICK BENEFIT Association	100.00
Howard Smith Paper Mills	50.00
King George Sick Benefit Association	25.00
Montreal City and District Savings Bank	75.00
Spackman, L. M	5.00
VIOLET DAY COMMITTEE	500.00
WILLIAM WARREN FUND	100.00



ROYAL VICTORIA MONTREAL MATERNITY PAVILION

DONATIONS TO CHRISTMAS TREE FUND, 1928

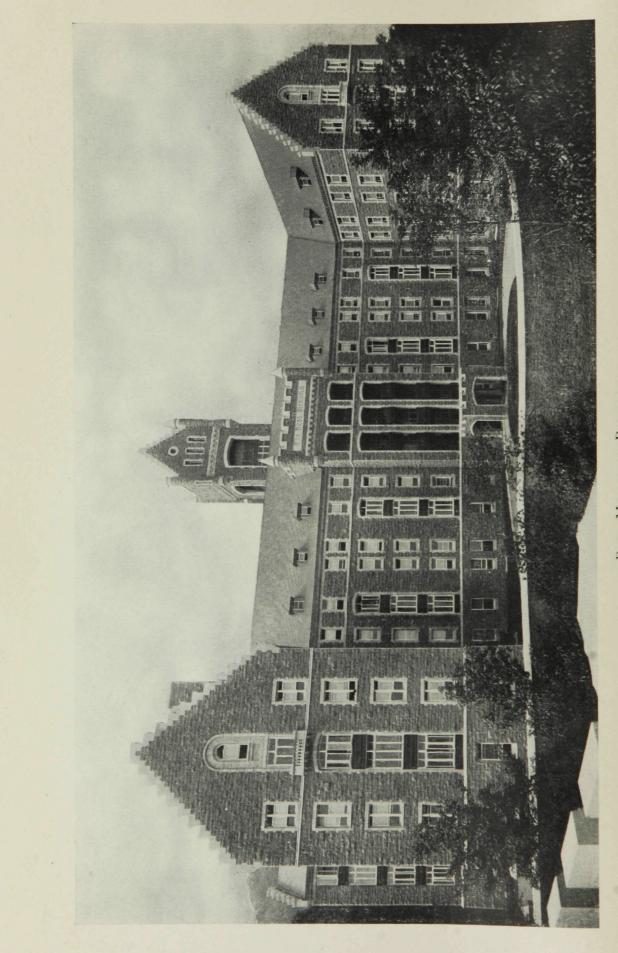
NAME	AMOUNT	NAME	AMOUN!
Adair, Mrs. R Angus, Mrs. W. F Atholstan, Lady Atholstan, Lord	. 15.00 . 10.00	MacDougall, Mrs. G. W MacDougall, Mrs. R. E MacInnes, Mrs. W. R Marler, Mrs. W. M. Marler, Mrs. W. M. Marler, Mrs. W. M.	5.0(5.0(3.0(
Beardmore, Mrs. L Benson, Mrs. G. F Brainerd, Mrs. Winthrop	. 10.00	Molson, Mrs. F. W Molson, Mrs. Herbert Morrice, Mrs. David	10.0(10.0(
Cameron, Mrs. J. C Cook, Mrs. G. W	. 5.00	Ogilvie, Mrs. A. E	
Cowans, Mrs. P. P	. 10.00	PEVERLEY, MRS. FRED	5.0(
DRUMMOND, LADY DRUMMOND, MRS. HUNTLY R GILLESPIE, MISS	. 20.00 . 5.00	Reford, Mrs. R Reford, Mrs. R. W Robin, Mrs. Claude B Roddick, Miss	10.0(5.0(
Gordon, Lady Hays, Mrs. C. M Hays, Miss M. V Hickson, Lady Hodgson, Mrs. Duncan M.	. 25.00 . 5.00 . 25.00 . 20.00	SKINNER, MRS. W. W Stewart, MRS. T. HOWARD. Stewart, MRS. Walter Stoker, MRS. T. T. McG Sutherland, MRS. W. D	10.0(25.0(10.0(
Hodgson, Mrs. Thomas C Holt, Lady Holt, Mrs. C. M	. 25.00	Tetley, Mrs Timmins, Mrs. L. H	
Jones, Mrs. F. P	. 10.00	Vipond, Dr. C. W	. 10.0(
Law, Mrs. A. G		WANKLYN, MRS. F. L	. 5.0(
LINDSAY, MR. AND MRS. ROBI		YATES, MRS. H. B	. 5.0(

FLOWERS

BINNING, MR. J. W. CANADA'S NATIONAL FLOWER SHOW CITY OF WESTMOUNT DUGGAN, MRS. G. H. GRACE CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL HALL & ROBINSON HALSTEAD, MRS. A. LINDSAY, MRS. LIONEL MATHIAS, MRS. P. MEREDITH, LADY Molson, Mrs. H. MACDOUGALL, MR. AND MRS. PURVIS MCKENNA LTD. PATON, MR. HUGH ROYAL ARTHUR LODGE STEWART, MRS. WALTER M. WILSHIRE BROS.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

A FRIEND BIRKETT, DR. H. S. CANTLIE, MRS. J. A. CHIPMAN, MRS. W. W. CRAWFORD, MR. W. DESBARATS, MR. AND MRS. WM. A. DOBELL, MRS. GILLESPIE, MISSES GREEN, MRS. A. H. LINDSAY, MRS. LIONEL MATHIAS, MRS. PERCY MEREDITH, LADY MCNAUGHTON, MRS. DONALD PATERSON, MRS. R. MACD. PECK, MISS VIOLET M. TIDMARSH, DR. C. J.



ROSS MEMORIAL PAVILION

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

The work of the Medical Department during the year 1928 has progressed on the same lines as during the previous year. The hearty co-operation of all the members of the Staff has made for the harmony and efficiency of the departmental work.

IN-PATIENT DEPARTMENT

It is with satisfaction that we can report the almost complete absence of typhoid fever from the Wards during the past year; but, as the Medical Wards are always subject to the vagaries of epidemic diseases it was with a certain amount of apprehension we viewed the onset of an influenza epidemic in November. This was attended by the usual increase of pneumonia for a period of some weeks, which necessitated the restriction of admissions to the Wards to those cases only that were suffering from this disease. Such an epidemic always makes the work of the Wards much more arduous on account of the morbidity which occurs amongst the Resident Medical and Nursing Staffs.

OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT

The Out-Patient Department has shown a steady increase in numbers attending the various Clinics. It is satisfactory to note, however, that those applying for the Pasteur treatment in the prevention of rabies is much less than last year. Although 108 individuals applied for treatment this was found to be unnecessary in the great majority of them.

MEDICAL LABORATORIES

The work in the Medical Laboratories has continued in the same volume as in the previous year. There has been a great E

increase, however, in the preparation of therapeutic and diagnostic material. The arrangement that these preparations should be made under strict chemical control has warranted the increased trouble which it has entailed. The research work accomplished in the Laboratories has been of greatly increased volume. Much of it has required a great deal of time and patience and is yet far from completion. It is the essence of fundamental work that its ramifications are innumerable and it has been found to be so in the work undertaken during the past twelve months.

PUBLICATIONS

Dr. J. C. MEAKINS:

- "The Teaching of Medicine."—Bull. Assoc. of Amer. Medical Colleges, 3; No. 2, p. 108, April, 1928.
- "The Product of the Medical School"—Report of the Second Conference, Medical Services of Canada, pp. 79-84. King's Printer, Ottawa, 1928.
- (with Dr. C. N. H. LONG)
 - "The Effect of Anæsthetics on the Recovery Process in Skeletal Muscle."—Journ. Biol. Chem., 77; p. 563, 1928.
 - "The Significance of Symptoms in Circulatory Disease."— Medical Sentinel, Serial Vol. 36; No. 10, pp. 702-704, October, 1928.
 - "The Relation of Focal Infection to Pancreatic Function, with special reference to Etiology of Diabetes."—Proc. Inter-State Post.-Grad. M. Assembly, N. Amer. (1927), 3; pp. 197-202, 1928.

- "The Diagnosis of Congenital Cardiac Disease."—Monograph in Blumer's Bedside Diagnosis, 2; pp. 353-514, 1928.
- "Vignettes from the History of Nursing."—(Edited by) Canadian Nurse, August, September, October, 1927; March, April, May, June, July, 1928.
- "Death of Lady Osler."—Can. Med. Assoc. Journ., 19; pp. 471-472, 1928.
- "An Early Canadian Biologist—Michel Sarrazin (1659-1735); His Life and Times." An Appreciation of the Prize Essay by Dr. Vallee.—*The Can. Med. Assoc. Journ.*, 19; pp. 600-607, 1928.

66

Dr. M. E. ABBOTT:

- "On the Clinical Classification and Differential Diagnosis of Congenital Cardiac Disease."—Bulletin XII of the International Assoc. of Med. Museums (in press).
- "International Index of Medical Museums (Editorial and Report embodying returns from Algeria, Denmark, Egypt, France, Germany, Great Britain and Ireland, Holland, India and Switzerland)."—Bulletin XII of the International Assoc. of Med. Museums (in press).
- "Editorials and Reports in Bulletin XII of the International Assoc. of Medical Museums, on the consummation of the Sir William Osler Memorial Volume" (in press).
- Editor of Bulletin XII of the International Association of Medical Museums and Journal of Technical Methods (in press).

(with Dr. E. A. BAUMGARTNER)

"Interventricular Septal Defect with Dextro-position of Aorta and Dilatation of the Pulmonary Artery ('Eisenmenger Complex') termination by Cerebral Abscess." Report of a case observed during life presenting impaired conduction and paralysis of recurrent laryngeal nerve from pressure of hypertrophied pulmonary conus.—Amer. Journ. of Med. Sci., October, 1928.

"Bicuspid Aortic Valve of Congenital Origin with Hypoplasia of Aorta and Slight Coarctation, and Associated Defect of the Interventricular Septum (Maladie de Roger). Streptococcal Aortic Endocarditis (old and recent) with Mycotic Aneurysm of Branch of Left Coronary Artery rupturing into wall of Left Auricle and Extensive Recent Infarction of Myocardium of Left Ventricle."—Bulletin XII of the International Assoc. of Med. Museums (in press).

(with Dr. W. F. HAMILTON)

"Coarctation of the Aorta of the Adult Type."

- I. Complete Obliteration of the Descending Arch at Insertion of the Ductus in a Boy of Fourteen; Bicuspid Aortic Valve; Impending Rupture of the Aorta; Cerebral Death.
- II. A Statistical Study and Historical Retrospect of 200 Recorded Cases, with autopsy of Stenosis or Obliteration of the Descending Arch in subjects above the age of two years.—Amer. Heart Journ., 3; pp. 381-421, 574-618, April and June, 1928.

⁽with Dr. W. H. CHASE)

(with Dr. WM. MOFFATT)

"Report of a Case of Mirror-Picture Dextro-cardia complicated by Incomplete Transposition of the Arterial Trunk with Aplasia of Mitral Orifice and Left Ventricle, with remarks on the Absence of Right Predominance in the Electro-cardiogram in such combinations."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ. (in press).

(with Dr. DIGBY WHEELER)

"Double Aortic Arch and Pulmonary Atresia, with Pulmonic Circulation maintained through a persistent Left Aortic Root, in a Man aged 29."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 19; No. 3, pp. 297-303, September, 1928.

"The Heart in Typhoid Fever."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ. (in press).

(with Dr. J. BEATTIE and Dr. C. N. H. LONG)

- I. "The Relation of the Integrity of the Sympathetic Nervous System to the Cardiac Arrhythmias Produced by Chloroform Anæsthesia."
- II. "The Relation of the Sympathetic Nervous System to Carbohydrate Metabolism."
- III. "The Head Ganglia of the Sympathetic Nervous System." —Proc. Soc. of Research in Nervous and Mental Diseases, 1928 (in press).
- Dr. H. B. CUSHING:

"Erysipelas in Children."—*Can. Med. Asscn. Journ.* (in press). Various Editorials and Abstracts.

Dr. W. F. HAMILTON:

(with Dr. M. E. ABBOTT)

"Coarctation of the Aorta of the Adult Type."

- I. Complete Obliteration of the Descending Arch at Insertion of the Ductus in a Boy of Fourteen; Bicuspid Aortic Valve; Impending Rupture of the Aorta; Cerebral Death.
- II. A Statistical Study and Historical Retrospect of 200 Recorded Cases, with autopsy of Stenosis or Obliteration of the Descending Arch in subjects above the age of two years.—Amer. Heart Journ., 3; pp. 381-421, 574-618, April and June, 1928.

Dr. G. R. BROW:

- Dr. R. H. M. HARDISTY:
 - "On the Treatment of Gastric Ulcer."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; No. 2, pp. 140-147, February, 1928.

Dr. A. T. HENDERSON:

- "Studies in Asthma and Related Diseases."—The Harben Lectures, 1928. The Journ. of State Medicine, 36; December, 1928, and 37; January and March, 1929.
- Dr. D. S. LEWIS:
- (with Dr. W. de M. SCRIVER)
 - "The Response of Chronic Nephrosis to Parathyroid and Thyroid Medication."—Annals of Int. Med., 2; No. 1, 66-82, July, 1928.
- Dr. C. N. H. LONG:
- (with Dr. J. C. MEAKINS)
 - "The Effect of Anæsthetics on the Recovery Process in Skeletal Muscle."—Journ. Biol. Chem., 77; 563, 1928.
 - "The Oxygen Intake during Exercise of Animals under Anæsthesia."—Journ. Biol. Chem. (in press).

(with Dr. J. BEATTIE and Dr. G. R. BROW)

- I. "The Relation of the Integrity of the Sympathetic Nervous System to the Cardiac Arrhythmias Produced by Chloroform Anæsthesia."
- II. "The Relation of the Sympathetic Nervous System to Carbohydrate Metabolism."
- III. "The Head Ganglia of the Sympathetic Nervous System." —Proc. Soc. of Research in Nervous and Mental Diseases, 1928 (in press).
- Dr. W. R. MARSHALL:

- Dr. C. F. MARTIN:
 - "Report on the Faculty of Medicine."—McGill News, December, 1928.
- Dr. EDWARD H. MASON:
 - "The Use and Interpretation of Blood Chemistry by the General Practitioner."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 19; No. 1, 34-40, July, 1928.
 - "A Case of Pernicious Anæmia treated with a High Liver Diet for approximately Four Years."—J.A.M.A., 90; pp. 1527-1529, May 12, 1928.

[&]quot;Alpha Lobelin as a Respiratory Stimulant."—Amer. Med. Asscn. Journ., 42; pp. 180-188, August, 1928.

- "Diabetes, Arteriosclerosis, and Gangrene."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; No. 1, pp. 76-77, January, 1928.
- "A Case of Diabetes Mellitus that became one of Atypical Renal Glycosuria."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; pp. 557-560, 1928.
- "The Occurrence of a Raised Basal Metabolism Rate in New Growth without Hyperthyroidism."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; pp. 681-682, 1928.
- (with Dr. W. W. BEATTIE)
 - "Septicæmia due to a Strain of the Bacillus Mucosus-Capsulatus Group in a Case of Diabetes Mellitus."—Arch. Int. Med. 42; No. 3, pp. 331-337, September, 1928.

Dr. J. NORMAN PETERSEN:

- "Injection of Air by the Lumbar Route in Diagnosis and Treatment."—*Can. Med. Asscn. Journ.*, 19; p. 184, 1928.
- Miss F. E. ROGERS:
 - "The Determination of the Water Balance."—The Modern Hospital, 30; No. 6, June, 1928.
- Dr. S. GRAHAM ROSS:

(with Dr. JESSIE BOYD-SCRIVER)

"Certain Effects of the Ingestion of Ammonium Chloride on the Calcium Metabolism of Rats."—*Trans. Amer. Pediatric Soc.*, 40.

(with Dr. JESSIE BOYD-SCRIVER)

"The Use of Banana as a Food for Healthy Infants and Young Children."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ. (in press).

Dr. JESSIE BOYD-SCRIVER:

(with Dr. S. GRAHAM ROSS)

"Certain Effects of the Ingestion of Ammonium Chloride on the Calcium Metabolism of Rats."—*Trans. Amer. Pediatric Soc.*, 40.

(with Dr. S. GRAHAM ROSS)

"The Use of Banana as a Food for Healthy Infants and Young Children."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ. (in press). Dr. W. de M. SCRIVER:

- "A Case of Severe Chronic Nephritis showing Remission of Albuminuric Retinitis."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; No. 4, 418-420, August, 1928.
- "A Case of Anuria due to Diffuse Infarction of the Renal Cortex."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 19; No. 6, 701-703, December, 1928.
- "Observations on the Excretion of Calcium in Two Cases of Nephrosis treated with Parathyroid Extract."—The Journ. Clin. Invest. 6; No. 1, 115-125, August 20, 1928.
- (with Dr. D. S. LEWIS)
 - "The Response of Chronic Nephrosis to Parathyroid and Thyroid Medication."—Annals of Int. Med., 2; No. 1, 66-82, July, 1928.
- Dr. R. CAMERON STEWART:
 - "A Case of Rat-Bite Fever."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 19; 575-577, 1928.
- Dr. C. J. TIDMARSH:
 - "Periodical Health Examinations."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; No. 6, 697-700, June, 1928.
- Dr. H. P. WRIGHT:
 - "An Unusual Case of Tuberculous Meningitis."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; No. 3, pp. 305-306, March, 1928.
 - "The Rational Approach to Disturbances of Nutrition in Infancy."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ. (in press).

Dr. A. W. YOUNG:

"Epidemic Encephalitis."—Can. Med. Asscn. Journ., 18; No. 1, 94, January, 1928.

STAFF

Interne Staff

The Interne Staff took over their duties on July 1st, 1928. The Resident Physician of the previous year, Doctor R. A. Flack, left to enter into private practice. His place was taken by Doctor R. V. Christie, of the University of Edinburgh.

Attending Staff

On the Attending Staff Doctor David Slight was appointed to the position of Associate in Clinical Psychiatry, and Doctor A. K. Geddes to that of Clinical Assistant in the Sub-Department of Pædiatrics.

Research Staff

During the year the Department has been fortunate in having the co-operation of Professor Beattie in researches conducted in conjunction with Doctor Brow and Doctor Long on the sympathetic nervous system and its control of metabolism. This research has had far-reaching results and parts of it have been reported before scientific bodies both in America and abroad.

There have been working in the Department this year two Research Scholars, namely, Doctor Margaret E. Cameron, on the causes of circulatory failure, and Doctor R. Gottlieb, on the causes and course of icterus neonatorum. The other Members of the Staff of the University Clinic have continued their researches along various lines of endeavour with fruitful results.

In conclusion, the Department wishes to express its appreciation of the co-operation of the Administrative and Nursing Staffs for their help in many directions.

> J. C. MEAKINS, Physician-in-Chief.

TABLE 1

	19	27	19	28
Patients remaining, Dec. 31st admitted during the year discharged during the year remaining, Dec. 31st		2597 108	108 2884 	2853 139
Totals Deaths during 1927/1928	2705 Total 185	2705 % 7.1	2992 Total 245	2992 % 8.4
Consultations 1927/1928	551	••••		553

IN-DOOR DEPARTMENT

TABLE2.

MEDICAL OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT

		1927			1928	
	Old Cases	New Cases	Ratio	Old Cases	New Cases	.Ratio
 A. 1. Medical Clinic	4972 1141 1170 2307 1132 3312 2787 1383 1257 387 674 572	1804 202 336 281 86 853 263 480 49 113 206 140	$\begin{array}{r} 2.75\\ 5.64\\ 3.47\\ 8.21\\ 13.16\\ 3.88\\ 10.55\\ 2.88\\ 25.65\\ 3.42\\ 3.27\\ 4.08\end{array}$	5878 1225 1346 1986 1551 3701 3223 1726 1230 603 138 427	2118 209 275 237 91 886 299 542 77 122 108 113	$\begin{array}{r} 2.77\\ 5.86\\ 4.89\\ 8.37\\ 17.04\\ 4.17\\ 10.77\\ 3.18\\ 15.97\\ 4.94\\ 1.27\\ 3.77\end{array}$
	21094	4813		23034	5077	

Average....

4.38

TABLE 3.

MEDICAL LABORATORIES

•	Cases	
	1927	1928
Chemical Determinations Basal Metabolism Determinations Electrocardiograms.	18,404 1,880 834	17,835 1,296 977
	21,118	20,108

TABLE 4.

PHYSIO-THERAPY DEPARTMENT

	Private	Public
Physio-therapy Massage	6,044 772	7,355 2,124
	16,2	295

o

•

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

RECORD OF DISEASES

For year Ended 31st December 1928

SPECIFIC AND GENERAL **INFECTIOUS DISEASES:**

METABOLISM:

	Total D	ied	
Abscess	6	.cu	
" psoas	-		
Aspergillosis	ī		
Carbuncle.		1	
Cellulitis.		-	
Condyloma, syphilitica	Ī		
Coryza Diphtheria	3		
Erysipelas	4		
Furunculosis	11		
Infection	3		
Influenza			
Measles			
Mumps			
Paratyphoid	5		
Parotitis			
Pertussis	1		DI
Rheumatic fever	38	2	
Scarlatina			
Scarlet fever.	3		
Syphilis	26		
Tinea-epidermophytosis.	1		
Tuberculosis, diffuse,			
miliary	5	3 2	
Tyhpoid fever	13	2	
Varicella	1		
Variola	1		
Ulcer, syphilitic	1		
ANIMAL PARASITES:			
Dibothriocephalus latus.	1		
Filariasis	1		
Malaria	2		
" aestivo-autumnal	2 2 2		
" tertian	2		PL

Oxyuris vermicularis.... Tænia, medio-canellata.

tertian

saginata

1 1

6

Acidosis	6	
Diabetes mellitus	225	10
" " with		
acidosis	15	1
" " with		
coma	6	2
Gangrene diabetic	12	
Glycosuria	2	
" renal	3	
Gout	2 3 4 2 2	
Hyperglycæmia	2	
Hypoglycæmia	2	
Neuritis, diabetic	1	
Obesity	17	
Scurvy	1	
Tetany	7	
Tetany Vomiting, cyclic	2	
DISEASES OF INFANCY:		
Acrodynia	1	-
Athrepsia	12	7
Birth injury	1	
" paralysis	1	
Convulsions	6	
Cranio-tabes	1	
Diarrhœa	2 1	
Hypertonic infant	2	
Icterus neonatorum	2	
Indigestion, gastro-		
intestinal	43	16
primary	43 7	10
Secondary	21	2
Malnutrition	²¹ 4	2 1
Prematurity.	19	T
Regulation of feeding	17	
Rickets	17	
PHYSICAL AGENTS:		
Insolation	1	1
Suffocation by smoke	î	ī
Sunocación by Sinoner.	-	_

Total Died

POISONINGS, INTOXICATIONS:

INTOXICATIONS:

		Total Died	l
Addiction	to drugs,		
unspecif	ied	2	
Alcoholism	, acute	31	
"	chronic	34	
Dypsoman	ia		
	arsenic		
"	bichloride		
"	carbon Mono		
	xide	2	
•6	creolin	1	
"		1	
	glyco-thymo-		
"	line	1	
"	heroin	4	
	iodine	2	
"	lead	1	
"	morphine	1	
"	paraldehyde.	1	
"	tobacco	1	
"	unknown	-	
	origin	1 1	
"	veronal		
	veronai	T	

TUMORS (See also special

organs):

0 /		
Carcinomatosis	2	
Lipoma	2	
Lymphoma malignant	4	1
Lympho-sarcomatosis	6	3
Rodent ulcer	1	

CONGENITAL

MALFORMATIONS:

Congenital malformation		
sternum	1	
Congenital malformation		
hand	1	1
Spina bifida	1	1
Syphilis	8	-

GENERAL INJURIES:

Cat bite	1
Contusion	
	1
Foreign body	1
Fracture	-
Fracture	- 3
Head injury—concussion	1
Strain	-
	6
Wound, contused	1
-,	1

SPECIAL DISEASES

OF SKIN:

Total Died

•	TOLAL	Die
Acne	2	
Dermatitis	28	
Eczema	15	
Erythema	16	
Gangrene	2	
Impetigo	3	
Intertrigo	2	
Nævus	2 3 2 2 6	
Psoriasis		
Tuberculosis	1	
Urticaria	2	
DISEASES OF THE		
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM	A :	
Arteries:		
Aneurysm	7	2
Aortitis	4	1
Arterio-sclerosis	52	1
" with hyper-	02	-
tension	25	
Gangrene, senile	ĩ	
Thrombosis	8	2
	U	2
HEART:		
Angina pectoris	10	
Anomaly heart, congenita	1 10	1
Arythmia	2	-
Auricular fibrillation	47	
Decompensation	46	1
Defective conduction	4	
Endocarditis, subacute.		
bacterial	7	2
Extra systoles	8	
Heart block	1	
Heart disease, arterio-		
sclerotic	1	
Heart disease, hyper-		
tensive with nephritis.	3	2
Heart disease, rheumatic	34	4
Hypertension	87	
Trypertrophy cardiac	19	1
Hypotension	- 2	
Myocarditis	163	18
Neurosis	2	
Pericarditis	17	1
" tuberculous .	1	
Syphilis, cardio-vascular	2	
Tachycardia	2 2 5	
" paroxysmal.	5	
Valvular disease	53	4
" " combined	51	3

VEINS:

110.	Total Died
Phlebitis	3
Thrombo-phlebitis	8
Thrombosis	
Varix, leg	8
" oesophagus	2

LYMPHATIC SYSTEM:

Adenitis.	axillary	- 3
"	cervical	14
"	general	1
"	inguinal	1
Carcinom	a glands	2
		1
Lymphon	na, malignant	1
	osis	8

BLOOD:

Anæmia, pernicious	31	1
" secondary	64	
Banti's disease	6	
Chlorosis	1	
Hæmophilia	1	
Leukæmia, atypical	1	
" lymphatic	5	3
" myelogenous.	7	Ŭ
Other diseases of blood.	1	1
Polycythæmia	6	-
	1	1
Polyserositis.	1	1
Ptosis spleen	I	
Purpura	2	
" hæmorrhagica	1	
Pyæmia	1	1
Septicæmia	6	2
Splenomegaly	4	

DUCTLESS GLANDS:

Parathyroid	
Tetany	1
Pituitary	
Dyspituitarism	1
Dystrophia adiposa	
_ genitalis	1
Tumor	2
Suprarenal	
Addison's disease	1
Thymus	
Hypertrophy	1
Tumor	1

Thyroid:

Goitre, adolescent " non-toxic " toxic " toxic, exophthal-	2 21 11	
mic Hyperthyroidism	20 8	1
Hypothyroidism Myxœdema	22 14	
Thyroid substernal Thyrotoxicosis	1 2	

NERVOUS SYSTEM:

Brain:

Abscess Arterio-sclerosis cerebral. Ataxia, cerebellar	2 5 1	
Chorea	18	1
Embolism	1	
Encephalitis	5	
Epilepsy	33	
Hæmorrhage, cerebral.	19	12
" intracranial	1	1
" subdural.	2	2
Hemiplegia	$1\bar{7}$	1
Hydrocephalus	1	
Oedema.	1	
Paralysis bulbar	1	
Paraplegia	1	
Polioencephalitis	1	
Poliomyelitis	ĝ	1
Thrombosis	6	1
		1
Tumors	9	T

CEREBRO-SPINAL:

Sclerosis, disseminated	1
" multiple	2
Syphilis, cerebro-spinal.	37
" nervous system	7
Tabo-paresis	1

MENINGES:

1

e	-	
15	1	
cerebro-		
spinal	6	
not specified	2	
	3	
	12	(
ngitis	2	
	<pre>is cerebro- spinal not specified pneumococcus tuberculous</pre>	151cerebro- spinal6notspecifiedpneumococcus3tuberculous12

.

1

MENTAL AFFECTIONS:

	Total Died
Dementia, præcox senile	. 5
Feeble mindedness	
Hypochondriasis	. 1
Hysteria	. 9
Korsakow's syndrome	. 1
Malingering	. 1
Melancholia	. 4
Paranoia	. 2
Paresis, general	. <u>3</u> . 9
Psychasthenia	
Psychoneurosis	8
Psychopathic personality	y 2
Psychosis	40
Schizophrenia	4 1

MISCELLANEOUS:

Aphasia	2 3
Cephalalgia	5
Convulsions, cause un-	•
known	2
Insomnia	4
Migraine.	2
Neurasthenia	37
Neurosis	26
Paralysis agitans	2
Tic convulsif	1

PERIPHERAL NERVES:

Neuralgia, intercostal	1
" trigeminal	3
Neuritis	15
Paralysis	7
Radiculitis	1
Sciatica	8
Singultus	1
Tic douloureux	1

SPINAL CORD:

Atrophy, progressive		
muscular	3	1
Degeneration	ĭ	-
Herpes zoster	$\overline{2}$	
Meningocele	ĩ	
Myelitis	$\hat{2}$	1
Sclerosis, combined,	-	•
subacute	2	
" lateral	3	
Tabes dorsalis	8	1
Tumor	4	-
·	1	

SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS

SYSTEM:

	Total Died
Oedema, angio-neurotic.	. 4
Other diseases	
Scleroderma	1

.

MYOPATHIES:

Myalgia					•		•			•	•	6
Myasthenia.												1
Myositis	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2

BONES AND JOINTS, etc.:

Arthritis.	a r m	3
"	foot	4
"	gonorrhœal	5
"		2
	hands	3
"	hip	3 3 8
"	knees	
"	leg	2
"	multiple	27
"	neck	1
"	rheumatoid	22
"		
	sacro-iliac	1
"	shoulder	4
"	spine	4
Bursitis.	• • • • • • • • • • • •	1
	non-union,	
		1
	eformans	$\overline{2}$
		5
	litis	
Periostitis	8	2
		1
50010515.		-

EYE AND EAR:

Abscess lid Astigmatism Atrophy, optic Blepharitis Cataract Chorio-retinitis	1 2 5 1 9 1
Conjunctivitis	1
Dystrophy cornea	1
Foreign body	1
Glaucoma	2
Hæmorrhage retina	2
Hypermetropia	4
Irido-cyclitis	4
Keratitis	4
Kerato-irido-cyclitis	1
Ptosis	1
Strabismus	2
Wound retina.	ī

EAR: To	tal	Died
Deafness, nerve	1	
Hæmorrhage, labyrinth	2	4
Otitis, media, acute	49	4
""" with mastoid	2	
" " chronic	10^{2}	
" " with	10	
mastoid	3	
" " subacute .	1	
Oto-sclerosis.	5 3	
Sinus thrombosis.	3	
Tumor acoustic nerve	1	
NOSE:		
Empyema antrum	1	
Epistaxis	3	
Ethmoiditis	2	
Fracture	1	
Hypertrophy turbinates.	1	
Perforation septum,		
acquired Rhinitis	1	
	9 15	
Sinusitis	15	
MOUTH, LIPS, CHEEKS,		
PHARYNX, etc.:		
	1	
Abscess, palate	3	
" retro-pharyngeal	ž	
" submaxillary	3 3 2 2 1	
Carcinoma, pharynx	2	
" tonsils	1	
Hypertrophy tonsils and		
adenoids	6	
	1 13	
Pharyngitis Rhino-pharyngitis	13	
Stomatitis.	4	
Tonsillitis, acute	64	
Vincent's angina	3	
_		
JAW, TEETH, GUMS:		
Abscess alveolar	10	
Deformity jaw	1 4	
Dental caries Gingivitis	1	
Impacted teeth	1	
Periostitis	1	
Pyorrhœa	4	
TONGUE:		
	1	
Abscess	1 1	

ŒSOPHAGUS:

	Total	Died
Carcinoma	. 9	1
Cardiospasm	. 3	
Obstruction	. 1	

STOMACH:

Achlorhydria Achylia gastrica Adhesions Atony Carcinoma Gastrectasis Gastrectasis Gastritis Gastroptosis Hæmorrhage Hyperchlorhydria Hypermotility Hypochlorhydria Indigestion, gastric " gastro-	5 4 1 20 1 13 9 7 14 1 2 2	1
intestinal.	1	
Neurosis	22	
Obstruction, pyloric	4	
Stenosis, pyloric	1	
" congenital	2	
Ulcer	17	1
" perforating	1	

INTESTINES:

Abscess, appendicular	1	
Adhesions	4	
Appendicitis, acute	9	
" chronic	18	
Atony, gastro-intestinal.	1	
Auto-intoxication	7	
Carcinoma	7	1
Colitis	9	1
" mucous	5	
Coloptosis.	1	
Colostomy	1	
Constipation	35	
Diarrhœa	4	
Diverticulitis	4	
Diverticulum	2	_
Dysentery	8	2
Enteritis	2	
Enteroptosis	11	
Fæcal fistula.	1	
Gastro-enteritis	2	
Hæmorrhage	1	
Intussusception	2	
A		

INTESTINES—Continued

	Total Died
Megalo-colon	. 1
Obstruction	. 3
Redundancy sigmoid	. 1
Stasis	. 21
Tuberculosis	. 4
Tumor, unqualified	. 1
Ulcer, duodenal	. 45
" perforating,	
duodenal	
Visceroptosis	. 5

LIVER AND GALL DUCT:

Liver:

Abscess	1	1
Carcinoma	7	2
Cirrhosis	11	1
Hepatitis.	9	
" syphilitic	2	1
Jaundice, catarrhal	13	
" hæmolytic	1	
" infectious	2	
" obstructive	3	
" toxic	1	

GALL DUCTS:

Carcinoma	1
Cholecystitis	48
" with calculus	29
Cholelithiasis	15

PANCREAS:

Carcinoma	1	1
Pancreatitis	2	
" hæmorrhagic	1	

ABDOMEN AND

PERITONEUM:

•

Abscess, abdominal 1 "subdiaphragmatic 1 Adhesions, abdominal 10 "peritoneal	
reritonitis	

RECTUM AND ANUS: Rectum:

Rectum.	
	Total Died
Abscess, ischio-rectal	3
Carcinoma	2
Hæmorrhoids	
Papilloma	1
Polyp	1
Proctitis	2
Prolapse	2
Anus:	
Fissure	3
Imperforate anus	5

LARYNX:

Laryngitis	10	
Oedema	1	1
Tuberculosis	4	

TRACHEA AND BRONCHI:

Abscess, bronchiectatic	1	
Asthma	13	1
" bronchial	30	
Bronchiectasis	10	
Bronchitis	73	
Tracheitis	4	

LUNGS:

Abscess 4	
Carcinoma 5	1
Congestion 1	
Emphysema	
Fibrosis	
Oedema 5	1
Pneumonia, broncho 62	$2\overline{0}$
" " tuber-	
culous, 1	1
" lobar 129	17
Pneumonitis 1	1
Sarcoma 2	1
Tuberculosis 110	2
" incipient 1	
" miliary 1	

PLEURA AND

1

MEDIASTINUM:

Carcinoma pleura	3	
Empyema.	24	1
Fistula, broncho-pleural.	1	

PLEURA AND

MEDIASTINUM: Continued

	Т	otal E	Died
Hydrothor	ax	1	
Mediastini	tis	1	
	acute, fibrinous	17	1
"	chronic, fibri-		
	nous	3	
	sero-fibrinous.	40	1
" 1	tuberculous	2	
Pneumoth	orax	7	
Pyopneum	othorax	1	
Tumour m	ediastinum	1	1

KIDNEY AND URETER:

Kidney:

Abscess, perinephritic	1	
Albuminuria.	2	
Carcinoma	1	
Colic, renal	3	
Hæmaturia	2	
Hydronephrosis	3 2 2	
Insufficiency, renal.	1	
Nephritis, acute	9	2
" glome-		4
rular	1	
" chronic .	64	10
" " inter-	04	10
stitial	18	6
11 11	10	0
paren-	1	
chymatous	1	
Nephrolithiasis	4	
Nephroptosis	4	
Nephrosis	3	
Pyelitis	13	1
Pyelonephritis	1	
Pyonephrosis	1	
Tuberculosis	2	
Uræmia		

Ureter:

Calculus.													2	2
	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	-	

BLADDER:

Carcinoma	1
Cystitis.	3
Diverticulum	1
Enuresis	3
Pyuria	1
······································	-

URETHRA:

	Total Died	
Stricture	2	
Urethritis, gonorrhœal	4 1	

•

MALE GENERATIVE ORGANS:

Carcinoma prostate	1	1
Epididymitis, gonorrhœal	1	-
Hydrocele.	3	
Hypertrophy prostate	1	
Prostatism	2	
Prostatitis	4	
" gonorrhœal	2	
Tuberculosis	1	

FEMALE GENERATIVE

ORGANS:

on on on	
Abscess, pelvic	3
Carcinoma pelvic	2
Cellulitis	1
Cyst	1
Cystocele	2
Dysmenorrhœa	2 2 2 1
Fibroid uterus	2
Fibroma uterus	1
Fibromyoma uterus	4
Fibrosis uterus	4
Hypertrophy uterus	2
Inflammation pelvic,	
chronic	6
Menopause	10
Menorrhagia	5
Metrorrhagia	1
Polyp, cervix	4
Prolapse uterus	1
Pruritus vulvæ	1
Pyosalpinx	
Rectocele	2
Retroversion uterus.	1
Sacropubic hernia	2 2 1 2 1
Salpingitis	1
Salpingitis Salpingo-oophoritis	3
Vaginitis	1
" gonorrhœal	2
Vulvo-vaginitis	1
" gonorrhœal	ī
50	-

PUERPURAL STATE:

Abortion, incomplete	2
" missed	1
Hyperemesis gravidarum	1
Pregnancy	15
Pyelitis of pregnancy	1

DISEASES OF			Total Died
THE BREAST: Abscess Carcinoma Mastitis	Total I 1 8 3	Died 1	No disease63Not yet diagnosed56Serum sickness1Shock1Suicide attempted (poison ?)1Syncope1
ANAPHYLAXIS:			5
Idiosyncrasy to foreign protein	1		Total admissions
Aerophagia	$30 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4$		32 No. in Hospital end of year 140 No. in Hospital first of year 108 32 Total Deaths 245
years of age	11		10tal Deatlis 245

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :—

During the past year the work of the Surgical Department has proceeded satisfactorily. The monthly reports submitted to the Medical Board have shown a definite improvement. The fortnightly evening conferences, at which all noteworthy cases are freely discussed, are found to be of great advantage in welding the Department into a more efficient whole; and a full attendance is the rule. In addition to these, we have established, towards the end of the year, a Saturday Ward Round, which brings together the entire staff for the purpose of discussing at the bedside a series of the more interesting and more obscure cases, in regard to diagnosis and treatment. Upon occasion one or more members of the Medical Department, or one of the academic Professors from McGill, are invited to come and discuss certain cases and contribute their particular knowledge towards the elucidation of problems.

During the year Ward "O" was converted into nine semiprivate rooms, primarily designed for the care of tuberculous and pulmonary patients, but for the time being used for cases of general surgery.

Dr. Armour's work as Registrar of the Surgical Department has been most satisfactory. During December, in consequence of his departure on leave of absence, the position of Surgical Registrar was allotted to Dr. Gavin Miller.

The work of the follow-up system, which means practically a bookkeeping of the results of operations and other forms of treatment, has proceeded along lines already instituted, but it is felt that this part of the work needs developing, as well as some changes of methods. During the year 1945 public patients and 712 private cases received follow-up letters. Of those sent to the public patients only 1082—that is 55%, were answered, which represents a somewhat disappointing proportion. This problem is being taken up. In the Surgical Outdoor the Department is able to report an increase over the figures of 1927 of 1602 consultations in the year. The number of patients treated amounts to a daily average of 38, which is an increase of seven a day over the previous year. During the past few months the establishment of a separate clinic for industrial accidents, under the Workmen's Compensation Act, has resulted in a certain lessening of numbers in the general surgical outdoor. In other respects what was said in the report of this Department for 1927 still applies.

The most important event of the year, as regards organization of the Department, was the creation of a sub-department of Neurological Surgery, and the appointment in February 1928, of Dr. Wilder Penfield as Surgeon, in charge of this branch. Dr. Penfield's reputation stands exceedingly high, not only in this continent, but also in Britain and in Europe. After six months of special work from March to September, spent chiefly in Germany, Dr. Penfield assumed his duties in this Hospital in late September. We were fortunate enough to induce Dr. W. V. Cone, Dr. Penfield's first assistant in New York, to accompnay Dr. Penfield to Montreal. He was appointed Associate in the Department of Neurological Surgery. The very great assistance of Professor Meakins and the University Medical Clinic in securing the appointment of Dr. Penfield and Dr. Cone is here gratefully acknowledged. Professor Meakins gave up part of his laboratory space in order to provide the necessary room for the neuropathological laboratories, and the Board of Governors contributed generously in the way of remodelling the space so as to provide the necessary rooms, and also in undertaking the expense of the equipment, both of the operating room and of the laboratory under Dr. Penfield's charge. It is already evident how great an impetus this branch of the work of the Surgical Department has received, and it is a matter of profound satisfaction to know that the Hospital is rendering to the public the highest type of service in this particularly difficult branch of surgical work.

Dr. Archibald Wilkie, after an absence of some fourteen months in Edinburgh, under the Travers Allan Travelling Scholarship, returned at the end of June and took up duty as Resident Surgeon. His research work upon gall bladder infections, carried out in Professor Wilkie's laboratories in Edinburgh, has roused very wide-spread interest. The Travers Allan Travelling Scholarship was awarded this year to Dr. John Armour. Being granted a year's leave of absence, he left towards the end of December, and intends following post-graduate studies in Edinburgh, London and the Continent. I append reports of the sub-departments of Orthopædics, Neurological Surgery, and Anæsthesia, as submitted by the respective heads of these departments.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF ORTHOPAEDIC SURGERY

The work has progressed during the year. Particular study has been made of the juvenile cases showing slipped epiphysis at the hip-joint, and of the operation of extra-articular fusion in cases of hip-joint tuberculosis.

W. G. TURNER.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF NEUROLOGICAL SURGERY

The list of patients who have been treated in the Neurological Service during the period from the opening of the Clinic, 9th September 1928, to 31st December 1928, numbered forty-one cases. Of these twenty-five patients were operated upon one or more times. In the case of sixteen no operation was performed. The great majority of these latter cases were traumatic head injuries.

During these first months special instruments have been gradually added to the operating room equipment for neurological surgical cases, and the rooms allotted to the development of the neuropathological laboratory in the Ward K. Medical Laboratory corridor have been gradually prepared and equipped. In three laboratory rooms which have been set aside for this purpose by Dr. Meakins, partitions were added to convert these into six rooms and equipment and personnel have been added as quickly as possible.

Through the kindness of the Pathological Department material which has been removed at operation, and also at autopsy, of special neurological interest has been studied in the Neuropathological Laboratory. Two voluntary workers have joined the staff to work in the laboratory upon neuroanatomical and neuropathological subjects; namely, Dr. D. Russell, from Professor Turnbull's staff at the London Hospital (Rockefeller Fellow). Dr. O. Jones, from the Neurosurgical staff of The University of California.

An Outpatients' Clinic in neurological surgery has been opened in conjunction with the neurological clinic. A weekly neurological conference has been inaugurated by the combined neurological and neurosurgical staffs of the Royal Victoria and Montreal General Hospitals. Finally it is obvious that the amount of material is ample to meet all of the requirements of an active neurological surgical department.

WILDER PENFIELD.

SUB-DEPARTMENT OF ANAESTHESIA

Anæsthetics were administered for six thousand three hundred and fifty-two operations during the year 1918. A detailed account is shown in the accompanying table.

Anaesthetic	Main Operating Room	Ross Pavilion	New Pavilion	Out-D Surgery Lary)oor Oto- yngology
Ether	407	48	48	66	
Ethyl chloride and ether					
sequence	547	26	7		
Gas and ether sequence	480	1092	691		
Gas and oxygen	725	297	217	109	
Gas and chloroform	1				
Chloroform and ether	2				
Ethyl chloride				4	
Spinal injection	10	10	1		
Sacral injection	1	1	1		
Local injection	224	220	2		
Total	2397	1694	967	179	1115
1 ota1	2397	1094	907	179	1113

W. B. HOWELL.

In addition to papers appearing in print addresses were given by members of the staff, upon invitation, before various medical associations in the cities of San Francisco, Pasadena, Buffalo, Boston, Paris, Toronto, Vancouver and other towns of British Columbia.

EDWARD ARCHIBALD

Chief Surgeon

PUBLICATIONS BY MEMBERS OF THE SURGICAL STAFF

Dr. EDWARD ARCHIBALD.

"The Types of Pulmonary Tuberculosis Susceptible of Surgical Intervention and the Results Obtainable."

Arch. Médico-chir. de l'Appar. Resp., Paris. 1928 (on the press).

"The Selection of Cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis for Surgical Intervention."

New Eng. Jour. of Med., Nov. 22, 1928, Vol. 199, No. 21.

"Effect of Sympathectomy upon the Pain of Organic Disease of Arteries of the Lower Limbs and for Obscure Abdominal Pain."

Ann. of Surg., Sept. 1928.

"The Surgery of Pulmonary Tuberculosis," (Chapter).

Practice of Surgery (Dean Lewis, Editor) 1928.

Dr. A. LINCOLN BROWN.

"The Fate of Iodized Oil (Lipiodol) in the Lungs." Surg. Gyn. and Obstet. May 1928.

Dr. W. V. CONE with Dr. WILDER PENFIELD.

"Neuroglia and Microglia (The Metallic Methods)." McClung's Handbook of Microscopical Technique.

Dr. MARK KAUFMANN with Dr. GAVIN MILLER.

"Periarterial Sympathectomy. Review of the literature and Study of Clinical Possibilities of this Operation."

Can. Med. Assoc. Jour., Aug. 1928.

"Thrombo-Angiitis Obliterans: A Plea for Conservative Surgery."

Can. Med. Assoc. Journ., August 1928.

- Dr. GAVIN MILLER with Dr. MARK KAUFMANN.
 - "Periarterial Sympathectomy. Review of the Literature and Study of Clinical Possibilities of this Operation.

Can. Med. Assoc. Jour., August 1928.

"Thrombo-Angiitis Obliterans: A Plea for Conservative Surgery."

Can. Med. Assoc. Jour., August 1928.

Dr. WILDER PENFIELD.

"Needle Pulling Forceps."

Journal of American Medical Association, Vol. 91, p. 1187. October 20th, 1928.

"The Field of Neurosurgery."

Canadian Medical Association Journal, Vol. 19, pp. 654-665.

Dr. WILDER PENFIELD with Dr. W. V. CONE.

"Neuroglia and Microglia (The Metallic Methods)." McClung's Handbook of Microscopical Technique.

Dr. DUDLEY ROSS.

"The Influence of Partial Parathyroidectomy upon the Healing of Fractures."

Arch. of Surgery, April 1929.

Dr. F. A. C. SCRIMGER.

"Post-Operative Massive Collapse of the Lung."

Practice of Surgery (Dean Lewis, Editor) 1928.

Dr. W. G. TURNER.

"Giant-celled Tumour of the Neck of the Femur; Operation with Probable Cure."

Can. Med. Assoc. Jour., 1928, Vol. xix.

Dr. A. L. WILKIE.

"The Bacteriology of Cholecystitis."

Brit. Jour. Surg., 1928, Vol. xv, p. 450.

"The Significance of Hepatitis in Relation to Cholecystitis; an Experimental Study."

Brit. Jour. Surg., 1928, vol. xvi, p. 214.

OPERATIONS IN THE SURGICAL DEPARTMENT

For the Year Ended 31st December, 1928	
ALIMENTARY SYSTEM: Mouth, Lips, Cheeks, etc.:	
Repair of cleft palate.Repair of hare lip.Partial excision of lip.Incision and Drainage of retropharyngeal abscess.Rhinoplasty.	5 4 1 6 1
Jaw, Teeth, Gums:	
Curetting of jaw Manipulation of jaw for trismus Incision and Drainage of submaxillary abscess Removal of salivary calculi Incision and Drainage of parotitis	1 1 11 2 2
Tongue:	
Partial excision of tongue Release of tongue-tie Electrocoagulation of malignant growths (tongue).	1 1 2
Oesophagus:	
Dilatation of œsophagus Oesophagotomy Oesophagoscopy	1 1 2
Stomach:	
Excision of gastric ulcer Plastic operation on gastric ulcer Suturing perforated gastric ulcer Gastrectomy partial Gastrotomy Gastrotomy Pyloroplasty Pyloroplasty Repair of hour glass stomach Rammstedt's operation	5 1 22 4 24 5 1 1 4
Intestines:	
Cæcostomy Cæcocolopexy Cæcopexy Colostomy Enterostomy Ileostomy. Ileostomy. Ileo-Colostomy. Ileosigmoidostomy. Jejunostomy. Resection of small bowel.	7 3 2 17 6 6 17 6 6 17 6 6 17 6 6 17 6 6 17 6 6 17 6 17 6 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17

Intestines:—Continued

Resection of large bowel Suturing of perforated intestine Repair of perforated duodenal ulcer Excision of Meckel's Diverticulum Reduction of Intussusception Separation of adhesions Repair of hernia—Femoral """"—Inguinal (Recurrent 6) """"—Ventral (Repaired by fascial suture91)	10 2 6 2 12 12 183 20 13
Abdomen and Peritoneum:	
Exploratory laparotomy Laparotomy with Drainage Incision and Drainage of abdominal wall abscess Incision and Drainage of intra and extra peritoneal abscess Incision and Drainage of pelvic abscess Excision of umbilical sinus	35 7 7 2 2 2
Appendix:	
Appendectomy without Drainage Appendectomy and Drainage Drainage of appendicular abscess	574 125 18
Rectum and Anus:	
Dilatation of sphincter ani. Injection of hæmorrhoids Hæmorrhoidectomy Excision of rectal prolapse Excision of fistula in ano Excision of fissure in ano. Plastic repair of prolapse of rectum Proctoscopic examination Resection of rectum for carcinoma Removal of impacted fæces Incision and Drainage of ischiorectal abscess	3 3 105 1 23 9 2 19 3 1 28 1
Liver and Gall Ducts:	
Cholecystectomy Cholecystostomy Choledochotomy. Hepatico-duodenostomy	124 16 15 1
CARDIO-VASCULAR SYSTEM:	
Arteries and Veins:	
Partial excision of artery Ligation of artery Incision and Drainage phlebitis Phlebectomy Varicotomy	3 5 1 11 1

LYMPHATIC SYSTEM:	
Incision and Drainage of adenitis Incision and Curetting tuberculous adenitis Adenectomy Dissection of glands for malignant growth	14 11 21 4
Connective Tissue:	
Incision and Drainage of cellulitisIncision and Drainage of superficial infections	29 118
Ductless Glands:	
Splenectomy Enucleation and Resection of adenoma of thyroid Subtotal Thyroidectomy, Non-toxic " " " Toxic " " " Exophthalmic " " " Hyperplastic "	7 3 11 15 12 3
MUSCULAR SYSTEM:	
Muscles, Aponeuroses and Bursæ:	
Excision of bursa Incision and Drainage (bursitis)	2 4
Tendon and Tendon Sheaths:	
Incision and Drainage of tenosynovitis Tendon lengthening Tendon transplantation Tenotomy Tenosuture	8 2 2 5 18
NERVOUS SYSTEM:	
Brain and Cerebral Meninges:	
Craniotomy, Exploratory "Removal of tumor "Removal of cicatrix "Partial removal of tumor "Drainage of brain abscess Transfrontal hypophysectomy Ventriculography with Spinal Subarachnoid insufflation of air	8 2 2 1 3 1 3
Elevation of depressed fragments of skull	7 1
Encephalogram Ventricular Puncture Avulsion of fifth nerve. Chordotomy Removal of tumor cervical meninges Neurectomy Removal of tumor of 8th nerve Injection of nerve (alcohol) Ventriculography	2 6 1 1 2 1 5 7
Excision of spina bifida Laminectomy Sympathectomy	1 5 11

OSSEOUS SYSTEM:

	Amputa	tions,					23
	"						13
	"		Finge	rs			32
	"		Arms				3
	Applica	tions o	of plas	ter cast	s, ja:	ckets, etc	69
	Arthrot	omy.					4
	Arthrod	lesis					1
	Arthrop	lasty.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
	Aspirati	ion of	joints.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7
	Correcti	ion of	deforn	nity		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
	Excision	ı semi	-lunar	cartila	ge	•••••••••••	9
							4
	Excision	ı of co	ccvx.				4 2
	Excision	ı of sc	apula.				ī
	Explora	tion o	fioint				3
	Explora	torv I	ncisio	ı (tumo	or de	orsum of foot)	1
	Explora	tory I	ncisio	ı (Öste	omv	elitis)	4
	Incision	and (Curetti	ng (Os	teon	nyelitis)	10
	Incision	and l	Draina	ge (Ost	eom	yelitis)	22
	Manipu	lation		80 (000		·····	11
	Ostector	mv				·····	1
	Osteoto					···· ·· ·· ··· ··· ···	7
	Plantar	fascio	tomv.				. 1
	Plastic 1	repair	of fine	ers		•••••	ī
	Reducti	on of	disloca	tions.	Ope	n	$\tilde{4}$
	"	"		"	Clos	ed	33
			(F	ascial s	sutu	res2)	
	Remova	l of e	kostosi	s		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18
	Redress	ment	of foot			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10
	Resectio	on of h	amme	r toe.			2
	Suturing	g of jo	int wo	und		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
	Suturing	g of se	mi-lun	ar cart	ilage	2	ī
		-			0		
Fra	ctures:						
	Open se	tting (of frac	tures		bone grafting2)	38
		(Bo	ne pla	ting	8;	bone grafting2)	
	Closed s	setting	t or rra	ctures.		• . • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	95
	Kemova	ul ot so	caphoid	1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
	Excision	ı stvlo	id pro	cess (no	`n_ 111	nion)	1
	Setting	ot Col	les' fra	icture.			8
	Sequest	recton	ıy	• • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	13
	Suturing	g of fr	acture	of pate	ella .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3
		-		•			-
RESPIR	RATORY	SYS	TEM	:			
	т						
	Larynge	ectomy	/ .	••••		••••	1
	Aspirati	on of	chest.				2
	Cauteria	zation	ot lun	g		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4
	Inoraco	nomy		• • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	16
	Explora	tory I	. norac	otomy.		•••••••••	4
	KID rese	"	with d	rainage	e tor "	Hæmothorax	2
	"	"	"	"	"	Empyema	12
		"	"	"	"	Lung abscess	1
		"	"	"	"	Pyopneumothorax Tuberculous.	1
				••	••	Pneumohæmothorax	1

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:—Continued

•

Thoracoplasty for Pulmonary Tuberculosis " " " Bronchiectasis and Lung abscess " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	41 2 1 1 1 6 12
Diseases of the Breast: Mastectomy for mastitis " complete for carcinoma " for cystic degeneration	5 29 1
Excision of fibro adenoma of breast Partial mastectomy Excision of growth (recurrent carcinoma of breast) Incision abscess of breast	6 2 3 14
INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM:	
Dilatation of sinus Aspiration of T.B. Abscess (Wrist and thigh) Excision of sinuses and ulcers Incision of subdeltoid abscess Onychectomy Skin grafting Excision of tumors,—Benign """—Malignant Implantation of radium (neck and lip) Excision of cysts Excision of scar tissue Excision of warts	1 6 4 1 13 21 43 14 2 44 3 1
GENERAL INJURIES:	
Cleansing of burns Debridement and suturing of wounds Incision and packing of wound Removal of foreign body Removal of loose bodies Removal of bone plate	2 77 25 1 2
MISCELLANEOUS	
Circumcision	4 1 32 3 3 1
FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS:	0
OophorectomySalpingectomyHysterectomyHerectomy	8 2 1
Total	2859
Total for the Year ending December 1928 Total for the Year ending December 1927	2859 2738
Increase over last year	121

DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY RECORD OF DISEASES

For year Ended 31st December, 1928

SPECIFIC AND GENERAL **POISONINGS AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES: INTOXICANTS:** Total Died Total Died 69 Alcoholism.... Abscess.... 6 Carbuncle..... 18 Poisoning, arsenic.... 1 1 3 35 Cellulitis.... " copper sulph. 1 1 " Erysipelas... Furunculosis..... heroin.... 5 1 1 15 Reaction A.T. serum.... 1 Gonorrhœa..... 1 Gangrene, gas..... 2 **TUMOURS** (See "Special 2 Gumma Infection 34 Organs" also) Influenza..... 7 Adenoma... Parotitis..... Rheumatic fever..... 3 1 4 Angioma.... 3 Syphilis..... 5 Carcinoma.... 8 2 Tetanus.. 1 Chondroma... 1 Tuberculosis, general, Cyst. 2 13 2 miliary.... Typhoid fever.... 2 1 Endothelioma... 1 Ulcers.... 16 Epithelioma..... 1 **ANIMAL PARASITES:** Fibro-chondroma.... 1 Fibroma 3 Oxyuris vermicularis.... 2 Hæmangioma.. 1 **METABOLISM:** Hæmatoma.... 19 Acidosis.... 1 Keloid.... 1 Diabetes Mellitus.... 14 Lipoma.... 0 Diabetic gangrene. 9 . . Glycosuria.... 1 Lymphoma, malignant... 2 Hyperglycæmia.... 1 Lympho-sarcoma..... 2 Obesity..... Ulcer, diabetic..... 2 Papilloma.... 4 1 Sarcoma..... 2 1 Vomiting, cyclic..... 1 Tumour, unspecified 1 **DISEASES OF INFANCY:** Ulcer, rodent.... 2 Dehydration.... 1 Malnutrition..... 1 1 CONGENITAL MAL-**PHYSICAL AGENTS: FORMATIONS:** Burns, electric..... 1 first degree..... 4 Cyst, branchial..... 3 " second degree... 13 thyro-glossal.... 3 u third degree.... 16 3 Deformity chest. u 1 fourth degree ... 1 1 Gangrene...... Spina bifida..... 1 1 Web fingers..... 1 1

GENERAL INJURIES AND **DISEASES OF SKIN. etc.:**

ISEASES OF SKIN, etc		
1	Cotal I	Died
Abrasions	4	
Amputation traumatic		
arm	1	1
" fingers	1	
Contusions	70	1
Crush	10	
Dislocations	29	
Displaced cartilage knee	10	
Foreign body	24	_
Fractures Fractures with dislocation	357	9
Fractures with dislocation	1 8	
Gangrene, traumatic.	2	
(1) Head injuries, fractur	е,	
concussion	69	15
(2) Head injuries, lacera-		
tions, etc.	43	
Painful scar	2 7 1	
Separation epiphysis.	7	
Severed ligament	1	
muscre	2	
" tendon	15	
Sprain	6	
Strain	17	
Subluxation	1	0
Wounds, gunshot	7	2
" incised	13	4
" lacerated	79	1
" punctured	11	1

SPECIAL SKIN DISEASES:

Callositas	1
Carcinoma skin	2
Clavus	2
Dermatitis	5
Folliculitis	1
Impetigo	1
Nævus	1
Onychrogryphosis	2
Paronychia	4
Psoriasis	1
Tuberculosis skin	1

CIRCULATORY SYSTEM:

Aneurysm.	3	1
Angina pectoris	2	
Aortitis	1	1
Arterio-sclerosis	9	
Auricular fibrillation.	4	
Gangrene, senile	3	
Heart block	1	
Hypertension	6	

Laceration artery..... 1 Myocarditis..... 8 Pericarditis 1 Phlebitis Thrombo-angeitis 6 Thrombo-phlebitis.... Thrombo-phlebitis.... Ulcer, varicose..... Valvular disease, chronic, 8 3 4 8 cardiac..... Varix..... 6

LYMPHATIC SYSTEM:

Adenitis, axillary	2	
" cervical	18	1
		-
iemoral	2 5	
" inguinal	5	
" mesenteric	4	
" submaxillary	1	
Carcinoma, cervical	$\overline{4}$	
	1	
inguinai		
mesenteric	1	
" retro-peri-		
toneal	1	
Hypertrophy inguinal		
	1	
glands	T	
mesenteric	•	
glands	2	
Lymphangitis.	2 7	
Lymphogranulomatosis.	1	
	ī	
Lymphoma cervical	_	4
Lympho-sarcoma cervical	2	1
Tuberculosis	26	
Von Mickulicz' disease	1	
VOII MICKUICZ discuse	-	

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD:

Anæmia, pernicious secondary Banti's disease Leukæmia Purpura hæmorrhagica Pyæmia.` Septicæmia Splenomegaly DUCTLESS GLANDS: Pituitary:	2 2 3 2 1 2 4 3	2 1
Acromegaly Hypopituitarism	1 1	

Total Died

DUCTLESS GLANDS:—*Continued*

Thyroid:	Total Died
Cyst Goitre, non-toxic "toxic " exophthal- mic Hypothyroidism Myxœdema Substernal thyroid Thyroiditis Thyrotoxicosis	13 18 1 2 1 1
NERVOUS SYSTEM:	
Abscess, brain Coccygodynia Delirium tremens Epilepsy Hæmorrhage, brain meningeal Hydrocephalus Hysteria	2 3 5 1 1 2
Meningitis"tuberculousMeningoceleMyalgiaMyositis ossificansMyositis ossificansNeuralgia, trigeminalNeurastheniaNeurastheniaNeuromaNeuromaNeurosisParalysisParalysis agitansPsycho-neurosisScar—brainSciaticaSingultusTic douloureux	3 1 1 6 5 1 4 8 1 2 2 1 9 1 2
Tumour, brain " cord " pituitary glanc	3 1
BONES AND JOINTS:	E
Abscess "psoas Achondroplasia Adhesions Ankylosis Arthritis "gonorrhœal "rheumatoid Bursitis	3 2 1 3 4 37 EA 2 7 7

	Total I	Died
Carcinoma, pelvic bones	1	
" vertebra	1	
Contraction, cicatricial	1	
Contracture	3	
Dactylitis	1	
Deformity, acquired	6	
Dislocation hip, congenita	al 4	
Exostosis	11	
congenital	1	
Fibroma	1	
Flail joint	1	
Foot drop	1	
Fracture, faulty union	3	
non-union	6	
pathological	2	
Fragilitas ossium	1	
Ganglion	2	
Hæmatoma tibia	1	
Hallux valgus	14	
Hammer toe	4	
Infected bursa toe	1	
Inflammation—joint	1	
Loose body, joint	4	
Oedema, stump	1	
Osteitis	2	
" deformans	1	0
Osteomyelitis.	61	2
Painful stump	2 5	
Periostitis	3 1	
" syphilitic Pes planus	1 3	
Pes planus Sarcoma	5 6	2
Scoliosis	2	2
Sinus	2 3	
Sinus Synovitis	6	
Talipes, acquired.	1	
calcaneous.	1	
" equinus		
" varus	$\overline{2}$	
" equino-varus.	2 2 4	
Teno-synovitis.		
Tuberculosis	40	1
CYE:		
Conjunctivitis	2	
Foreign body	1	
Pterygium	1	
Pterygium Rodent ulcer eyelid	1	
Sarcoma orbit	1	
AR:		
Abscess post-auricular	2	
Otitis media.	2 5	
Otitis media Wound	1	

1

.

NOSE AND ACCESSORY

SINUSES:

Total	Died

Deformity acquired nose	1
	1
Fracture nasal bones	2
Rhinitis	1
Sarcoma nose and sinuses	1
Sinusitis	1
Wound, nose	1

DISEASES OF MOUTH, LIPS,

CHEEKS, PHARYNX, etc.:

Abscess, retro-pharyngeal	5
" submaxillary	6
" tonsillar	2
Angina Ludovici	1
Angina Vincent's	1
Calculus salivary	2
Calculus, submaxillary.	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{array} $
Carcinoma, cheek	2
" lip	7
" mouth	3
" parotid	2
" submaxillary	2
Cleft palate	4
" " with hare-lip	1
Cyst, cheek	1
" submaxillary	1
Epithelioma lip.	6
Hare-lip	1
Hypertrophy gland cheek	1
Hypertrophy tonsils and	
adenoids	1
Leukoplakia buccalis	1
Papilloma, mouth	1
Sarcoma, submaxillary	1
Syphilis.	1
Tonsillitis	5
Tumour parotid	4
Ulcer, lip	1
Wound, lip	$\overline{4}$
" palate	Î
Paraterititi	_

JAW, TEETH AND GUMS:

Abscess,	alveolar	11
ű	maxillary	3
Ankylosi	s jaw	3
Carcinon	1a jaw	2
Cellulitis	jaw	3
Cvst iaw		3
Dental ca	aries	1
Fracture	jaw	9
Gingiviti	S	1
Hæmorrh	age gum	Î
	inge guille e e e e	-

1	[otal	Died
Impacted teeth	16	
Infection gum		
Osteomyelitis jaw	2 2 2 1	
Dapillama mum	2	
Papilloma gum	2	
Periostitis jaw		
Pyorrhœa	1	
Pyorrhœa Unerupted teeth	13	
TONGUE:		
Caroinama	6	2
Carcinoma	6	2
" tongue, tonsil		
pharynx	1	
Epithelioma tongue	1	
Tongue-tie	1	
Tongue-tie Xanthoma	1	
	_	
ŒSOPHAGUS:		
Carcinoma	13	5
Earcian body		5
Foreign body	2 1	
Obstruction Oesophagismus		,
Oesophagismus	1	1
Varix	1	
STOMACH:		
Carcinoma	31	7
Foreign body	1	•
Castroptosis	î	
Gastroptosis Hæmatemesis	3	
næmatemesis.		
Hæmatemesis Hour-glass stomach	4	1
Neurosis	1	
Obstruction pyloric	7	1
Pylorospasm Stenosis, pyloric	1	
Stenosis, pyloric	6	1
" congenital,		
pyloric	4	
	13	1
Ulcer	5	2
" perforating " gastro-jejunal	1	2
gastro-jejunar	T	
INTESTINES:		
Abscess, appendicular	5	
Adhesions.	3	
Appendicitis, acute	172	
" acute with		
abscess.	29	2
	29	2
acute with	00	4.0
peritonitis	98	12
	387	
" subacute	6	
Carcinoma	21	7
Carcinomatosis	1	1
Colitis.	$\tilde{4}$	
" ulcerative	6	
uncerative	0	

INTESTINES:—Continued

IN IESTINES.—Communed	Total D	ied
Coloptosis.	. 2	
Constipation chronic	14	
Diarrhœa	1	
Diverticulum	. 1	
Diverticulum	· 2 · 4 · 7 · 3 · 1 · 3 · 1 · 3 · 3 · 3	
Entero-colitis	. 4	
Entero-colitis	. 7	
Fistula, fæcal	3	
Foreign body	1	
Foreign body Hæmorrhage	. 1	1
Impacted fæces	. 3	
Indigestion, chronic	. 1	
Intussusception	. 3	1
Lane's kink	3	
Obstruction	. 21	6
Paralytic ileus	. 7	
Perforation	. 1	
Stasis	. 4	
Stenosis of colostomy	. 1	
Tuberculosis appendix.	. 1	
" intestines.		1
Typhlitis	. 1	
Ulcer, duodenal	14	
" duodenal, per-		
forating	3	2
Ulceration intestinal		
Visceroptosis	. 12	
LIVER AND GALL DUCT	ſS	
Liver:		
	. 1	
Abscess liver		1
Carcinoma		T
Cholæmia		
Cholangitis		
Cirrhosis		
Congestion		
Cyst		
Jaundice, catarrhal "hæmolytic		
" obstructive		
-	. 1	
Rupture Sarcoma	. 1	
Sarcoma	. 1	
GALL BLADDER:		
Adhesions	. 1	
Carcinoma, bile duct.		
" gall bladde		1
Cholecystitis, acute	er 2 5	-
" acute, ca		
culous		1
" chronic		1
" chronic,		-
calculor		4

Total Died

PANCREAS:

Carcinoma		1	
Pancreatitis,	acute	3	2
"	chronic	2	

ABDOMEN AND

PERITONEUM:

Abscess, abdominal 12 "peritoneal 2	1
" retro-peritoneal 1	
	1
Adhesions, abdominal 7	
" peritoneal 9	
Ascites \ldots \ldots \ldots 1	
Carcinoma 3	1
Contusion1Cyst1Fibroma1Hernia, epigastric2"femoral8	
Cyst 1	
Fibroma 1	
Hernia, epigastric 2	
" femoral 8	
" femoral,	
strangulated 2	
" inguinal 195 ·	
" inguinal, con-	
genital 2	
" inguinal,	
strangulated 6	
" umbilical 13	
" ventral	
Chician Contractor	
" ventral,	
strangulated 2	
Hypernephroma 1	
Lipoma 2	
Omental adhesions 1	
Peritonitis. 5	2
" general 5	2
" pelvic 2	
" tuberculous 8	
strangulated2 Hypernephroma1 Lipoma2 Omental adhesions1 Peritonitis5 "general5 "general5 "pelvic2 "tuberculous8 Persistent urachus1 Sinus2 Tumor. retro-peritoneal.1	
Sinus 2	
Tumor, retro-peritoneal. 1	
Ulcer	
Ulcer	

RECTUM AND ANUS:

Rectum:	Total Die	ed
Abscess, ischio-rectal		1
" rectal Carcinoma		3
Hæmorrhoids	115	
Papilloma		
Polyp		
Proctitis		
Prolapse	. 2 . 3	
Anus:		
Carcinoma	. 1	
Fissure	•	
Fistula	·	
" tuberculous		
Imperforate anus	· _	
Incompetent anal		
sphincter	. 1	
Polyp	· .	
Prolapse		
Pruritus		
Stricture		
Ulcer, perianal	$\overline{2}$	
Older, perlanar	• -	
LARYNX:		
Carcinoma Tuberculosis	. 1 . 1	1
TRACHEA AND BRONCI	HI:	
Abscess, bronchiectatic.	. 1	
Abscess, bronchiectatic. Asthma, bronchial	. 1	
Bronchiectasis	. 15	2
Bronchitis		
Fistula, bronchial	. 4	
LUNGS:		
A1	. 6	1
Abscess	•	*
Carcinoma		
Collapse, P.O.		
" traumatic	· 。	
Emphysema		
Foreign body	· .	
Hæmorrhage	•	1
Hypernephromata		1
Perforation	• –	T
Pneumonia, broncho	. 0	
" broncho,	ous 1	
tuberculo "labor		1
Iopar	•	T
F .U		
Sarcoma	. 1	

Total Died

Tuberculosi	s 51	1
"	with pneumo-	
	thorax 2	
•6	with pyo-	
	pneumothorax 10	3

PLEURA AND MEDIASTINIM.

MEDIASTINUM:		
Abscess, mediastinal Adhesions pleura Carcinoma, mediastinum " pleura Empyema. " tuberculous Hæmothorax Pleurisy, fibrinous Pneumothorax Pyopneumothorax	1 1 1 32 2 1 5 3 1 5	2
KIDNEY AND URETER:		
Colic renal Contusion. Hydronephrosis. Nephritis. Nephrolithiasis. Pyelitis. Pyelitis. Pyelonephritis. Pyonephrosis.	2 1 7 9 7 6 9 1 3	
URETER:		
Calculus	5	
BLADDER:		
Calculus Cystitis	1 5	
URETHRA:		
Caruncle Urethritis, gonorrhœal	1 1	
MALE GENERATIVE ORGANS:		
Atrophy testicle Carcinoma prostate Chancre penis Epididymitis Epididymo-orchitis, gonorrhœal	1 2 1 3	

1

MALE GENERATIVE

ORGANS: —Continued	Total Died
Hematocele cord	1
Hydrocele	3
Hypertrophy prostate	
Inflammation vas	
Phimosis	4
Prostatism	4
Prostatitis	2
Redundant prepuce	1
Undescended testis	1
Varicocele	6
Wound lacerated scrotum	12

FEMALE GENERATIVE ORGANS:

Abscess, pelvic	2
Carcinoma, ovary	1
Carcinonia, Ovary	
" pelvic organs	1
" uterus	2
Cervicitis	1
Cyst, ovary	13
" round ligament.	1
" vulva	1
Dysmenorrhœa	1
Fibroid uterus	2
Infection pelvic	1
Inflammation pelvic	5
Oophoritis (with mumps)	Ĩ
Polyp vulva	ī
Prolapse uterus	1
Rupture Graafian follicle	3
Salata it's	
Salpingitis	5
" gonorrhœal	2
Salpingo-oophoritis	5
Tumor, unspecified,	
pelvic	1
Vaginitis	ĩ
	-

PUERPERAL STATE:

Abortion, incomplete	1
Ectopic gestation	2
" " ruptured	1

Total Died

Hyperemesis gravidarum	1
Pregnancy	5
Pyelitis of pregnancy	1

DISEASES OF THE BREAST:

Abscess	13
Adenoma	4
Carcinoma	31
Cystic disease	19
Fibroma	1
Hæmatoma	1
Mastitis	6
Papilloma	3

2 UNCLASSIFIED:

Aerophagia	1	
Asthenia	4	
Companion to mother	1	
Decubitus	1	
Fever, cause unknown	1	
Hæmorrhage, P.O	1	
Ingrowing toe-nail	7	
No disease	115	
Not yet diagnosed	71	1
Serum sickness	1	
Shock	3	

STATISTICS FOR SURGERY, 1928

Total Discharges 3693
Total Admissions 3679
14
No. in Hospital first of year 118
No. in Hospital end of year. 104
14
Total Deaths 157

RECORD OF OPERATIONS, 1928

	1928		
Operative cases discharged	.2184.		decrease of 20 for 1928
Post-operative complications	. 174.	111 ar	increase of 63 for 1928
Post-operative infections	. 26.		decrease of 8 for 1928
Post-operative mortality	. 116.	113ar	increase of 3 for 1928
Aseptic cases	.1275		decrease of 22 for 1928
Septic cases	. 909	907ar	n increase of 2 for 1928

. •



ROVAL VICTORIA MONTREAL MATERNITY PAVILION

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

The present year has been the most satisfactory in the history of the department. From both a clinical and teaching aspect the value of a close association of the laboratories of the main hospital and this department is more than ever apparent. The various phases of the work in the department itself have shown not only a separate development, but a close co-operation.

The mortality in Gynæcology is especially low.

The immediate results of radium therapy in uterine carcinoma have been very striking.

The widespread use and value of blood transfusion in infections during the puerperium has been demonstrated.

The care of the lactating breast has been the subject of special investigation. (See appendix).

A study of methods of induction of labour has revealed the relative importance of the bag.

The importance of a conservative treatment in eclampsia is more and more apparent.

W. W. CHIPMAN,

Obstetrician and Gynæcologist-in-Chief.

OBSTETRICAL REPORT

For the Year Ending December 31, 1928

ROYAL VICTORIA MONTREAL MATERNITY

Obstetrical patients remaining in Hospital January 1st, 1928	73
Obstetrical patients admitted to Hospital January 1st, 1928 to January 1st, 1929.	2259
	2332
Obstetrical patients remaining in Hospital January 1st, 1929	79
Obstetrical patients treated to conclusion	2253
	2332

GENERAL RESULTS

Total confinementsPatients confined and discharged wellPatients treated, but not confined	2054	2075
Patients admitted Post-Partum.	10	
Patients died	12	
	2253	

PATIENTS TRANSFERRED TO OTHER SERVICES

Case Record

No.	No.	Para.	Pelvis		Discharged
1	4013	VI.	Normal.	Transferred to Surgery for bur- sitis.	Cured.
2	4057	I.	Normal.	Transferred to ward "E" to have bullet removed from chest.	Improved. (Bullet
3	4248	III.	Normal.	Transferred to ward "B" for Broncho Pneumonia.	Cured.
4	5773	III.	Normal.	Transferred to ward "B" for General Infection.	Cured.
5	4738	VIII.		Bronchitis. Pulmonary T.B.C.	Not improved.
6	3940B	IV.	Normal.	A diabetic sent back to ward "K" following delivery.	Improved.
7	5832			Transferred to Gynæcology.	Improved.
		(1	o report	to Obstetrical Follow-up Clini	ic.)

MATERNAL MORTALITY, 1928

Twelve patients died in the hospital during the year. The mortality rate all admissions is thus .55 per cent.

Puerperal septicæmia	5
Eclampsia	2
Post partum eclampsia. Bilateral lobal pneumonia.	1
Post-partum hæmorrhage.	1
Cardiac decompensation	1
Pulmonary embolism	1
Exudative degenerative nephritis.	1
TOTAL.	12

Short Notes on the 12 fatal cases

ise 1.

Record No. 3616—Puerperal septicæmia. (Placenta prævia).

Primipara, aged 30, admitted on account of small hæmorrhage, a previous ignosis of placenta prævia having been made. Repeated small hæmorrhages curred while in hospital, but labour did not begin until a bag induction was done. Ind prolapsed on expulsion of bag. Mid-forceps applied and head delivered is to pubes. Placenta was manually removed. (Child survives).

No autopsy obtained. Anatomical summary. Placental tissue from proiding part of placenta prævia.

ıse 2.

cord No. 3875—Post partum eclampsia. Bilateral lobar pneumonia.

This patient, para IX, aged 42, was admitted post-partum in an unconscious ndition, having been delivered at her home of a full-term child. Her blood essure on admission was 170/100, and she had marked ædema of feet, ankles d legs. Before admission she had two convulsions. After admission she had a nvulsion lasting three minutes, followed by two others each lasting two minutes. tient was bled and 500 c.c. glucose saline administered. Right lung became nsolidated and in spite of treatment and blood transfusion, did not improve, d she died on the 4th day after admission.

No autopsy obtained.

ıse 3.

Record No. 4554—Probably eclampsia.

Primipara, aged 27, admitted for toxæmia of pregnancy. Her history showed at she had been under the doctor's care 2 weeks prior to admission without any preciable improvement in her condition. Her blood pressure was 145/90 on mission, and shortly afterwards was found to be 190/110, with some ædema of kles. She was put on albuminuric orders, and took fluids well. Looked well. e was found dead about half an hour after being seen by the nurse. Patient is only slightly cyanosed and seemed to have died without apparent struggle. fot delivered, 8 month's pregnant).

Anatomical diagnosis—Oedema of meninges. Petechial hæmorrhagic travasation of pons.

ise 4.

Record No. 4132—Post-partum hæmorrhage.

Para III, aged 36, admitted by ambulance with slight hæmorrhage from urginal placenta. Patient was delivered spontaneously of a full-term child. ter separation of placenta there was considerable hæmorrhage. She was given 700 c.c. glucose saline and uterus packed tightly with iodoform gauze. Patient was so exsanguinated and exhausted that she died shortly after delivery in spite of all efforts. (Child survives).

No autopsy obtained.

Case 5.

Record No. 4514—Toxæmia. (Eclampsia).

Primipara, aged 22, admitted by ambulance in an unconscious state. History shows her to have had several convulsions before admission. On her way to hospital she had two convulsions. On arrival she was immediately given 1/4 gr. morphia hypodermically. Blood pressure was 190/110. Bladder was catheterized and very little urine obtained. Early in the evening she was found to be in labour and several hours after was delivered of a dead-born child. Her condition following delivery seemed to be fairly good, but shortly afterwards her pulse became weak and rapid, and in spite of stimulative treatment and saline, she died. (Child dead-born, macerated). Anatomical diagnosis—Hæmorrhagic extravasations thymus, pericardium, pleura. Subdural hæmorrhage.

Case 6.

Record No. 4649. Puerperal septicæmia.

Primipara, aged 26, admitted $8-8\frac{1}{2}$ months pregnant, and in labour. Shortly after admission she was delivered of a premature female infant. Her condition was fairly good after delivery, but about 4 hours later she became very nauseated and hiccough troublesome. Was given glucose saline at intervals, but vomiting still continued. On the third day her pulse became very rapid and she died, in spite of all efforts. (Child survives). No autopsy obtained.

Case 7.

Record No. 4386—Acute puerperal septicæmia.

Primipara, aged 20, admitted 8 months pregnant, on account of having a generally contracted pelvis, with large baby evident. Bougie induction under anæsthesia was done. Pains were very inefficient and cervix only dilated to size of 50c. piece. Given hot enema and glucose saline with no reaction, but of little benefit. As pains were of no use, and fœtal heart not heard, an attempt was made to deliver by high forceps after manual dilatation of cervix. As basio-tribe could not be applied without danger to patient, cranioclast was used and deadborn child delivered. Patient's temperature became subnormal, extremities cold, and in spite of blood transfusion and other remedies, she died day after delivery.

No autopsy obtained.

Case 8.

Record No. 4840. Bronchiectasis-Cardiac decompensation.

Para IV, aged 38, admitted 7 months pregnant, but not in labour. Admitted because of severe bronchiectasis and dilated right heart. Induction of labour thought advisable, so membranes were ruptured. Patient delivered spontaneously in bed of a small cyanotic male infant. Her condition became very poor, expectorated dark blood several times, and became very restless and excitable. Died 16 days post partum. (Baby died 1 day post partum).

No autopsy obtained.

Case 9.

Record No. 4856-Puerperal septicæmia.

Primipara, aged 25, admitted not in labour. Admitted for toxæmia of pregnancy. She improved under treatment for a while, but this improvement

as only temporarily maintained, and induction of labour was tried, but without iccess. Fœtal heart could not be heard, but owing to a slight elevation in imperature, interference was thought to be inadvisable. Patient had several invulsions, went into labour and was delivered of a dead-born macerated ydrocephalic monster. Placenta was manually removed. Patient improved nder treatment until about the 13th day post partum, when she developed chills ind elevation of temperature, which continued up to the time of her death on the 7th day after delivery.

Anatomical diagnosis (Synopsis) Retro-peritoneal pyæmic abscess (right). yæmic abscess, right ovary. Pyæmic abscesses lungs with inflammatory ædema. hrombo-phlebitis inferior vena cava, etc.

ase 10.

Record No. 5698-Pulmonary embolism.

Primipara, aged 20, admitted 8 months pregnant. Had been attending ne of our Outdoor clinics. As a child she had rheumatic attacks, and at the ge of 7, chorea, which recurred last May. Examination showed a mitral stenosis, ith enlarged heart, and she was referred to cardiac clinic, where she was exmined and considered to be unable to complete her pregnancy. She was admitted o hospital after being very carefully followed in the clinic, aortic insufficiency aving also been diagnosed at this time. A Cæsarean section was performed nortly after admission, as the patient had collapsed two hours previously, and ad become unconscious. Artificial respiration resorted to, under which the atient revived somewhat, but died shortly after her return to the ward. (Child as dead-born).

lase 11.

Record No. 5344. Exudative degenerative nephritis.

Para XIII, aged 34, admitted 6 months pregnant, complaining of a sharp ain over abdomen and back. Pain persisted, abdomen became hard, and patient emonstrated the picture of "shock". On admission a vaginal examination was one and the cervix was found to be half dilated, and membranes protruding. 'ne half hour after rupture of membranes, the child was expelled as a breech Dead-born). Following delivery there was total anuria and increasing nitrogen etention, which persisted until the time of her death, 9 days post partum.

Anatomical diagnosis (Synopsis). Exudative degenerative nephritis with æmorrhagic infarction of cortex and simple necrosis (Ulcerative colitis).

ase 12.

Record No. 5147—Puerperal infection.

Para III, aged 24, admitted two days post partum, having been delivered ther home, the delivery being a long and difficult one. On the following day she eveloped a very high fever and had a severe chill. Fever kept up, but the chills ibsided. Patient was brought in by ambulance, vomiting and abdomen disended. Gastric lavage and turpentine enemas applied. Glucose saline adunistered intravenously. Patient's condition very poor. Blood transfusion iven. In spite of treatment, patient grew worse and died on the second day iter admission.

No autopsy obtained.

•

ANALYSIS OF CAUSES OF MORBIDITY, 1928

A single rise in temperature to 100.6, after the first 24 hours till discharge classes the case as morbid.

1. Puerperal Infections:---

106

 (3) Bacteræmia	30 10 12 4 26
2. Single rises 20)8
3. Mastitis and lymphangitis	74
4. Abscesses	5
5. Respiratory Diseases (Acute):	
 Influenza. Tonsillitis. Laryngitis. Bronchitis. Pleurisy. Pleurisy. Pneumonia. Pulmonary tuberculosis. 	10 1 2 2 6 1
6. Eruptive fever (not diagnosed), rash over body	1
TOTAL 54	<u>+</u> 3

Of the 2253 patients treated during the year:-

There were confined	2075
Number of morbid cases	543

(Per centage from all causes 24.1%)

INFANTILE MORTALITY, 1928

Full term children born dead Premature Full term dying after delivery Premature	26 23
Non-viable births (before 7 months)	129 30

DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNÆCOLOGY 107 1

DEFARIMENT OF OBS					ECOL	UGY 107	
CAUSES		Dead-Born		Died after Birth		Secondary Cause of Death	
		Full Prem- Term ature Term ature					
craniotomy 1. Hydrocephalus	3				3		
2. Failed forceps	3	1			4		
rauma of labour-							
1. Forceps	2		3	1	6	1 spina bifida	
2. Version and extraction	1		2	1	4		
3. Breech	1		1		2		
4. Impacted breech	1				1		
5. Spontaneous delivery	5		4		9		
6. Tight coil of cord about							
neck	6				6		
Cæsarean Section for maternal pulmonary embolism		1			1		
pumonary embonsin					1		
'lacenta prævia	1	3		1	5		
Eclampsia and pre-eclampsia	2	4		2	8		
Chronic nephritis, maternal	1	2			3		
Accidental hæmorrhage	1	5			6		
Prolapse of cord delivered spontaneously		1			1		
Prolapse of cord delivered by							
forceps	1				1		
Prolapse of cord delivered by version	4	1			5		
Breech extraction	1	1	1		1		
Macerated	1	5			9		
Monsters (1) Anencephalic		1			6		
(2) Hydrocephalic		2		1	5	3 craniotomy	
(3) Fœtus amorphous.			Ì	-	1		
Congenital lues		2			3		
No cause found				1	1		
Prematurity	1			21	21		
Broncho Pneumonia			4	3	7		
Meningitis	1		T T	ľ			
Acute otitis media		1					
Cellulitis	1		1	1	1		
Congenital malformation of heart			1	1	2		
Congenital pulmonary atelectasis			2	1	3		
Hæmorrhage from cord	1		1		1		
Hæmorrhagic disease of new born			1		1		
Meningocele, Spina bifida			2		2		
Total		28	22	32	129		

...**.** - ..

FŒTAL MORTALITY, 1928 Summary of Mortality Amongst Viable Babies

I. Dieu Ante Lattum.	
Term	11
Premature	13

Total..... 24

Type of labour	Died Intra- Partum	Died Post- Partum	Neo natal deaths	Total
Spontaneous Forceps Breech Extraction Impacted Breech Version and Extraction Craniotomy Tight coil of cord about neck Prolapsed cord delivered:—	2 1 1 1 3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 4 1 	9 6 1 3 3 6
 (a) Spontaneously— (b) Version and Extraction (c) Forceps (d) Breech Extraction 	1	••	• • • •	4 1 1
Placenta prævia delivered:— (a) Spontaneously (b) Version and Extraction (c) Forceps	1	 	• • • • • •	1 1
Totals	27	1	9	37
Causes of death other than labours	1	1	11	13
Totals	28	2	20	50

2. Full Term Viable Living at Onset of Labour.

3. Premature Viable Babies Living at Onset of Labour.

Type of labour	Died Intra- Partum	Died Post- Partum	Neo natal deaths	Total
Forceps Breech Extraction Version and Extraction Craniotomy Prolapsed cord delivered:—		1 1 1 	· · · · ·	1 1 1 1
Version and Extraction Placenta Prævia delivered:—	1 1		•••	1 1
 (a) Spontaneously (b) Version and Extraction 	1 2	· . 1	• • 4 •	1 3
Totals	6	4		10
Causes of death other than labour	3	6	21	30
Totals	9	10	21	40

COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY

Summary of Obstetrical Report, 1928, as per attached sheets

Albuminuria, spontaneous labour	42
Albuminuria, labour induced	11
Albuminuria, treated (not confined)	16
Albuminuria, showing a chronic nephritis	6
Ante-partum hæmorrhage, accidental apparent	5
Post-partum hæmorrhage	28
Cardiac disease	2
Eclampsia and post-partum eclampsia	12
Pre-eclamptic toxæmia	13
Hydramnios	3
Placenta prævia	10
Psychosis	2
Pyelitis	36
Twins	26 (pairs)
Vomiting of pregnancy	7
Blood transfusions	18

CLASSIFICATION OF PELVIS

Normal	
Not measured (private patients)	864
Rachitic flat	28
Justo minor	
Generally contracted	3
Funnel	10
TOTAL	2075



CARDIAC CONDITION.

No. Para.	Condition	Labour	Mother Child	Remarks
5443. II.	Normal	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	.Good Good	
5898. II.	Normal	Mid forceps and Low forceps R.O.P	.Good Good	

VOMITING OF PREGNANCY.

3866. II.	Normal	Not confined Improved	6 ¹ / ₃ months pregnant
4712. III.	Normal	Not confined Improved	5 months pregnant
4082. I.	Normal	Not confinedImproved	8 ¹ / ₂ months pregnant
3997. III.	Normal	Not confinedImproved	Transf. to Gyn.
3831. I.	Normal	Not confinedImproved	6 months pregnant
4041. I.	Normal	R.S.A. breechGood D.B. Macer	
5639. I.	Not meas.	Not confinedImproved	

PRE-ECLAMPTIC TOXÆMIA.

4133.	I.	Not meas.	Double frank breechGood				
4256.	I.	Normal	Low forceps L.O.A Poor	died Died	(Twins)		
4518.	III.	Normal	Induction of labour.				
			Hydrostatic bagGood	Good			
4559.	I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.AGood	Good			
4514.	I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.ADied	D.B.			
4266.	I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.AGood		17 days p.p.		
4386.	I.	Gen.					
5220	•	contracted	Bougie induction R.O.ADied	Died	Craniotomy		
5338.		Not meas.	Mid forceps R.O.A	Good			
5670.		Normal	Spontaneous L.O.AGood	Good			
5705.		Not meas.	Spontaneous R.O.AGood	Good			
5729.		Not meas.	Mid forceps R.O.P. Good	Good			
5907.		Not meas.	Mid forceps L.O.P	Good			
5086.	11.	Normal	Mid forceps L.O.PGood	Good			
ECLAMPSIA.							
3551.	VI.	Normal	Admitted post-partumGood	Good			
3771.	I.	Normal	Induction of labour.				
			Hydrostatic bagGood	D.B.			
3772	XIV	Not meas	Induction of labour				

3772. XIV.		Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood	D.B. Macerated
3875. IX. 3946. III.	Not meas.	Admitted post-partumDied Spontaneous L.O.AGood	Not admitted.

Para.	Condition		Mother Child	Remarks
Т	Normal	Not confined Spontaneous L.O.A		
, I. , I.	Normal	Low forceps L.O.A.		
. I.	Flat	Low forceps L.O.A.		
. I.	Normal	Mid forceps R.O.A.	$. Good \ \ Good$	
. I.	Not meas.	Spontaneous R.O.A		
. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	.Good Good	
UMIN		eated, but not confined).		
3. I.	Not meas.	Treated, not confined	Improved	6 months pregnant
. I.	Normal	Treated, not confined		8 months pregnant
). V.	Normal	Treated, not confined		8 months pregnant
I. II.	Normal	Treated, not confined	Improved	7½ months pregnant
4. VI.		Treated, not confined		
). I.	Normal	Treated, not confined		
4. I.	Normal	Treated, not confined		5 months
7. III.	Normal	Treated, not confined	Improved	pregnant
9. II.	Normal	Treated, not confined		
9. II.	Normal	Treated, not confined		
4. VIII		Treated, not confined	. Improved	8 months
5. V.	Normal	Treated, not confined		pregnant
2. II.	Normal	Treated, not confined		8 months
1. I.	Normal	Treated, not confined		pregnant
6. I.	Normal	Treated, not confined	Discharged	against advice.
4. I.	Normal	Treated, not confined	Discharged	against advice.
		oontaneous labour). Admitted post-partum	Died Not	admitted
5. IX. 1. I.	Normal Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good Good	1
1. 1. 6. VI.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good Good	d
1. III.	Normal	Admitted post partum	Good Good	đ
6. III.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good Good	1
3. II.	Not meas	Frank breech. double	Good Both	alea
8. IV.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	Good Good	1
8. I.	Normal	High forcens	Good D.B.	•
5. I.	Not meas	Footling breech.	Good D.D.	. Macel.
9. I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A.	Cood Coo	4 1
0. II.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	Good Good	- d
1. I.	Normal	Low forceps L.O.A.		•

.

No. Para.	Condition	LABOUR	Мотне	R Child	Remarks
4549. VI.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	
3830. II.	Not meas.	Mid forceps L.O.P	Good	Good	
4721. II.	Not meas.	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	
4204. II.		Low forceps R.O.A.			
4731. I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A.			
4266. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A			17 days p.p.
4514. I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A.	Died		
4940. VI.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A.			
4900. I.	Normal	Mid forceps R.O.A.			
4976. I.	Not meas.	Low forceps R.O.A.	Good	Good	
3917. II.	Not meas.	Spontaneous R.S.A.	Good	D.B. M	lacer.
4856. I.	Not meas.	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Died	Died	
5044. I.	Gen.		_	_	
		Low forceps L.O.A			
5405. V.		Spontaneous L.O.A.			
4182. II.	Normal	Face to pubes R.O.P			(Twin)
4182. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.S.A.			(Twin)
4553. II.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.			
4348. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A			
5524. I.	Normal	Mid forceps L.O.A.			
5480. II.		Version and extraction			
5587. I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A			
5920. I.		Low forceps L.O.A.			
4442. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A.			
5133. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.			
5338. I.		Mid forceps R.O.A.			
5521. I.		Mid forceps R.O.A.			
5371. II.		Low forceps L.O.P.			
5446. I.		Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	
5562. II.	Justo minor	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Cood	Cool	
4651. V.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.			
5718. IV.		Spontaneous L.O.A.			
0710.14.	not meas.	Spontaneous L.O.A.	000d	D.B.	

ALBUMINURIA (Labour induced).

		Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood	D.B.	
4698. IV.	Normal	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood		
5166. I.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood		(Low forceps)
5202. II.	Normal	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood		
5203. II.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag		

Para.	Condition	Labour	Мотнеі	C	D
, II.		Induction of labour.	MOTHE	CHILD	Remarks
,	100 110451	Hydrostatic bag	. Good	Died	
, II.	Normal	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	. Good	Good	
. II.	Normal	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	. Good	Good	
. I.	Normal	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	. Good	Good	(Mid forceps)
. V.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	.Good	D.B.	(Macerated)
. II.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	. Good	Good	
UMINU	URIA (She	owing a chronic nephritis).			
. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	. Good	Good	
. I.		Breech	.Good	D.B.	
•. I.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag	Cood	лр	
'. IV.	Not meas	Spontaneous L.O.A.			Mac
. IV.		Breech			widt.
\therefore IV.		Spontaneous L.O.A.			Mac
· · · ·	Not meas.		. 0000	D.D .	
DRAM	NIOS.				
5. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A			Face to pubes
3. VII.	Normal	Spontaneous			
3. I.	Normal	Spontaneous	.Good	D.B.	Mac.
CHOSI	S.				
). V.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	. Good	Good	partum
). III.	Normal	Footling breech R.S.A	. Good	Good	insanity.
ELITIS.					
'. I.	Not meas.	Spontaneous R.S.A	. Good	D.B.	Craniotomy Hydrocephalic
j.	Not meas	Not confined	.Impro	ved	Hydrocephane
). III.		Version and extraction		Good	
'. I.	Normal	Mid forceps L.O.A		D.B.	
'. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	.Good	Good	
. I.	Not meas.	Cæsarean section	. Good	Good	
. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	. Poor	Good	(Discharged
					against advice)
'. IV.	NT_4		Fair	D.B.	•
. IV. 2. I.	Not meas. Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	Fair	Good	
·• I.	normal			2004	

•

د

5020. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5059. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5087. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5161. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5241. XIII. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5265. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5265. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 543. II. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 543. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 543. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 543. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. GoodG	No. Para. (Condition	LABOUR	Мотне	R CHILE	Remarks	
5059. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5087. I. Normal Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5161. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5217. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5240. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5441. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good 5442. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5443. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5433. II. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5434. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 54358. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A.	5020. I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good		
5087. I. Normal Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5161. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5179. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5241. XIII. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5450. II. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5441. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5442. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5224. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5433. II. Not meas. Undiagnosed Good Good Good 5434. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good Good Fair Plat pelvis 5803. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good Good Good Soot. Fair D.B. Mother trans-ferred to Gyn. <td>5059. I.</td> <td>Normal</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	5059. I.	Normal	-				
5161. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5179. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5241. XIII. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5447. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5431. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5643. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Soda 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. </td <td>5087. I.</td> <td>Normal</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	5087. I.	Normal	-				
5179. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A Good Good 5241. XIII. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A Good Good 5265. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A Good Good 5441. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A Good Good 5442. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A Good Good 5449. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A Good Good 5441. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A Good Good 5524. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P	5161. I.	Normal					
5241. XIII. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A	5179. I.	Normal	-				
5440. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5450. II. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5487. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 549. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5440. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5524. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A.	5241. XIII.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	1100 c.c. Hge	
5450. II. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5454. I. Normal Not confined. Improved Went home against advice 5487. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5494. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5241. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good Sa32. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good Sa32. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good Good Good 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good Good 5761. I. Not meas. Spontaneous	5265. I.	Normal				5	
5454. I. Normal Not confined Improved gainst advice 5487. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5494. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5524. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 543. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 543. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5404. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good Good 5731. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good Good 5731. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good 5741. I. Not meas. Spontane	5440. I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good		
against advice against advice	5450. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good		
5487. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good 5494. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good 5524. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good 5543. II. Not meas. Undiagnosed. Good Non-viable 6 mths. 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5758. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5437. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5635. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good	5454. I.	Normal					
5524. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5543. II. Not meas. Undiagnosed. Good Non-viable 6 mths. 5603. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5643. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 578. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good Good 5332. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5431. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good			-			C	
5543. II. Not meas. Undiagnosed	5494. I.	Normal	-				
5603. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5643. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5758. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5635. I. Normal Not confined. Improved 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good 5771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 37711. I. Normal Induction o		Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	Good	Good		
5643. V. Normal Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5758. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good Good 5332. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5435. I. Normal Not confined. Improved 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good Good 3711. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3791. VI. <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			5				
5758. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Flat pelvis 5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5635. I. Normal Not confined Improved 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3771. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B.			-			. ,	
5803. I. Not meas. Low forceps L.O.A. Good Good 5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good Good 5635. I. Normal Not confined Improved Friered to Gyn. 5635. I. Normal Not confined Improved 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5761. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 3711. I. Normal Undiagnosed Good Dod Good D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. Low implantation of placenta. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B.			-				
5804. I. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good 5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good Good 5635. I. Normal Not confined. Improved Fair Good 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good Good 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good 3711. I. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good Good 3771. I. Normal Undiagnosed Good D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Low implantation of placenta. POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good<						Flat pelvis	
5832. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair D.B. Mother transferred to Gyn. 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5635. I. Normal Not confined. Improved 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 3711. I. Normal Undiagnosed. Good Both died ANTE-PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE—ACCIDENTAL APPARENT. 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Low implantation of placenta. Yersion and extraction Good D.B. <td></td> <td>Not meas.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Not meas.					
4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Fair Good 5635. I. Normal Not confined. Improved 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.P. Good Good 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 3711. I. Normal Undiagnosed. Good D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extraction Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. <td< td=""><td></td><td>Normal</td><td>Spontaneous R.O.A.</td><td>Good</td><td>Good</td><td></td></td<>		Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A.	Good	Good		
 4804. V. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A			-		D.B.		
 5729. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.PGood Good 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good Good 5761. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.AGood Good Good 5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.AGood Both died ANTE-PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE—ACCIDENTAL APPARENT. 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A							
 5781. I. Not meas. Spontaneous R.O.A			Not confined	Impro	ved		
 5761. I. Not meas. Spontaneous L.O.A		Not meas.	Spontaneous R.O.P	Good	Good		
5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 3711. I. Normal Undiagnosed. Good Both died ANTE-PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE—ACCIDENTAL APPARENT. 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Low implantation of placenta. POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. Low implantation of placenta.		Not meas.	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good		
5787. II. Normal Spontaneous L.O.A. Good Good 3711. I. Normal Undiagnosed. Good Both died ANTE-PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE—ACCIDENTAL APPARENT. 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Low implantation of placenta. POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. Spontaneous R.O.A. Good D.B. Low implantation of placenta.	5761. I.	Not meas.	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	(Acute)	
 3711. I. Normal UndiagnosedGood Both died ANTE-PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE—ACCIDENTAL APPARENT. 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good 5364. VIII. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A	5787. II.		Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good		
 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good 5364. VIII. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood D.B. POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good 600 c.c. 	3711. I.	Normal				died	
 3772. XIV. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3771. I. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good 5364. VIII. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood D.B. POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE. 3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good 600 c.c. 	ANTE-PAR	TUM HÆ	MORRHAGE-ACCIDENTAL AL		CNT		
Hydrostatic bagGood D.B.3771. I.NormalInduction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGood D.B.3791. VI.NormalSpontaneous R.O.AGood GoodGood5364. VIII.Not meas.Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B.Low implan- tation of placenta.5819. VI.NormalInduction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B.Low implan- tation of placenta.POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE.3791. VI.NormalSpontaneous R.O.AGood Good 600 c.c.				IAK	CINI.		
3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood D.B. 3794. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.AGood Good 5364. VIII. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extractionGood D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Low implantation of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Low implantation of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Good D.B. 5819. VI. Normal Induction of labour. Low implantation of place POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE. 3791. VI. Spontaneous R.O.A			Hydrostatic bag	Good	D.B.		
 5364. VIII. Not meas. Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Version and extraction			Hydrostatic bag	Good	D.B.		
Hydrostatic bag. Version and extraction			Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good		
5819. VI.NormalInduction of labour. Hydrostatic bagGoodLow implan- tation of pla- centa.POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE.3791. VI.NormalSpontaneous R.O.AGoodGood600 c.c.	5364. VIII.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag.				
Hydrostatic bag	5010 177			Good	D.B.		
3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A	5819. VI.	Normal		Good	D.B.	tation of pla-	
3791. VI. Normal Spontaneous R.O.A	POST PARTUM HÆMORRHAGE.						
					\mathbf{c} ,	(00	
			Frank breech R.S.A.	Good Good	Good Good	600 c.c.	

•

'ARA.	Condition	LABOUR M	IOTHER	CHILD	Remarks
V.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	Good		
				C	enta manually removed.
	NT	Spontaneous R.O.A	Jind	Fair	600 c.c. Mar-
III.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	JIEG	ran	ginal placenta
IV.	Not meas.	Spontaneous L.O.A	Good	Good	600 c.c.
VI.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	600 c.c.
, V.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	600 с.с.
, I.	Not meas.				700 c.c.
I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.			
, I.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Died	D.B. Mac.	600 c.c. Eclampsia.
. IV.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Fair	Good	1300 c.c.
, II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A		Good	1500 c.c.
		Spontaneous L.O.A	Good	Good	1100 c.c.
. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A			600 с.с.
. II.	Not meas.	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	600 c.c.
. X.	Not meas.		Good	Good	600 c.c.
. II.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	1000 c.c.
. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	750 c.c.
. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	750 c.c.
. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	750 c.c.
. II.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	600 c.c.
. II.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	1000 c.c.
. IV.	Normal	Version and extraction	Good	D.B.	600 с.с.
'. I.	Normal	Low forceps L.O.A.	Good	Good	1000 c.c.
. V.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.A	Good	Good	800 c.c.
. I.	Normal	Low forceps R.O.A.	Good	Good	1000 c.c.
). I.	Not meas	. Spontaneous L.O.A	Good	Good	700 c.c.
:. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Good	900 c.c.

CENTA PRAEVIA.

l. V.	Normal	Spontaneous R.O.AGood		
3. I.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.AGood	D.B.	
3. II.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Hydrostatic bag. Low forcepsGood	Died	1 day p.p.
5. IV.	Normal	Mid forceps R.O.A	D.B.	Marginalis
). X.	Normal	Spontaneous L.O.A	Goog	
7. VII.	Normal	Version and extraction	D.B.	Lateralis
2. VI.	Normal	Spontaneous L.S.AGood	Good	
2. VI. 3. VI.	Normal	Spontaneous L.S.A	D.B.	
4. VIII.	Not meas.	Induction of labour. Version and extractionGood	D.B.	Classical
5. VI.	Normal	Cæsarean Section	G00a	Classical

115

.

TW]	INS.
-----	------

No. Para.	Condition	LABOUR	Мотне	R CHILD	Remarks
3711. I.	Normal	 Spontaneous. Spontaneous. 		Both	
3736. IV.	Not meas.	 Spontaneous R.O.A. Spontaneous R.O.A. 		Both	9 hrs. p.p.
3675. I.	Not meas.	1. Low forceps. 2. Mid forceps.	Good	Both	> mə. p.p.
3687. II.	Not meas.	1. Spontaneous L.O.A. 2. Spontaneous L.O.A.	Good	Both	
3909. X.	Normal	 Spontaneous L.O.A. Spontaneous L.O.A. 	Good	Both	Polyzgatic
4009. IV.	Not meas.	 Delivered at home. Version and extraction 	. Good	Died D.B.	Transverse
4043. III.	Normal	1. Spontaneous L.O.A. 2. Footling	Cood	Both	presentation
4133. II.	Not meas.	1. Spontaneous. 2. Breech	. Good	Both	2 dava a a
4182. I.	Not meas.	1. R.O.P. 2. R.S.A.			3 days p.p. Premature
4550. II.	Not meas.	1. R.O.P. Mid forceps. 2. L.O.A. Mid forceps.		Both	riemature
4527. III.	Not meas.	 Spontaneous L.O.A. Version and extraction 			
4622. IV.	Not meas.	 Cæsarean section. Cæsarean section. 		ň.	Steriliza- tion
4331. II.	Normal	 Breech L.S.A. Version and extraction 		Both	uni-ovular
4576. II.	Not meas.	 Spontaneous L.O.A. Version and extraction 		Roth	um-ovulai
4818. IV.	Not meas.	1. Breech L.S.A. 2. Breech R.S.A.		Ď /1	
4870. III.	Not meas.	 Spontaneous R.O.A. Spontaneous L.O.A. 		Roth	
4919. II.	Not meas.	1. Breech R.S.A. 2. Mid forceps		1. Goo	d Prolapsed hand
4903. III.	Normal	 Delivered at home. Version and extraction 		Both	nand
5112. III.	Normal	1. Spontaneous L.O.A. 2. Spontaneous R.O.A.		D 1.	
5252. V.		 Spontaneous L.O.A. Version and extraction 		Both	
5287. XI.		 Breech L.S.A. Spontaneous R.O.A 		Both	
5529. II.	Normal	1. Spontaneous R.O.A. 2. Breech L.S.A		Both	
5423. II.	Normal	1. Spontaneous L.O.A. 2. Spontaneous		Good	Monstrosity
5628. II.		 Low forceps. L.S.A. Version and extraction 		Both	
5691. IV.	Normal	 Spontaneous L.O.A. Breech L.S.A 		Both	
5746. III.	Normal	1. Spontaneous L.O.A. 2. Breech L.S.A		Rath	

SUMMARY OF OBSTETRICAL OPERATIONS

LOW FORCEPS, 1928

INDICATIONS.	
Perineal delay	140
Fœtal distress	31
Maternal distress	36
Prophylaxis	44
Posterior positions	6
Twins	2
Toxæmias	2
Uterine inertia	5
Pelvic contraction	4
Placenta prævia	1
Pulmonary T.B.C. and Bronchitis	1
Cardiac disease	2
TOTAL	274

MID FORCEPS

Maternal distress	27
Fœtal distress	14
Prophylaxis	10
Posterior positions	35
Uterine inertia	1
Toxæmias	4
Pelvic contraction	7
Cardiac disease	1
Prolapsed hand	1
Twin	1
Placenta prævia	1
TOTAL	102

HIGH FORCEPS

Fœtal distress	1
Maternal distress	1
Uterine inertia	1
Toxæmia	1
TOTAL	4

CÆSAREAN SECTION

Pelvic contraction	21
Toxæmias	3
Prophylaxis	
Posterior positions	1
Placenta prævia	1
Tumors	
Cardiac disease	
TOTAL	36

CÆSAREAN SECTION (With Sterilization)

Pelvic contraction	4
Prophylaxis	1
Posterior positions	1
Cardiac disease	
Toxæmias	1
TOTAL	8

INDUCTION OF LABOUR (Hydrostatic Bag)

Toxæmias	13
Carcinoma of cervix	1
Twins	1
Pelvic contraction	11
Cardiac disease	1
Prophylaxis	2
Hydramnios	1
Placenta prævia	4
Failure of Bougie	1
	
TOTAL	35

INDUCTION BOUGIE

Pelvic contraction	,	. 2
	• •,• • • • •	. 2

MANUAL REMOVAL OF PLACENTA

Adherent placenta	10
Dandl's ring	1
Placenta prævia	2
TOTAL	13

CRANIOTOMY

Hydrocephalus Pelvic contraction Toxæmias	3
TOTAL	7

VERSION AND EXTRACTION

Fœtal distress	1
riolansed cord	
Carcinolina of cervix	1
Liallsverse presentations	۳
Pelvic contraction	2
1 WIIIS	5
Prophylaxis	1
TOTAL	22

•

.

•

BREECH EXTRACTION

Breech extraction (impacted)				
COMPLETE TEARS				
High forceps	1			
Mid forceps	10			
Low forceps	8			
Spontaneous	8			
Breech	1			
TOTAL	28			

0 0

OUT DOOR DEPARTMENT—OBSTETRICS

Number of applications for treatment (at Hospital)	1161
Number of applications for treatment (at sub-stations)	511
Number of Ante Partum visits to Hospital Clinic	3937
Number of Ante Partum visits to sub-station clinic	2214
Number of cases delivered	350
Number of Viable infants born	341
Twins	4 (pairs)
Dead Born Macerated	1
Abortions, Miscarriages and Premature (Non-Viable)	2
Infantile mortality	6
Maternal mortality	0
Maternal morbidity	2.2%
Number of Post Partum visits paid by Doctors 1506	
Number of Post Partum visits paid by Nurses 5215	
6721	
0/21	

INFANTILE MORTALITY

500. Prolapsed	cord.
----------------	-------

- 536. Premature, low vitality (Twin).
- 536. Dead Born. Premature separation of placenta (Twin).

٠

558. B.B.A. Accidental death.

,

- 778. Second twin (Version and Extraction).
- 779. Dead Born (Abnormality) Cause obscure.

GYNÆCOLOGICAL REPORT

For the Year Ended 31st December, 1928

URETHRA:		
Caruncle Chronic Urethritis	7 1	
VULVA:		
Vulva Ulcer Bartholinian Cyst. Sarcoma Bartholinian Gland. Carcinoma Vulva Squamous. Pruritis Vulvæ. Vulva-Vaginitis. Acute Vulvo Vaginitis. Chronic Vulvitis. Abscess Vulva.	1 1 3 1 1 2 1 1	
VAGINA:		
Atresia of Vagina Atresia of Vagina (Congenital) Vaginal Cyst Septate Vagina Recto-Vaginal Fistula Urethra Vaginal Fistula Vagina, Papilloma Carcinoma Vagina Squamous Acute Vaginitis Chronic Vaginitis Vaginismus Hæmatometra Hæmatocolpos Imperforate Hymen Persistent Hymen	1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 3 8 1 2 1 3 1	
SACRO PUBIC HERNIA: Total Sacro Pubic Hernia Complete Sacro Pubic Hernia Complete, Cystocoele, Rectocoele Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Cystocoele, Rectocoele Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Cystocoele, Urethrocoele Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Urethrocoele Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Retroversion	4 14 64 2 4 21	171

Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Retroversion	21
Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Retroversion, Chr. Cervicitis,	4
Cystocoele	1
Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Cystocoele	6
Sacro Pubic Hernia Incomplete, Rectocoele	54
Sacro Pubic Hernia, Complete Tear	1
Sacro Pubic Hernia, Laceration Perineum	5
Sacro Pubic Hernia, Cervical Laceration	4
·	

GYNÆCOLOGICAL REPORT

UTERUS:		
Deviations:		
Retroversion	3	
Fistulæ:		
Vesico Uterine Fistula	1	
Fibrosis:		
Fibrosis Uteri	23	
Functional Disturbances:		
Amenorrhœa	1	
Dysmenorrhœa	6	
Menorrhagia	5	
Metrorrhagia	1 6	
Growth Disturbances:	Ŭ	
Infantile Uterus	3	
Infections:	5	
Endometritis Acute	1	
Endometritis Acute	1 2	
Metritis Chronic	ī	
Hyperplasia:		
Endometritis Hyperplastic	1	
Adenoma Destruens.	1	
Neoplasms:		
Fibromyoma		99
Fibromyoma Uteri.	96	
Fibromyoma CervixSarcoma Uterus	3 2	
Sarcoma Botryoides	1	
Polyp Uterine	2	
Carcinoma of Uterus	8	64
Carcinoma of Cervix	56	
Polyp Uterine Fibrous.	3	
Pyometra:	1	
Subinvolution Uteri:	10	
ODDVIX	10	
CERVIX:		
Fibromyoma Cervix	3	
Adeno Čarcinoma Cervix Carcinoma Cervix Squamous	1	
Carcinoma Cervix (unclassified)	53 2	
Polyp Fibrous Cervix.	$\overline{7}$	
Polyp Glandular Cervix	25	
Laceration Cervix. Cervicitis Acute	11 1	
Cervicitis Chronic	100	
Atresia of Cervix	3	
PARAMETRIUM:		
Parametritis.	4	
	4	

TUBES: Tubo-Ovarian Cyst	1	
Infections:	•	
See special sheet. Peritoneal Adhesions	1	
OVARIES:		
Ovary-Pseudo Myxoma Peritonei	2 1	
Neoplasms: Fibroma Ovary	2	
Cysts:		58
Ovarian Cyst, Follicular.Luteal Cyst.Ovarian Cystoma Simple.Ovarian Cystoma Simple, Torsion Pedicle.Cyst Adenoma Papilliferum Malignum Ovarii.Ovary, Cyst Adenoma Pseudo Mucinous.Dermoid Cyst of Ovary.Dermoid Cyst of Ovary with Twisted Pedicle.Ovary Teratoma.Parovarian Cystoma.Adeno Carcinoma Ovary.Carcinoma Ovarian.	12 28 3 4 1 5 1 1 2 1 4	
PERITONEUM: Retro-Peritoneal Sarcoma. Retro-Peritoneal Fibroma. Peritoneal Cyst	1 1 1	
PREGNANCY:		
Abortions—Complete Incomplete Inevitable Missed Threatened	22 147 1 5 9	
Ectopic Gestation		16
Tubal Rupture, CataclysmicTotal AbortionPregnancy in Rudimentary HornHydramnios	9 6 1 1	
Mole:		
Fleshy	1 3	
Puerperal Infections:		12
Abortion infectedAcute ParametritisChronic ParametritisAcute MetritisPeritonitisSaphenous ThrombosisThrombo PhlebitisPyemia	1 1 2 1 3 4 1	

GYNÆCOLOGICAL REPORT

PREGNANCY—Continued		
Pregnancy Uterine. Pyelitis—Pregnancy. Retroverted Gravid Uterus. Incarcerated Uterus. Sterility Toxæmia of Pregnancy—Nephritic. Vomiting of Pregnancy—Toxic.	68 5 1 44 1 35	
ENDOCRINE DYSTROPHY:		117
AmenorrhœaDysmenorrhœaMenopauseMyopathia HæmorrhagicaInfantile UterusAtrophy UterusEndometrial HyperplasiaErosion of CervixCervical Polyp GlandularFibrosis UteriFollicle Cyst of OvaryKraurosis VulvæPituitary DisturbancePubertySterility	5 5 30 6 1 9 31 7 34 3 1 1 1	
ENDOMETRIOSIS:	т	8
Chocolate Cysts Endometriosis Tube Recklinghausen Adeno Myosis	4 1 1 4	
Neisser, acute		13
 " " with Acute Bartholinitis	1 7 1 4 1 1	
Inverseer, chronic """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	2 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 4 24 2 1 2 1 2	128
" " Acute Salpingo Oophoritis	4	

NEISSER ANI	d syf	PHIL	LIS—C	Continued		
Neisse	r, chro	nic,	Chron	nic Salpingo Oophoritis	72	•
"	"	"	Catar	rhal Salpingo Oophoritis	1	
"	"	"	Hydro	osalpinx	5	•
Syphilis:			reivio	C Abscess	4	
				•••••••	3	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	
CHRONIC PE	LVIC	INF	FECTI	ION:		157
Chronic	Pelvic	Infe	ection,	Chronic Cervicitis	35	
u	и и		"	Bilateral Salpingitis	3	
и и	"		"	Chronic Salpingitis.	2 1	
"	"		u	Hydrosalpinx Salpingo Oophoritis, acute	3	
u	u		"	Salpingo Oophoritis, acute	70	
u	"		ű	Salpingo Oophoritis Subacute	1	
"	"		"	Tubo-Ovarian Abscess	1	
"	"	Per	itonitis	S	1	
"	u u	Infe	ection	Parametritis, Chr.	22 5	
	"		"	Tbc	3	2
Acute "	"		"	Acute Hæmorrhagic Cystitis	1	4
"	u		"	Salpingo Oophoritis Acute	ī	
Pelvic A	bscess			······································	13	
MISCELLAN	FOUR	•				
	LOUS	•				
Skin:	itie				1	
			••••		-	
Nervous S	-				2	
				•••••••	4	
Respirato	Dry Sy	sten	1:		1	
Pneumo	DIOIIC	mus			1	
Cardio V						
				•	12	
Cardiac	Disea	nnen	sation			
Hyperte	ension.	npen			6	
Mitral	Stenosi	s			2	
Chronic	: Myoc	ardi	tis	••••••	1	
Blood:					-	
Anæmia	a, Seco	ndar	у	•••••	3	
Hæmor	ohilia.				1	
Uræmia	1			••••••••••••	1	
				····	1	
Abdomir					2	
				1	2	
Liver, Ga	all Bla	ddei	r:		3	
Chronic	: Chole	ecyst	itis		4	
Cholelit	thiasis				ī	
Lirrnos			• • • • • •		1	
Renal:			• • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Urinary	7 Reter	ntion	l		1	

Kidney:

Calculus Urethral	2
Hydronephrosis, Acute	2
Chronic Nephritis	15
Pyelitis	9

Gastro-Intestinal:

Appendicitis, Tbc
" Peri 1
" Acute
" Acute with Abscess 1
" Chronic 48
Carcinoma Sigmoid
Diabetes
Diabetes Mellitus.
Enteroptosis
Gastroptosis
Fissure in Ano3Urinary Fistula Abd1
Secondary Hæmorrhage
Secondary Hæmorrhage
Intestinal Obstruction
Tuberculous Peritonitis 4
Viceorentesia
Visceroptosis
Arthritis, Rheumatoid
Arthritis, Sub-acute 1
Carcinoma Breast 22
Adeno Carcinoma Breast 4
Breast Cyst Adenoma 1
Neuritis 1
Neuritis, Peripheral
Tuberculosis, Pulmonary
Aneurism 1
Carcinomatosis
Cysts of Breast 1
Congenital Absence of Pelvic Organs
Cerebral Neoplasm 1
Epilepsy 1
Gastric Neurosis 1
Gall Stones
Gland Neck—Metastasis 1
Influenza
Lipoma of Right Side 1
Lipoma Shoulder
Mastitis—Acute
Peritoneal Carcinomatosis
Rectal Polyp
Peri Rectal Abscess
Sarcoma Retro-Peritoneal
Separation of Symphysis

GYNÆCOLOGICAL OPERATIONS

/ULVA:

	Cauterization Vulva Ulcer Excision of Bartholinian Cyst Excision of Bartholinian Gland Excision Carcinoma Vulva Incision Bartholinian Abscess """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{array} $
VAGI	INA:	
	Puncture Cyst Dilatation of Vagina Excision Cyst Posterior Colpotomy LeFort Vaginal Hysterotomy, Post	1 1 22 1 1
CERV	VIX:	
	Repair of Cervix. Amputation of Cervix. Cauterization of Cervix. Emmet's Repair of Cervix. Schroeder's Repair. Excision with Repair (Schroeder). Amputation of Cervix (Schroeder). Excision Cervical Poylp. Dilatation and Exploration. Dilatation. Hysterotomy.	26 49 44 5 1 7 35 130 2 1

JTERUS:

Curettage
Removal of Placental Tissue
Therapeutic Abortion
Mayo Repair Hernia
Excision Poylp
Uterine Pack.
Cervical Pack
Vaginal Pack
Interposition, Watkin's
Reposition of Uterus

130

239

110

APPLICATION OF RADIUM:

adium was applied in the following conditions:	
Carcinoma of Cervix	39
Carcinoma Fundus Uteri	3
Carcinoma Vulva	2
Carcinoma Breast	5
Sarcoma Uterus	2
Adenoma Destruens	1
Fibrosis Uteri	14
Fibromyoma Uteri	12
Chronic Cervicitis	-5
Cervical Erosion.	2
Endocrine Dystrophy	42
Endometritis	
Endometritis	T

COELIOTOMY:

HYS	TERI	ecto	MY:	

STERECTOMY:	125
Indication in:	
Fibromyoma Uteri	
Fibrosis Uteri)
Chronic Neisser 13	,
Ovarian Cyst	,
Fibromyoma Cervix 1	
Endometriosis	
Endocrine Dystrophy)
Chronic Pelvic Infection	
Sacro Pubic Hernia 1	
Cyst Adenoma Papilliferum Malignum	
Ectopic Gestation	
Pregnancy Uterine	
Uterus Adeno Carcinoma	,
Pregnancy, Chronic Nephritis	
Sarcoma Botryoides	
Carcinoma Cervix	

SALPINGO OOPHORECTOMY:

Indication in:	
Sarcoma Botryoides	1
Fibroma Ovary	î
Uterus Adeno Carcinoma	î
Peritonitis Tbc	î
Sacro Pubic Hernia	î
Ovary Teratoma	î
Luteal Cyst	1
Chronic Neisser	13
Fibrosis Uteri	3
Fibromyoma Uteri	34
Endometriosis	1
Parovarian Cystoma	2
Endocrine Dystrophy	6
	0

SALPINGO OOPHORECTOMY—Continued

Ectopic Gestation	7
Pregnancy in Rudimentary Horn of Uterus	1
Ovarian Cystoma	15
Dermoid Cyst.	4
Cyst Adenoma Papilliferum Ovarii	2
Follicle Cysts of Ovary	1
Fibromyoma Cervix	2
Chronic Pelvic Infection	8
Fibromyoma Ovary	Ĩ

SALPINGECTOMY:

-		•		•	
h	٦d	ica	tion	1 n :	

Fibromyoma Uteri	 						 •							
Endometriosis					•		 							
Cystoma Ovary.	 	•	•				 					•		
Ectopic Gestation	 		•											
Chronic Neisser														
Chronic Pelvic Infection			•				 •					•		
Sacro Pubic Hernia							 							

DOPHORECTOMY:

Indication in:-

Fibromyoma Uteri	2
Endometriosis	1
Cystoma Ovary	1
Parovarian Cystoma	1
	4
Chronic Pelvic Infection	1

FALLOPIAN TUBES:

I

Ligation of Tubes.	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6
Rubin's Test Lipiodol		35 13
Resection of Tubes.		8

RADICAL CURE OF HERNIA: (SACRO PUBIC)

Radical Cure of Cystocoele	70 118
Radical Cure Complete Tear	4
Perinæorraphy.	12
Repair Urethrocoele.	1
Amputation of Cervix	85
Ventral Fixation	1
Olshausen Suspension	23
Round Ligament Suspension (Alexander)	1
Baldy Webster Suspension	2

25

10

MISCELLANEOUS:

•

Appendectomy	51
Exploratory Laparotomy	7
Excision Peritoneal Cyst	1
Removal of Adhesions (Peritoneal).	1
Hæmorrhoidectomy	7
Breast Amputation	1
Colostomy. Dilatation of Sphincter Ani.	1
Dilatation of Sphincter Ani	1
Excision Lipoma Shoulder	1
Excision Nodule (Vaginal)	1
Excision Cyst of Breast	1
Excision Fissure	1
Excision Septum	1
Excision Vagina Papilloma	1
Excision of Lipoma (Right Side) Excision of Sinus in Abdominal Wall.	1
Excision of Sinus in Abdominal Wall.	1
Examination Under Anæsthetic.	1
Gland of Neck Excised	1
Incision Peri Rectal Abscess.	1
Induction Labour	1
Insertion Ring Pessary	1
Removal of Pessary	1
Recto Vaginal Fistula—Radical Cure	1
Ovarian Therapy	1
Resection Right Ovary Radical Cure Femoral Hernia	1
Radical Cure Femoral Hernia	2
Repair Recto Vaginal Fistula	1
Section taken (Squamous Carcinoma Cervix).	1
X-Ray Therapy	1
X-Ray Sterilization	1
Removal of Horn of Uterus and Right Salpingo Oophorec-	
tomy	1
Blood Transfusions	42



MORTALITY RETURNS

Fibromyoma Uteri-Emoblism.

Mrs. S. No., 19513. Aet 46.

Admitted suffering from a fibromyoma uteri size of four months pregnancy severe menorrhagia—a transfusion was administered—pre-operatively—a supravaginal hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo oophorectomy was done. The convalescence was marked by a low grade sepsis—stump infection, followed by the development of a saphenous thrombosis. Death followed embolus on the 20th day.

Fibromyoma Uteri-Post Operative Peritonitis.

Mrs. H. No. 19927. Aet 41.

Admitted suffering from a fibromyoma and chronic pelvic infection. The patient had a mild pyrexia on admission. Temperature 100, so was detained eleven days prior to operation in bed—the uterus and appendages were removed, supravaginal hysterectomy. Peritonitis developed and patient died on 3rd day.

Fibromyoma Uteri with marked degeneration—Post Operative Peritonitis.

Mrs. M. No. 19357. Aet 44.

Admitted with a large fibromyoma size of four months pregnancy, a supravaginal hysterectomy was performed, the tumor was necrotic. Death ensued on 3rd day from acute peritonitis.

Uterine Pregnancy with Pernicious Vomiting.

Mrs. C. No. 18986. Aet 32.

Para O, was admitted suffering a severe toxæmia of pregnancy of the pernicious type. This was a second admission—the first admission was followed by marked amelioration of symptoms and she was discharged well—soon after this second admission, the uterus was emptied—she died shortly after operation of extreme toxæmia.

Fibromyoma-Diabetes.

Mrs. P. 19586. Aet 48.

Admitted suffering from a large fibromyoma, diabetes and hæmorrhage. The uterus and right appendages were removed. Following operation the patient reacted poorly, and she died on the 11th day of causes directly traceable to Diabetes.

Ovarian Cystoma—Uræmia—Chronic Nephritis.

Mrs. B. No. 19608. Aet 74.

Admitted in a precarious condition, resulting from a long standing nephritis with, in addition, a large ovarian cystoma. Uræmia developed shortly after and leath ensued. No operation was performed.

Puerperal Infection—Acute Generalized Peritonitis.

Mrs. F. No. 19123. Aet 31. Para V.

Patient delivered outside hospital by midwife, spontaneous delivery. Developed acute peritonitis on fourth day. Abdomen explored and drained. Patient died on fourth day after admission.

Puerperal Infection—Acute Peritonitis.

Mrs. D. No. 19310. Aet 29, Para O.

Spontaneous abortion of two months prior to admission—probably selfinduced—sepsis developed shortly after admission. Acute spreading peritonitis no interference in hospital. Patient died sixth day after admission.

Puerperal Infection—Thrombo Phlebitis—General Infection.

Mrs. G. No. 19587. Aet 40.

One month following delivery outside the hospital this patient showed evidence of thrombo phlebitis and widespread sepsis, there had been a laparotomy in another hospital for drainage. Condition on admission was very grave and she sank rapidly, dying three days after admission.

Tuberculous Peritonitis-Pelvic Abscess.

Mrs. C. No. 19526, Aet 26.

Admitted with a pelvic abscess. This was drained by a posterior colpotomy. She died on the 14th day. Autopsy showed a general Tuberculosis.

Carcinomatosis-Carcinoma Fundus Uteri.

Mrs. J. No. 18866, Aet 63.

Admitted with an advanced carcinoma of fundus uteri. The abdomen was explored, widespread carcinoma was discovered. Patient died shortly after operation.

Sarcomatosis-Sarcoma of Bartholinian Gland.

Mrs. K. No. 20044, Aet 46.

Admitted with a large sarcoma of vulva—an attempt was made to excise the growth. Patient died three days post-operative.

Carcinomatosis-Carcinoma of Cervix Squamous.

Mrs. W. No. 19653, Aet 67.

Admitted suffering from advanced carcinoma of the cervix—she had radium treatment in 1924 and 1925 and although the local lesion had healed there was evidence of visceral metastases. The patient died some weeks after admission.

Chronic Nephritis-Uterine Pregnancy-Rupture of aorta.

Mrs. D. No. 19686, Aet 29.

Admitted five months pregnant—she was a known chronic nephritic but did not appear for treatment or observation till time of admission. While under treatment she died suddenly. Autopsy revealed a rupture of aorta.

	1927	192 8
Total Admissions	1426	1359
Total Operations.	1055	952
Major	408	239
Minor	647	713
Total Mortality	19	14
Post Operative Mortality.	1.19%	1.5%

INDUCTION OF LABOR

This article is a review of all the cases of induced labor, by bag or bougie occurring in the Royal Victoria Montreal Maternity Hospital and the old Montreal Maternity during the past five years. It is intended to show the actual time taken when labor is induced, together with other facts.

From 1923 to 1927 inclusively there was a total of 240 cases, of which 204 cases or 86%, were bag-inductions, and 34 cases or 14%, bougie inductions, showing how much more frequently the bag method was employed.

The indications for these inductions are shown in Table 1 for the bag method. It will be noted that Toxæmia heads the list with 47%. Under toxæmia have been grouped, eclampsia, albuminuria, hypertension and pernicious vomiting.

Disproportion stands second with 20%. Disproportion was almost entirely due to the various types of contracted pelves.

The third largest group is hæmorrhage, which includes placenta praevia and premature separation of the placenta—also low implantations.

These three large groups constitute 81% of all the indications.

Table No. 1—Showing Indication for Bag Induction

Indication Cases % 1. Toxæmia			No. of		
1. Tokkenink 42 20.4% 81.6% 2. Disproportion 29 14.1% 3. Hæmorrhage 29 14.1% 4. Clinical (Demonstration Purposes) 9 14.1% 5. Pyelitis 5 14.1% 6. Cardiac Conditions 5 14.1% 7. Post Maturity 4 8 8. Mal Presentations 3 9 9. Pulmonary Tbc 2 1 10. Unknown 2 1 11. Epilepsy 1 1 12. Toxic Deafness 1 1 13. Deformed Coccyx 1 1 14. Acute Arthritis 1 1 15. Ovarian Cyst 1 1 16. Dry Labor 1 1 17. Rigid Cervix 1 1		Indication	Cases		%
17. Rigid Cervix 1	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	Toxæmia Disproportion Hæmorrhage Clinical (Demonstration Purposes Pyelitis Cardiac Conditions Post Maturity Mal Presentations Pulmonary Tbc Unknown Epilepsy Toxic Deafness Deformed Coccyx Acute Arthritis Ovarian Cyst	97 42 29 s) 9 5 5 4 3 2 2 1 1 1 1	20.4%	81.6%
	17.	Rigid Cervix.	1)

Table 2 shows the indications for the bougie method. Note the absence of hæmorrhage as an indication.

Table No. 2—Showing Indication for Bougie-Induction

Indication	No. of Cases	%
1. Toxæmia.2. Disproportion.3. Clinical.4. Prophylactic.5. Hydramnios.6. Post Maturity.7. Cardiac Conditions.8. Insanity.9. Varicose Veins.10. Sarcoma.	8 2 2 2 2 1 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 41.1\%\\23.5\%\\35.4\% \end{array} $

Table 3 shows the complete duration of induction, the duration of the bag only and the duration of the pains, for all cases and for both Primiparæ and Multiparæ. The complete duration of induction is from the time the bag was introduced until the birth of the baby. The duration of the bag only is from the time it was introduced until it was expelled. The duration of the pains is from the time the pains began, following the introduction of the bag, until the birth of the baby.

Table No. 3—Showing Complete Duration of Induction; Duration of Bag only; and Duration of Pains

	Total Cases	Primi- paræ	
Complete Duration of Induction	22 0 11		
	23.9 Hrs.	33.8 Hrs.	17.7 Hrs.
Duration of Bag only	18.3 Hrs.	25.1 Hrs.	13.7 Hrs.
Duration of Pains	15.8 Hrs.	23.0 Hrs.	11.5 Hrs.

Table 4 shows the same thing for bougie induction.

Table No. 4—Showing Complete Duration of Induction; Duration of Bougie only; and Duration of Pains.

	Total Cases	Primi- paræ	Multi- paræ
Complete Duration of Induction	40.1 Hrs	52.2 Hrs	268 Hrs
Duration of Bougie only			
Duration of Pains	21.0 Hrs.	32.9 Hrs.	10.8 Hrs.

In 5 cases the bougie method of induction failed and the bag was resorted to.

It is usually taught that a bag induction takes only about 10 hours, but these figures go to show that it takes a considerably longer period. It will be seen that in primiparæ the time taken for induction by either method is doubled in comparison with multiparæ.

The danger of a Bag Induction is a prolapsed cord. This occurred in 13 cases, or 6.3%. Of these 13 cases, 8 babies were born alive and 5 were dead, making a foetal mortality of 38.4% for prolapsed cords.

The maternal mortality for the 206 cases of bag induction was 1.94 or nearly 2%; and the infant mortality was nearly 23%. 29% were classed as febrile—the temperature having reached 100.6 on one or more occasions.

There were no maternal deaths for the 34 cases of bougie induction, the infant mortality was nearly 15% and 18% were febrile.

The technique for Bag Induction as carried out in this hospital is as follows:—

The patient is given an enema and then shaved. She is then placed in the lithotomy position and the vulva and vagina scrubbed with green-soap and sterile water, followed, after catheterizing, with biniodide solution. The cervix is exposed by a posterior retractor, and grasped and pulled down with a tenaculum forcep. Dilatation is accomplished by Hegar's dilators, so that the index finger may be inserted and the membranes gently stripped back. The bag is then rolled tightly and grasped by a special type of forceps for introducing. It resembles Tarnier's forcep on a small scale, and has a special sliding lock, so that the blades may be easily disengaged by merely pulling back the anterior blade about one half inch. The bag is introduced and partially filled with sterile water by a rubber bulb, similar to that seen in enema sets. The forceps are then removed and the bag completely filled and the stem tied. Packing is usually inserted around the neck of the bag and into the vagina. A one pound weight is attached to the bag after the pains have begun.

WALTER R. FLETCHER.

POST-PARTUM CARE OF BREASTS: Intramuscular Injections of Camphor Oil.

Breast engorgement in the non-nursing mother is a condition which has caused constant worry. The object of this report is to summarize our findings in regard to the action of hypodermic injections of Camphor in Oil on the lactating breast.

Local applications of camphor have been used for many years to relieve pain in the engorged breast but little can be found in the literature referring to the general effect of this drug as an inhabiting factor on the lactating breast. We have, at present, a collection of cases which indicates a definite inhibiting action on milk secretion. The treatment carried out is practically the same in all the cases tabulated. In order to avoid error, other forms of treatment which could influence the results were discarded and Camphor in Oil was the sole form of medication. A loose Indian binder was used in an occasional case to support pendulous breasts, but no form of pressure binder was used at any stage. After experimenting with several cases the following treatment was found to be most adequate.

Intramuscular injections of Camphor in Oil were given, grains one and one half to a single dose. The first day two injections were given with one daily injection the following three days. In any case which was not intended to nurse on account of a stillborn baby, or some other cause known at the time of delivery, it was found advisable to start this treatment the first day post-partum.

To simplify our results we have divided these cases into three divisions.

- 1. Cases which did not nurse on account of stillborn baby, Inverted nipples, etc.
- 2. Cases where the baby was weaned during the stay in hospital.
- 3. Five cases where the babies did not nurse and no medicaton given to the mothers.

Series No. 1. (Treatment started first day post-partum).
Breasts remained absolutely flat 15 cases
Slight filling, no engorgement 23 cases
Engorgement for less than six hours 8 cases (Only slight pain).
Engorgement more than six hours with
pain
No apparent reaction to treatment 4 cases
Series No. 2. (Cases where breasts are full-baby weaned).
Definite softening within twenty-four hours
Softening within forty-eight hours 5 cases (Engorgement and pain only slight).
No apparent reaction
Series No. 3. (Mothers all had deadborn babies. No form of medication given).
Every case showed engorgement with pain for over 12 hours. Average

Discussion:

A review of these eighty cases where Camphor was used shows sixty-eight individuals where a beneficial result is present and only twelve, where the action is slight or absent. It is interesting to note those eight cases in group 1 where engorgement occurred the fourth or fifth day, lasted only a few hours and marked softening took place within twenty-four hours. In direct contrast group 3 demonstrates five cases where the pain was intense and the average time of engorgement was thirty-six hours.

time of engorgement 36 hours... 5 cases

Injection of Camphor in Oil is a far simpler and less painful method of treatment than that of applying tight binders, local application of ice or the administration of large doses of magnesium sulphate. The pharmalogical action of this drug is best known as a cardiac or general stimulant. Whether its action on the breast is of a selective nature or whether there is a definite action on the internal glandular system, we do not know. It is of academic interest to note one case which occurred in this group.

Mrs. A.—Was delivered of a stillborn baby and on the following day two injections of camphor were given. (The patient had no knowledge of the nature of the injections.) Following the second injection the patient became nauseated and vomited frequently during the next few hours. After the third injection these symptoms became more pronounced and the patient volunteered the fact that she had a constant taste of camphor in her mouth. Inquiring into her history we found that during her life she had an idiosyncrasy for camphor, becoming violently ill whenever she came in contact with the substance.

To summarize:

- 1. Camphor in Oil given intramuscularly, has a definite inhibiting action on lactation.
- 2. Eighty cases have been cited, of which sixty-eight show a pronounced beneficial result.
- 3. For the relief of breast engorgement intramuscular injection of Camphor in Oil appears to be the most effective form of treatment.

Nursing during the puerperium.

In the last few years we have come to realize that the infant should not be put to breast too soon after delivery. Rest is most essential during the first few days following delivery and this cannot be obtained if the infant is forced to struggle on an empty breast. Most certainly the mother is exhausted and she should not be needlessly tormented in the first seventy-two hours post-partum.

During the last four months, two hundred cases were selected, all of which could be classed as normal. This group excludes any case which was in labor over sixteen hours, any breech or instrument delivery and every case which had an extensive repair. The first hundred cases were those where the baby was put to breast eight hours after delivery. The second hundred shows those where the baby first fed on the breast seventy-two hours after delivery. One ounce of five per cent. lactose was given every four hours to supplant the feeding in this second group. The following figures will show our findings. Observations the first ten days pasr-partum.

Group No. 1. (Baby first fed eight hours post-partum). 100 Cases.

Mothers—Cracked or fissured nipples	19%
Babies Starvation temperatures (100° or over).	12%
Weight —Gained	12
Lost	88
Total Loss	13187 grams.
Average loss	131.8 grams.

Group No. 2. (Babies first fed seventy-two hours postpartum). One ounce five per cent. lactose every four hours. 100 cases.

Mothers—Cracked or fissured nipples	14%
Babies —Starvation temperatures (100° or	,.
over)	4%
Weight —Gained	5
Lost	95
Total loss	13345 grams.
Average loss	133.45 grams.

From the mother's point of view it is much better for the infant to be first fed from the breast when the milk appears. We know that there is much irritation caused by the infant suckling on an empty breast; this irritation often is a predisposing factor in causation of cracked or fissured nipples. In multiparæ the after pains on the second and third days post-partum are not so troublesome when the baby is not nursing. Discharge examination, twelve days after delivery shows no apparent delay in involution between these cases of the first and second groups.

The babies progress very favorably on the later nursing. If 5% lactose is given at regular-intervals we present dehydration, and the usual starvation temperature. There is only a slight discrimination in weight, each infant in the second group showing 1.56 increased loss in weight.

Most certainly it can be concluded that the baby should not be put to the breast for at least seventy-two hours and it appears that both mother and child benefit by waiting until the breasts show signs of filling.

NEWELL W. PHILPOTT.

REPORT OF THE OPHTHALMOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :-

The work of the Ophthalmological Department developed satisfactorily during the year 1928. New patients in the out-door clinic, in-door patients, and patients seen by special requisition are the highest on record in the service. Our efforts to save the time and means of our patients through prompt and efficient attention are evidenced again this year by a diminution in the number of return visits.

Operations also show an increase, a feature of interest being the number of cataracts extracted. The more recent modifications of this procedure, now incorporated in our practice, have been followed wherever indicated. A new medium-sized magnet for the extraction of foreign bodies within the eye was made for us under special supervision, and our facilities for this work are being fully maintained. During the year perimetric studies were twice given full consideration by the Department in conference, and appliances were subsequently procured to enable this work to be carried out in its latest developments.

The pathological laboratory functioned continuously. Addresses and papers by members of the staff were read at Boston, Washington, and Albany, and cases of clinical interest were shown at all the meetings of the Montreal Ohpthalmological Society.

The practice of the leading ophthalmic hospitals of London and Paris was closely studied by two members of the staff on the occasion of a visit to Europe last Spring.

> W. GORDON M. BYERS, Chief, Department of Ophthalmology.

DEPARTMENT OF OPHTHALMOLOGY

RECORD OF DISEASES

For the Year Ended 31st December, 1928

ERRORS OF REFRACTION: Total Died 2 Astigmatism 1 Hypermetropia 2 Myopia..... 1 **GLAUCOMA:** 7 Glaucoma, absolute.... acute 6 " 23 chronic.... u 25 secondary... u simplex.... 2 LIDS: 2 2 1 Burn..... 2 2 Dermatitis..... 1 Ectropion 3 Entropion. 1 Papilloma.... 1 Ptosis..... 2 Wounds.... 6 LACRIMAL APPARATUS: Abscess 1 Dacryoadenitis.... 1 Dacryocystitis, acute... 5 19 chronic.. **CONJUNCTIVA:** Blepharo-conjunctivitis. 1 Burn 1 • . • . • • • • • • Conjunctivitis, acute 2 gonor-"_ rhœal. 4 " phlyctenular 3 " sub-acute 1 " 1 traumatic Hæmorrhage.... 2 Papilloma 1 Pterygium..... 2 Trachoma..... 3

	Total Died
Abrasion	. 1
Nebulæ	
Dermoid.	. 1
Dystrophy	3
Fistula.	. 1
Foreign body	2
Keratitis (with acne	. 2
rosacea)	1
band	2
dendritic	. 1
interstitial	. 4 . 7
phlyctenular	
traumatic	. 2
tuberculous	. 10
ulcerative	. 20
Kerato-conjunctivitis	. 1
Kerato-iridocyclitis	. 1
Staphyloma	. 1
Ulceration, traumatic.	1
Ulcus serpens	. 1
Wound, incised.	2
perforating	. 6
ANTERIOR CHAMBER: Hyphæmia, traumatic	. 1
SCLERA:	
Episcleritis	3
Rupture	. 1
Scleritis, tuberculous	
Sclero-keratitis,	. 2
tuberculous.	. 4
Stanhyloma	
Staphyloma	1
perforating	
perforating	, 1
LENS:	6
Aphakia	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 1 \end{array} $
Cataract, complicated	2 1
" congenital	. 7
" cortical	. 1
" diabetic	

diabetic

juvenile

perinuclear . . .

"

"

1

2

1

142 DEPARTMENT OF OPHTHALMOLOGY-RECORD OF DISEASES

LENS:—Continued	fotal Died
Cataract, secondary "senile "traumatic Dislocation Foreign body	16 76 11
UVEAL TRACT: Uveitis	2
IRIS: Foreign body Iritis Prolapse Sarcoma	1 9 5 1
CILIARY BODY:	
Cyclitis Iridocyclitis Prolapse	$\begin{smallmatrix}4\\46\\1\end{smallmatrix}$
CHOROID:	
Chorio-retinitis Choroiditis Sarcoma	4 6 1
RETINA:	
Concussion Detachment Embolism retinal artery. Retinitis Trombosis vein	1 8 1 6 2
VITREOUS:	
Hæmorrhage Opacity	1 1
OPTIC NERVE:	
Amblyopia, functional Atrophy Hæmorrhage, retro-bulbar Neuritis retro-bulbar Papillitis	1 4 1 1 3 1
EYEBALL:	
Contusion Disorganized globe Enophthalmos Foreign body Panophthalmitis Rupture Sarcoma (melano) Wound, perforating	$2 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 13 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 4$

Cellulitis Neoplasm	Total 1 1	Died
DISTURBANCES OF MOTION:		
Paralysis Strabismus, convergent "divergent	3 19 4	
MISCELLANEOUS:		
Arterio-sclerosis Erysipelas Hypertension No disease Pemphigus Prostatitis Syphilis Tuberculosis, pulmonary Valvular disease	1 2 1 2 1	
Total admissions Total discharges		
No. in Hospital end of year No. in Hospital first of year	12 6	6
- Total Deaths		6 1

Report of Operations

Advancement	18
Capsulectomy	2
Cauterization ulcer	1
Expression follicles trachoma	1
Cataract extraction	61
" intracapsular	6
" evacuation	4
Enucleation	$2\overline{5}$
Excision lacrimal sac	18
Excision papilloma lid	1
Excision prolapse iris.	3
Excision tarsus (Kuhnt Heiserath)	ĭ
Extraction foreign body with	-
magnet	10
"Hess" for ptosis.	1
Iridectomy	23^{-1}
" with conjunctival flap	20
repair	3
" Lagrange	3
" Lagrange	5

McReynolds for pterygium. Needling Opening abscess (Meibomian) Paracentesis. Plastic on lids. Removal dermoid cornea. Removal foreign body cornea. Repair wound with conjunctival flap	2 28 1 1 5 1 2. 5	Removal papilloma conjunctiva Sclerectomy Skin graft Slitting canaliculus Suturing sclera Suturing skin wound Tattooing cornea Tenotomy Sclero-corneal trephining	1 1 2 2 3 10 26
--	--	---	-----------------------------------

٥

•.

٠

•

/

٠

•

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF OTO-LARYNGOLOGY

For the Year Ending December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Whilst there has been a steady increase in the work of the Department of Oto-Laryngology during the year 1928 still there has been a slight falling off in the total number of operations performed, as compared with that of the previous year. Operations performed during 1928 totalled fifteen hundred and ninety-seven, as against sixteen hundred and twenty-eight during 1927.

There were 916 tonsil and adenoid operations performed during the last year which is a falling off of 184 cases from the previous year. This reduction is no doubt due to the closure of the Ward on account of several outbreaks of scarlet fever and the recent influenza epidemic, during which time all operations were suspended. It may also be that the increased hospital fees have had the effect of turning away a certain number of cases.

Post-operative hæmorrhage occurred in eleven cases, 9 from the tonsillar fossa, none of which was serious, and two from the adenoid bed-one of which was very serious and requires more than passing notice. This patient, a female child-E.McG-aged 5, was admitted complaining of frequent colds and tonsilitis. She gave a previous history of measles-her family history was negative. The ears, heart, lungs and urine were normal. Following the tonsil and adenoid operation she was kept in the Ward longer than usual owing to a slight pyrexia. On the eighth day after operation, temperature went up to 102, pulse to 165, and was accompanied by a very severe hæmorrhage from the adenoid bed requiring packing of the naso-pharynx, which effectively controlled The next day both temperature and pulse fell to 100 and the ít. post-nasal plug was removed. Twenty-four hours later the temperature shot up to 104 and examination showed a bilateral acute suppurative otitis media necessitating a paracentesis of both tympanic-membranes. Despite this, both temperature and pulse still continued elevated and two days later she was transferred to pædiatrics with influenza and later developed pneumonia.

There were 66 simple mastoid operations—an increase of 20 over the previous year, and 19 radical mastoid operations, a decrease of two from 1927. The Bronchoscopic Clinic, which is held every Tuesday and Friday mornings at nine o'clock, treated 109 cases during 1928. The Department of Oto-Laryngology is very anxious to foster this Bronchoscopic Clinic, and therefore urges and invites the various other Departments of the Hospital to avail themselves of its services at every opportunity.

During the past year one typhoid, five scarlet fever, and three erysipelas cases occurred in the wards. The erysipelas cases were all post-operative. The typhoid case was transferred to Medicine, and the scarlet fever and erysipelas cases were sent to the Alexandra Hospital.

It might be well here to again urge the necessity in some way of isolating the Children's ward off Ward M, as at present the little patients are constantly exposed to outside infection, owing to the fact that their Ward is made a general passage-way to the Out-Door.

During the past year Sir Vincent Meredith presented the Department with a valuable Audiometer, which has been of inestimable diagnostic value to the staff, and will undoubtedly prove of great benefit to the patients. The Staff of Oto-Laryngology greatly appreciates this further evidence of the continued interest which our President takes in this Department.

The distinguished Surgeon Sir Charles Ballance of London, England, paid us a visit this past year, and while here gave a most interesting lecture illustrated with striking moving-pictures of his experiments in facial paralysis on monkeys and other animals.

During the year the following papers have been published:-

BALLON, D. H.

- "The Technique of Bronchoscopic Pneumography With Lipiodal." Surg. Gyn. & Obst. Pages 673 to 677, Nov. 1928.
- Lecture: "Lipiodol in Pulmonary Tuberculosis." Read by invitation at the Trudeau Sanator um, Saranac, June 15th, 1928.

J

146 REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF OTO-LARYNGOLOGY

"When Building a Hospital should operating rooms of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Departments be located in the General Surgery Suite, or the Department with the Wards." Read in the Symposium on Hospital Standardization at the A.C. of S. meeting, Boston, Oct. 15th, 1928.

with HARRY C. BALLON:-

"Einige Spat Beobachtungen Uber die Wirkung des Lipiodols in der Normalen und in der kranken Lunge". Monatsschrift f. Ohrenheilk. u. Lar. Heft-Pages 1256 to 1281—1927.

McNALLY, W. J.:--

- "What is being done for the Hard of Hearing?" Read before The Montreal League for the Hard of Hearing, Feb. 28th. 1928.
- "The Physiology of the Labyrinth." Given by invitation as an instructional course at the Meeting of the Amer. Acad. of Ophth and Oto-Laryn., at St. Louis, Mo., 1928.

A signal honour was paid by the American Academy of Ophthalmology and Oto-Laryngology to the Chief of this Department, Dr. H. S. Birkett, who was presented with a gold medal, which the Academy had specially struck to commemorate his visit to them in October 1927, as their honorary guest.

The members of the Visiting and Resident staffs have greatly appreciated the courses and facilities offered them by the Departments of Anatomy and Physiology of McGill University.

During the year there were six deaths in the Wards:

One was a case of severe epistaxis which died of deliriumtremens, within thirty-six hours after admission. Three of the other cases were intracranial extensions of the neglected chronic suppurative otitis media that died in spite of prompt and energetic operative interference. It is worthy of note that there were never any localizing signs and in all three the fundi were normal.

The other two deaths were so tragic that they warrant more extensive notice:---

- 1. Male, L. M., aged 28-admitted November 26th, complaining of pain and discharge from the left ear for the past three weeks, without any noticeable loss of hearing. Past history negative. Heart, lungs and kidneys normal. On admission temperature was a hundred and three-fifths; pulse 105, and respirations 20. Mental condition was clear but during the night became very restless, and slightly Tenderness and œdema over the mastoiddelirious. profuse foul discharge from the ear, sagging of the posterosuperior wall of the auditory canal, and marked bulging and injection of the tympanic-membrane. The morning after admission the temperature was 98, pulse 60 and respirations 20 but there was a definite fluctuation over the mastoid, and patient complained of very severe pain in the ear. A simple mastoid operation was performed and a large peri-sinus abscess was evacuated. The wound was packed and dressing applied. Patient returned to the ward in good condition, pulse and colour good, breathing well. One and a half hours later respirations became laboured, colour cyanotic and the pulse rapid and running—and then sudden death. Unfortunately a postmortem was not allowed.
- 2. Male, F. M., aged 12—following a simple mastoid operation developed an acute maxillary antrum infection and ran a rather stormy course for a week. After a week of practically normal temperature both antra were washed out under general anæsthesia, the return flow from the right one being thick and muco-purulent. The patient returned from the Operating Room at 9 A.M. in good condition, and came out of anæsthetic quietly. Seemed quite well during the day but at 6:45 P.M. his colour changed, breathing became poor, pulse rapid and weak and he died within ten minutes. Again it was impossible to obtain a post-mortem.

It is regrettable that there is not some way of making an autopsy compulsory in such cases as the above two.

In recognition of the valuable work Dr. W. J. McNally has already done on the labyrinth, the American Academy of Ophthalmology and Oto-Laryngology at their meeting in St. Louis voted him \$2,000.00 to enable him to carry on further scientific investigations and research.

I desire to express my indebtedness to my colleague, Dr. James T. Rogers, for the above report.

H. S. BIRKETT, Oto-Laryngologist-in-Chief.



•

/

DEPARTMENT OF OTO-LARYNGOLOGY

RECORD OF DISEASES

For the Year Ended 31st December, 1928

•

NOSE:

USE:	
External Nose and Nasal Vestibule: Tot	al Died
Abscess, septal	1
Deformity, traumatic	1
Foreign body	2
Foreign body Simple fracture nasal	
bones	6
Furunculosis	4
Wound, contused	1
Nasal Cavities:	1 5
Deviated of	15 7 1
Epistaxis	• –
Hæmorrhage, secondary.	1 27
Nasal polyp Rhinitis, acute	
Rhinitis, acute	4 3
" chronic	3
" chronic nyper-	20
trophic	1
" vasomotor	1
Nasal Sinuses:	
Ethmoiditis	8
Fistula antrum	1
Foreign body antrum	1
Pansinusitis	4
Polyp maxillary sinus	1
Sinusitis, frontal	12
" frontal and	
maxillary	3
" maxillary	68
" ethmoidal	
frontal and	
maxillary	1
" ethmoidal and	
sphenoidal	1
" ethmoidal	
frontal and	
sphenoidal	1
" sphenoidal	1
Fauces, Pharynx and Naso-Pharynx:	
Abscess, peritonsillar	22 3
" retro-pharyngeal	3

• Tota	l Died
Carcinoma pharynx	1 1
Hæmorrhåge P.O. adenoid "P.O. tonsils	1 6
" secondary P.O. adenoids	3
" secondary P.O. tonsils	8
" tonsils and	.7
adenoids 64 Pharyngitis Polyp naso-pharynx Rhino-pharyngitis Tonsillitis, acute chronic septic 81	3 1 6 28
LARYNX, TRACHEA, BRONCHI, LUNGS:	
Collapse lung Pneumothorax Stenosis, larynx	1 1 2
Acute:	
Laryngitis. Laryngo-tracheitis. Oedema glottis. Pneumonia, broncho "lobar	5 2 1 1 5
Chronic:	
Abscess lung Asthma Bronchiectasis Laryngitis Tuberculosis, larynx pulmonary.	2 8 3 2 2 3
TUMORS-BENIGN:	
Papilloma vocal cord Polyp larynx	1 4
Tumor larynx—un- specified	1

150 DEPARTMENT OF OTO-LARYNGOLOGY-RECORD OF DISEASES

TUMORS-MALIGNANT:		.	Internal:
Carcinoma larynx "trachea	`otal : 2 1	Died	Deafness, nerv Labyrinthine Labyrinthitis,
AFFECTIONS LARYNGEA	L		Meniére's syn
NERVES:			MISCELLANEOU
Paralysis vocal cord	3		Abscess, brain
MISCELLANEOUS DISEAS OF PHARYNX AND TRACHEA:	SES		" subr " subp " temp spl
Foreign body trachea	1		Adenitis, cerv
LARYNGEAL PHARYNX AND ŒSOPHAGUS:			" cerv cı Arthritis
Abrasion œsophagus	1		Auto-intoxicat
Carcinoma œsophagus	5		Delirium trem
Foreign body œsophagus	5		Ecchymosis ey
MOUTH			Epilepsy Erysipelas
MOUTH:			Folliculitis
Abscess, alveolar	1		Influenza
" tongue	1 1		Migraine
Cyst, dentigerous Frenum lip	1		Meningismus.
Glossitis	1		Meningitis, ce
Wound, lacerated, lip	1		Myocarditis
· · · -			Nephritis Neurosis
EAR:			No diagnosis.
External:			No disease
Adenitis preauricular	1		Paralysis, facia
Cyst, postauricular	1		Periphlebitis j
Exostosis.	1		Pyorrhœa
Furunculosis	3 1		Rheumatic fev Scarlet fever
	1		Syphilis, tertia
Middle:			Tumor medias
Abscess, perisinus	1	1	Valvular disea
Cellulitis, mastoid wound	2		cardiac
Otitis media, acute,	10		Varicella
catarrhal	16		. Total Deaths
Otitis media, acute, sup- purative	64	1	
Otitis media, acute with	UT	1	
mastoid complications.	101	1	STATISTIC
Otitis media, chronic,			5111511
catarrhal	6		Total Discharges.
Otitis media, chronic,	~ ~		Total Admissions.
suppurative	34	1	
Otitis media, chronic, suppurative with			
mastoid	35	1	No. in Hospital fir
Otosclerosis	1	^	No. in Hospital en
Polyp aural	5		
Thrombosis lateral sinus.	3	1	

Deafness, nerve	2 2	
Labyrinthine irritation		
Labyrinthitis, toxic	1	
Meniére's syndrome	1	
ISCELLANEOUS:		
Abscess, brain	2	
" submaxillary	1	
" subperiosteal	8	
" temporo-		
sphenoidal	1	
Adenitis, cervical	2	
cervical, tuber-	-	
culous	7	
Arthritis.	2 1	
Auto-intoxication	1	
Delirium tremens	1	
Ecchymosis eyelid	3	
Epilepsy.		
Erysipelas Folliculitis	2 1	
Influenza	6	
Migraine	1	
Meningismus	1	
Meningitis, cerebral	1	1
Myocarditis	î	•
Myocarditis Nephritis	Î	
Neurosis	î	
No diagnosis		
No disease	2 3	
Paralysis, facial	4	
Periphlebitis jugular vein	1	
Pyorrhœa	1	
Rheumatic fever	1	
Scarlet fever	4	
Syphilis, tertiary	1	
Tumor mediastinum	1	
Valvular disease chronic		
cardiac	3	
Varicella	1	
tal Deaths	••	8

Total Died

CS FOR 1928

Total Discharges 2090
Total Admissions 2088
2
No. in Hospital first of year 26
No. in Hospital end of year 24
2

STATISTICS

DEPARTMENT OF OTO-LARYNGOLOGY

OPERATIONS ROSS MEMORIAL PAVILION

NOSE AND NASAL SINUSES:

Curettage and suturing fistula	
of antrum	1
Intra drainage frontal sinus.	4
Enlarging opening sphenoid.	1
Ethmoidectomy	4
Incision furuncle	1
Opening antrum-Mickulitz.	1
Radical antrum	30
Radical frontal	1
Resection septum	50
Removal foreign body antrum	j
Removal nasal polypi	Ģ
Setting simple fracture nose.	
Turbinotomy	12
-	

Fauces, Pharynx, Naso-Pharynx:

Arresting secondary hæmor-	
rhage tonsil	3
Incision tonsil.	1
Incision peritonsillar abscess.	3
Uvulotomy	1
Tonsillectomy-	
Adenoidectomy	55
•	

LARYNX, TRACHEA, BRONCHI-LUNGS:

1 4 1 4	Direct bronchoscopy Direct laryngoscopy Removal foreign body trachea	4 2 1
1 1 30	LARYNX, PHARYNX AND ŒSOPHAGUS:	
1 50	Direct œsophagoscopy	1
1 9	MOUTH:	
112	Removal frenum lip	1
. 2	EAR:	
	Curettage mastoid cavity Opening lateral sinus Paracentesis	2 1 17
3	Plastic on mastoid	2
1 3	Radical mastoid	11
3 1	Removal aural polyp Removal exostosis of auditory	3
	meatus	1
55	Simple mastoid	44

OPERATIONS OUT-DOOR OPERATING ROOM

Tonsillectomy and Adenoidectomy	916	
Post Operative Tonsillar Hæmor-		
rhage	9	
Post Operative Adenoid Hæmor-	_	
r hage	2	
Paracentesis	66	
Simple Mastoid	66	
Expos. Lateral Sinus-Ligation		
Int. Jugular	2	
Closure Mastoid Fistula	8	
Removal Aural Polyp	2	
Ossiculectomy	1	
Radical Mastoid	19	
Plastic to Radical Mastoid	13	
Incision of Furuncle in Ear	3	
Removal F.B. from Ear	2	
Mastoid Dressing-Examination		
of Ear with Anæsthetic	2	
Puncturing Antrum—Irrigating	183	
Radical Antrum	24	
Suturing Antrum	2	
Frontal Sinus—Drainage Intra-		
Nasal	1	
A (a) a) a) a) a) a) a) a) a) a	-	

Radical Frontal Sinus	1
Sphenoidectomy-Ethmoidectomy	2
Removal Nasal Polypi	34
Turbinotomy	13
Resection of Septum	55
Reduction Simple Fracture of	
Nasal Bones.	8
Plastic to Nose	2
Cauterization of Nose	8
Removal F.B. from Nose	4
Direct Laryngoscopy	33
Direct Oesophagoscopy	27
Direct Bronchoscopy	44
D. Bronchoscopy with Lipiodol	
Injection.	16
Injection Transglottic Injection Lipiodol	6
Removal F.B. from Oesophagus.	9
Removal F.B. from Trachea	1
Tracheotomy	1
Larvngo Fissure for Carcinoma	1
Incision Retro-Pharyngeal Abscess	1

TOTAL......1597

REPORT OF THE UROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928.

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

ι

The year 1928 has been one of continued effort and success for the Department.

Late in the year an epidemic of influenza swept the city of Montreal, during its virulent period the greater portion of the beds of the Department were given over to undergraduate nurses, the victims of the epidemic. Urological cases of an emergency nature only were therefore admitted to the Department.

There has been for some years a growing sentiment among Canadian Urologists looking toward the establishment of either a Canadian Urological Association, or a section of Urology in the Canadian Medical Association. With this end in view there met in Montreal in June, 1928, thirty Urologists representing all parts of Canada. It was decided that a section of Urology in the national body would best suit the conditions at present obtaining in the country. The first meeting of the new section is to be in Montreal at the time of the meeting of the Canadian Medical Association in June, 1929.

During the year the following papers have been published, or are in process of publication:

David W. MacKenzie: Monograph "Stricture of the Urethra." Practice of Surgery. (Dean Lewis Editor).

"Surgical Conditions of the Bladder." Oxford System of Surgery. (In publication).

- David W. MacKenzie with Allan B. Hawthorne: "Renal Aplasia and Hypoplasia."A Factor in Renal Surgery. Canadian Medical Journal, June 1928. Vol. VIII. 502-508.
- David W. MacKenzie with Allan B. Hawthorne: "The Distribution of Foreign Particles including Bacteria in the Kidney." Trans. American Genito-Urinary Association, 1928. Vol. XXI.
- M. I. Seng: "Dilatation of Ureters and Renal Pelves in Pregnancy." Journal of Urology. (In publication).
- N. E. Berry: "Leiomyosarcoma of the Kidney." Review of the literature and report of case. Canadian Medical Journal. (In publication).

Respectfully submitted,

D. W. MacKENZIE, Urologist-in-Chief.

OPERATIONS IN THE UROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT (Indoor)

For the Year Ended 31st December, 1928

Circumcis	sion			
Closing of	f suprar	ubic sinu	S	
ແິແ	i ii	**	with dilatat	tion of urethra 1
Coagulati	on of u	rethral ca	runcle	5
Coagulati	on of ve	enereal w	arts	
Curettage	e of pers	sistent sin	us following	nephrectomy 1
Cystotom	iy, supra	apubic for		n prostatism
"	"	"		culi
"	"	"		and vesical calculi 4
"	"	"		and ureteral calculus 1
"	"	"		and prostatic abscess 1
"	"			cisions in the scrotum and perineum
				tion of urine 1
"	"			carcinoma of prostate
"	"	wit	h coagulation	n of carcinoma of bladder 4
"	"			n of papilloma of bladder 1
				••••
Cystoscoj				
"	with	ureteral c	atheterizatio	
"	"	"	"	una pjeregrani i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
"	"	"	"	and pyeloureterogram 85 pyeloureterogram and cystogram 27
"			1:1-4-4:	F)
"				ma of bladder
"				eral calculus with operating scope . 1
Custoara				
L'hatatio				
"				1
"				rethrotomy for multiple strictures of
				1
"				ılus 1
"	" ur	ethra wit	h fulguration	n1
Dorsal sl				1
Epididyn	nectomy	v for tube	rculosis	
"	-	" chro	nic epididyn	nitis
Excision	of cyst	of epidid	ymis	,
"	"	scrotal		
"	"	spermati	$c cord \ldots$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				eration)
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
				•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
				perineal section for drainage
"	Urinary	r fistula (e	congenital) v	with suprapubic cystotomy

Herniot	omy			•••••		8
Incision	and dr	ainage o	of abscess	, perine	phritic	2
**	••	••	•• ••	periur	ethral	1
"	"		"	perine	al	1
"	"	"	"	ischio	-rectal	1
"	"	"	"	peri-r	ectal	1
Laparot	omy an	d supra	pubic cys	totomy	for bladder fistula (carcinoma)	1
Nephree	ctomy f	or renal	l tubercul	osis	·····	4
. "		' pyon	ephrosis.		••••••	4
"	"	' hydr	onephrosi	s	••••••	4
"	"	' renal	calculus		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1
u		'aden	oma desti	ruens.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1
"	•	' papil	llarv aden	ocarcin	oma	1
Nephro	tomy fo	r nephr	olithiasis	ocarem	••••••	3
Nenhro	nexy for	r nephr	ontosis	• • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4
Orchide	ctomy f	or tum	or of testi	•••••	•••••	2
"	ctomy i	and even	sion of si	nus for	tuberculosis	1
"					tuberculosis	1
"					epididymitis.	1
Dorinoo	c l contine		actatic ab		······	2
i ennea. "						4
"	"	" ac	ute estrav	"asation	(phlegmon)	1
"	"	"			(periurethral abscess)	3
ű	ű					2
"	"				adias	1
"	"				ula, perineal urinary	2
"	"				(traumatic)	4
					omy for rupture of urethra bulbo-	-
D.					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·]
					orchidism	
	repair o				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
u	"	' vesico	-uterine f	istula.		1
"	"	" sinus	and dilata	ation of	urethra following prostatectomy	1
"	on body	y of pen	is for hyp	pospadia	lS	
	formati	on of a	nterior ur	ethra fo	or hypospadias	-
"	"	" с	anal from	scrotu	n to glans for scrotal hypospadias.	41
Prostate	ectomy	suprapi	ubic for p	rostatis	m (two stage)	-+
		"	"	66 /*	(one stage)	4
и		"	.("	and prostatic calculi	1
"		"	"	"	and ureteral calculus	
"		"	ű	"	and vesical calculi	4
ű		"	66	"	and carcinoma of prostate	
					(one stage1)	~
					(two stage1)	2
Prostate	ectomv	perinea	1			16
Pyeloto	my for	colculu	IC .			2
"		1 manhe	otomiz for	· colculi	19	1
Pyelour	atoratos	my for	urataral c	alculus :	and stricture of urelef	10
I rotoro	tomat to		110			1
Docostic	-	ma of t	Jadder			1
Repair s	sacropu	bic herr	11a	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
					TOTAL	1046

DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY

.

RECORD OF DISEASES

DISEASES OF THE

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

DISEASES OF THE

KIDNEY:	Total	Died	BLADDER:	Total	Died
Ruptured kidneyAbscess perinephriticAlbuminuriaAnuriaColic, renalHæmaturia, cause undeterminedHæmaturia, cause undeterminedHydronephrosis"congenit"infectedInfarct of kidneyInsufficiency, renalNephritis, acute"chronicNephrotosisPyelitisTuberculosis of kidneyUræmiaCalculus renalCyst of kidneyAdenoma destruens of	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Rupture of bladder Adhesions of bladder Atony of bladder Contracted vesical neck Cystitis Diverticulum of bladde Enuresis Fistula, urinary supra pubic "suprapubic congenital. "vesico-intestim "vesico-rectal. Incontinence of urine. Retention of urine Trabeculation of bladd Trigonitis Tuberculosis of bladder Calculus, vesical Foreign body in bladder Carcinoma of bladder Carcinoma of bladder	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1
kidney Double renal pelvis and ureters Sinus, loin	1 . 4	Ł	DISEASES OF THE URETHRA:		
DISEASES OF THE URETER:			Rupture of urethra Abscess of urethra Caruncle, urethral Congestion prostatic urethra	1 8	
Ureteroceole Hydro-ureter Stricture of ureter ""con- genita Colic, ureteral Calculus, ureteral Dilated and kinked uret	. 3 . 5 . 10 . 10 . 85	3 5 2 5 5	Extravasation of uri with periurethral phlegmon Foreign body in urethr Ulceration periurethral Fistula, urethral, perin Folliculitis, gonorrhœa Urethritis, non-gonorr " gonorrhœa	8 ra. 1 l 3 leal 2 l 1 hœal 3	

DISEASES OF THE

URETHRA—Continued	Total	Died
Stricture of urethra, gonorrhœal Stricture of urethra,	. 26	
traumatic	. 8	
Stricture of urethra, tuberculous	1	
Small urethra, congenita		
, Hypospadias	. 6	
DISEASES OF THE MAI GENERATIVE ORGAN		
Balano-posthitis	. 1	
Ulceration chancroidal		
penis		
Phimosis		
Paraphimosis	. 1	
Redundant prepuce		
Adherent prepuce		
Cyst spermatic cord		
Hæmatocele		
Varicocele		
Hydrocele		
Teratoma of testicle		
Carcinoma of testicle	. 2	
Undescended testicle	. 15	
Tuberculosis of testicle.	. 2	
Cyst of epididymis	. 4	
Epididymitis, gonorrho		
" traumatio		
Vesiculitis, gonorrhœal.	. 4	
Tuberculosis of seminal		
vesicles	. 3	
Abscess of prostate	. 2	
Prostatitis, gonorrhœal,		
acute	19	
Prostatitis, gonorrhœal, chronic	. 22	
Prostatism	. 114	12
Calculus of prostate		
Obstruction prostate,	-	
traumatic	. 1	
Fibroma of prostate	. 1	
Carcinoma of prostate		3
Tuberculosis of prostate		
·····		

DISEASES OF THE FEMALE GENERATIVE ORGANS:

A1 D I II I	Total	Died
Abscess, Bartholinian.	. 1	
Cellulitis, pelvic	. 5	
Cyst, ovary	. 1	
Cystocele	. 5	
Fibroid uterus.	. 4	
Hyperplasia uterus Salpingo-ovaritis	. 3	4
Vaginitis	. 4	1
ABDOMEN:	1	
Ascites	. 1	
Hernia, femoral " inguinal	. 2	
" ventral	16 . 3	
	. 5	
RECTUM AND ANUS:		
Abscess, ischio-rectal	4	
" peri-rectal	. 1	
Carcinoma rectum	. 2 . 2 . 7	
Fistula perineal	. 2	
Hæmorrhoids		
Prolapse rectum		
Abscess, anal	. 1	
Fissure, anal	. 3	
TRACHEA AND BRONCH	HI:	
Asthma	. 2	
AsthmaBronchitis	. 10	
LUNGS:		
Atelectasis	. 1	
Emphysema.	. 4	
Pneumonia-broncho	-	
Tuberculosis.		
PLEURA AND MEDIASTINUM:		
Pleurisy acute, fibrinous	. 1	
SPECIFIC AND GENERA INFECTIOUS DISEASE	L S:	
Bubo-inguinal,		
chancroidal	. 2	
Cellulitis hand.		
Syphilis		
Syphilis " congenital	. 1	
METABOLISM:		
Diabates mellitus	. 7	1
Gangrene diabetic		

Total Died

TUMORS:

Carcinomatosis	1
Cyst, perineal	1

DISEASES OF THE SKIN:

Condyloma	acuminatum	1
Urticaria	· . 	1

CIRCULATORY SYSTEM:

Angina pectoris Arterio-sclerosis	2 16
" " with hyper	
tension.	7
Auricular fibrillation	3
Decompensation	2
Dilatation, cardiac	1
Extra systoles	1
Hypertension	4
Hypertrophy cardiac	5
Hypotension	2
Myocarditis	14
Phlebitis	3
Thrombo-phlebitis	1
Thrombosis, coronary	1
Valvular disease	15

LYMPHATIC SYSTEM:

A 1	•	• •							
Adentitie	100	riiinol							1
Adenitis	1115	, umai .	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	

BLOOD:

Anæmia, pernicious	. 1
" s econdary	. 6
Leukæmia, lymphatic.	1
Septicæmia	. 3

DUCTLESS GLANDS:

Hypopituitarism	1
Hypothyroidism	1
Myxœdema	1

NERVOUS SYSTEM:

Sclerosis, cerebral	2
Degeneration brain	1
Dementia	1
Epilepsy	1
General paresis	1
Hæmorrĥage, cerebral	1
Neurasthenia	4
Neuritis	2
	_

1

	Total	Died
Neurosis	. 1	
Pachymeningitis	. 1	
Paraplegia	. 1	
Poliomyelitis	1	
Sclerosis, subacute com-	-	
bined		
Syphilis, cerebro-spinal.	. 3	

BONES AND JOINTS:

BONES AND JOINTS:	
Arthritis " deformans " gonorrhœal Fragilitas ossium Osteomyelitis, specific Synovitis	6 1 2 1 1 1
EYE AND EAR: .	
Astigmatism Conjunctivitis Irido-cyclitis Thrombosis, retinal	1 1 1 1
MOUTH, LIPS,	
PHARYNX, etc.:	
Abscess, peri-tonsillar. Fibroma lip Tonsillitis Hypertrophy of tonsils	1 1 2
and adenoids Vincent's angina	1 1
ŒSOPHAGUS:	
Spasm	1
STOMACH:	
Carcinoma Gastritis Neurosis Obstruction, pyloric Ulcer	4 1 2 1 2
INTESTINES:	
AppendicitisCarcinomaConstipationDiarrhœaDiverticulitisFæcal impactionObstructionStasisUlcer, duodenal	6 4 1 1 1 1 1 2

LIVER AND GALL BLADDER:

Total Died

BLADDER:	tal Died	STATISTICS FOR 1928	
Cholecystitis chr ""with calculus	7 1	Total discharges	
Cholelithiasis	2	10	
Jaundice, catarrhal	1		
UNCLASSIFIED:		No. in Hospital first of year 34 No. in Hospital end of year 24	
Asthenia	2		
No disease	2	10	
No urological condition	19		
Not diagnosed	3	Total Deaths	26

٠

1

REPORT OF THE PATHOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :---

Herewith is transmitted the report of the Pathological Institute for 1928 under the headings of its divisions and in tabulated form. It shows a heavy increase in all divisions, particularly in the department of Bacteriology. No attempt has been made to include here the more strictly academic work incident to special problems of investigation, but the report is confined to routine. It would hardly have been possible to carry it to the extent here shown, except for the active interest and co-operation of the Governors and Superintendent of the Hospital, more particularly in placing at the disposal of the Pathological Institute a part of the revenue derived from hospital charges. These new, much-needed resources were put to expense accounts for the imperative demands of a departmental library, towards new equipment and supplies and towards some wages and staff salaries made necessary by the expansion of the work. The university has thus also profited by this arrangement.

It is an encouraging and gratifying sign that the interest into the scientific penetration of diseases during life and after death is generally increasing, and this Pathological Institute is gradually becoming one of the centres for this work for a number of hospitals. The advantages of this development, both from the academicscientific and practical standpoints cannot be overestimated, and, it is hoped, will continue and increase.

> HORST OERTEL, Pathologist-in-Chief.

I. DIVISION OF MORBID ANATOMY (Dr. CHASE, PROSECTOR, in Charge)

During the year 1928 the department of Morbid Anatomy did partial or complete autopsies on three hundred and ten (310) bodies. This represents an increase of nearly 12% over the previous year. Two hundred and twenty-eight (228) of these cases came from the various departments of the Royal Victoria Hospital. These were divided as follows:

Department of Medicine (Public 107, Private 12)	119
Department of Surgery (Public 31, Private 11)	42
Special Departments	13
Obstetrics and Gynæcology	11
Babies, stillborn and neonatal	43
-	
	228

Other city hospitals requested autopsies on eighty-two (82) cases. These came from the following institutions:

Woman's General Hospital.	53
St. Mary's Hospital	10
Homeopathic Hospital of Montreal	9
Alexandra Hospital	7
Montreal Foundling and Baby Hospital.	3
5	
	82

This figure represents more than twice the number of autopsies from outside hospitals than in any previous year. It is a gratifying demonstration of the growing interest in *post mortem* examinations.

An average of twenty-four (24) histological slides were made from each autopsy. This represents a total of over seventy-five hundred (7500) slides prepared by the technical staff during the year, an increase of twenty-five hundred (2500) slides over the previous κ year. All gross and histological lesions were carefully protocoled, and finally a synopsis of each case was prepared. In this synopsis an attempt was made to correlate clinical and anatomical findings and to indicate any peculiar features, with references to the recent literature in some instances.

During the year the special department of Neuro-pathology under the supervision of Dr. Young was taken over by Dr. Penfield. All cases referable to this department were investigated conjointly. Special reports were incorporated in the protocol and a final synopsis prepared on each case.

Post mortem material was made available to all the staff through weekly conferences. At these conferences all cases for the week were presented by the autopsists and were mutually discussed by the staff of the Pathological Institute.

II. DIVISION OF SURGICAL PATHOLOGY (Prof. WAUGH, in Charge)

During the year 1928, the department of Surgical Pathology examined twenty-one hundred and eighteen (2118) specimens, consisting of twenty-five hundred and twenty-two (2522) tissues and organs. From these approximately sixty-six hundred (6576) histological sections were prepared for microscopic examination. The specimens were divided among the various services of the hospital as follows:—Surgery, 1287; Obstetrics and Gynæcology, 672; Urology, 101; Otolaryngology, 41; Medicine, 4; Outside, 22.

III. DIVISION OF MORPHOLOGICAL HAEMATOLOGY

(Prof. WAUGH, in Charge)

During the year 1928 the department of Morphological Hæmatology carried out one hundred and sixty-two (162) blood examinations. These consisted of one hundred (100) complete morphological blood studies and sixty-two (62) partial examinations. They were divided among the various services as follows:---Medicine, 122; Surgery, 17; Otolaryngology, 11; Obstetrics and Gynæcology, 7; Radiology, 3; Urology, 2. This represents an increase of 15% in the work of this department over the previous twelve months.

IV. DIVISION OF BACTERIOLOGY

(Prof. BRUERE, in Charge)

A. Systematic Report. (See following chart.)

B. Technical Report on Preparation of Media. (See following chart.)

	Medicine	Surgery	Urology	Gynæcology & Obstetrics	Ophthal- mology	Oto-Laryn- gology	Out-Patients	Pathology	TOTAL
Miscellaneous Cultures	421	467	461	54	79	155	165	72	1874
Blood Cultures	174	34	4	10		6	6	5	239
Pneumococcus Typing	77	24					1	3	105
Guinea-pig Inoculations	55	43	24			1	8	2	133
Vaccines	39	14			2	7	113		••

A. SYSTEMATIC REPORT

Wasserman tests on the Blood	3906
Wassermann tests on the Spinal Fluid	317
Compliment fixation tests in Gonorrhæa and its complications	154
Of these there were:	
Positive Wassermann tests on the Blood	591
Positive Wassermann tests on the Sp. Fluid	88
Positive Gono-Compliment fixation tests	35
Lange test, positive	95

TECHNICAL REPORT ON MEDIA B. Media made during 1928

													1
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	TOTAL NUMBER OF TUBES
Dextrose Saccharose Mannit Peptone Litmus Milk Gelatine " Glucose " Cal. Carb	788 852 540 410 26 308 1313 660	794 704 717 438 738 1015 945 640 355 82	860 830 555 894 690 9 30 830 630 320	843 550 874 1136 727 856 1483 660 157	720 	 553 218 41 491	 1674 420	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	540 560 375 322 690	99 98 94 90 562	582 480 697 667	···· 762 ··· 260 ···	3178 3510 4205 4580 3158 2868 4368 7055 3141
" Trypsin Agar P Plating " Slants " Glu Plat " " Slants " Glycerine *L. B. S Endo	164 343 187 108 119	453 672 160 476 120	82 73 177 243 157 253	293 168 915 160 439	83 290 184 225	136 138 241 270 247 139 	452 455 130 150	336 	129 450 488 345 222	140 246 963 210 595 107 182	420 188 368	 688 145	383 937 3286 4451 1007 188 1085 2398 1271
Russells *V. P Nitrate Broth Holmans Dorsetts Hormone Petroffs Tyrode Sol	256 376 	145 ••• ••• ••• •••	 144 45 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 56 18 	124 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	207	56 280 	···· ··· 174 52	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	532 256 656 144 101 18 174 52
Ox Bile Vaseline Serums: Dex Sacc Lactose Mannit. Salicin Dextrine Gly Pep Bile	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	170 156 444 412 465 167	· · · · • · · · • · · · • · · · • · · ·	41 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70 	70 41 170 156 444 412 465 167
Various Saline Citrate Liver Agar Potato Ascitic Agar	256		252 	240 112		162 	220 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	260 225 	 500 48	138 147	162 377 756 477 500 108 259
Flasks 100 c.c.: Cal. Carb. BIB Glucose BIB Plain BIB Tomato BIB Plain Agar 200 Clawsons 250	6725 17 	10368 20 	7965 20 	9654	1502 	2710 	3625	336	4238 10	4299 61 40 12 8	4176 68 70 9	2210 23 50 	57606 37 172 110 62 10 17
Plates: Ascitic Agar Blood Agar Choc Agar Sod Oleate Endo Corn Starch	17	20 	20 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · • · · · • · · · • · · ·	···· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10 	121 38 10 10 10	147 60 100 15 14 20 	73 44 46 	408 98 154 25 60 20 10
*BIBBeef 1	••••		• • • •	•••	• • •		••••	••••	••••	68	209	90	367

*BIB—Beef Infusion Broth. L. B. S.—Loffler's Blood Serum. V. P.—Voges & Proskauer.

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ROENTGENOLOGY

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1928

To the GOVERNORS OF THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL.

Gentlemen :----

During 1928 alterations were made in the Main X-Ray Department. The rooms formerly used were re-arranged and added to. The X-Ray apparatus, which was old, was turned in and new apparatus installed to take its place. Three complete new X-Ray units were installed.

The Main X-Ray Department now consists of two waiting rooms, a filing room, dental room, clerk's office, office for the Director of the Department, a viewing room, a fluoroscopic barium room, a fracture fluoroscopic room, a radiographic room, a deep therapy room, a superficial therapy room and a dark room. These rooms all line the main passage leading to the Ross Pavilion. There is also a storage vault, which is fire-proof, for storing films.

Each main room has two dressing rooms attached to it. The old Snook Machine, which has been used for twenty years, was replaced by a new X-Ray unit made by Kellyket. The Radiographic room was completely supplied by Kellyket with a power plus unit having a zero timer and a new stereoscopic upright stand. Coronaless overhead was installed in four rooms where it was required.

In the fracture fluoroscopic room there was installed the Waite and Bartlett couch with the tube under it which has been for the last two years in the Outdoor Department. To this was added an overhead so that fluoroscopic examinations with rays perpendicular and horizontal can be made while setting fractures, removing foreign bodies from the lung and removing foreign bodies in general. This fracture unit is also available for making radiographs and for chest and stomach examinations. The barium fluoroscopic room is also fitted with a tube underneath and over the couch and has a separate Potter Buckey table. Its apparatus has a timing device measuring down to 1/20th of a second. The dental room is fitted with a Waite and Bartlett dental unit and dental chair. This room can also be used for making ordinary radiographs as the portable unit and a couch are also kept in this room. The staff has been increased by the addition of a second clerk, a Dental Technician and a second porter.

These alterations and improvements to the Department were completed by the 1st October and have met with the entire satisfaction of the Medical Staff. The work of the Department has also increased.

The results of gastro-intestinal X-Ray examinations have given 90.5% correct diagnoses as proved by operation. The results are as follows:

1928 Main X-Ray Department

Number of patients examined	1021
Number of patients operated on	82
Number of correct diagnoses	74
Percentage of correct diagnoses	90.5%

The results of the Graham test for disease of the gall bladder have given 92% correct diagnoses as proved by operation. The results are as follows:—

1928 Main X-Ray Departmer Graham Test (Tetraiodophenophth	
Number of cases injected Number of patients operated on Number of correct diagnoses Number of normals Percentage correct diagnoses	
MAIN X-RAY Total Number of Patients for Skiagraphs 7487 Total Number of Films including Dental Number of Dental Films Number of patients for X-Ray Treatments Number of X-Ray Treatments	15804 2180 427 2652
ROSS X-RAY Total Number of Patients for Skiagraphs. 2954 Total Number of Films including Dental Number of Dental Films Total Number of Films Used in New Pavilion	9880 2034

Total Number of Patients from New Pavilion			108	387
WARD "L" X-RAY				
Number of Patients for Skiagraphs Number of Films taken	384	1230		
ROSS OPERATING ROOM X-RAY				
Number of Patients for Skiagraphs Number of Films taken	162	531		
	10987	27445	4214 535	3039
Total Number of Patients for Skiagrap Total Number of Films including Dent Total Number of Dental Films Number of Patients for X-Ray Treatm Number of X-Ray Treatments	al2 ents	1928 0,987 27,445 4,214 535 3,039	1927 10,284 24,096 3,984 518 2,639	

Respectfully submitted,

A. HOWARD PIRIE, Roentgenologist-in-Chief.

. .

OUT-PATIENTS DEPARTMENT

,

LIST OF CLINICS

Asthma
Bronchoscopic Tue. and Fri 9-10 A.M.
Cardio-Renal Tue. and Fri 9-10 A.M.
Dermatology Saturday 10 A.M.
Wednesday 1-2 P.M.
Fracture
Gastro-Intestinal Mon. and Thurs 9-10 A.M.
General Medical Daily 10 A.M.
Genito-Urinary Female, Thur 9 A.M.
Male, Daily 12.30-1.30 P.M.
Laryngology
Metabolism (Diabetic)Thursday 2 P.M.
" " (Ductless Glds).Wednesday 10 A.M.
Neurology
Neuro-Surgery
Orthopædic Tue. and Fri 1.30-2.30 P.M.
Ophthalmology
Psychiatry Tue. and Fri 2 P.M.
PædiatricsDaily10-11 A.M.
Pulmonary
SurgicalDaily

NEW PAVILION

Gynæcology	Daily	Except Sat	2-3	P.M.
Pre-Natal	Daily	Except Sat	2-3	Р.М.

REGULATIONS

GOVERNING PUBLIC WARD PATIENTS

- ACCOUNTS All patient's accounts are rendered weekly and are payable within two days from date rendered. The final account must be paid in full before the patient leaves the Hospital.
- CHEQUES UNACCEPTED CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED BY THE HOSPITAL.
- CHAPLAINS Chaplains of various denominations attend the Hospital daily, and will visit a patient if a request is made through the nurse in charge of the Ward.
- TRANSFER A patient who desires to be transferred from a Public Ward to a Private Room must first of all settle the Public Ward account and Deposit the sum of \$40.00. The patient will be responsible for all extra charges incurred (As per Schedule of Charges for Private Patients), and the Professional Fee of the Attending Physician, Surgeon or Specialist from date of admission to Private Room.
- VALUABLES VALUABLES SHOULD BE HANDED OVER TO THE NURSE IN CHARGE OF THE WARD, WHO WILL ENTER THEM IN A BOOK FOR THAT PURPOSE, AFTER WHICH THEY WILL BE DEPOSITED IN THE HOSPITAL VAULT. THE HOSPITAL WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY MONEY OR VALUABLES RETAINED IN THE WARD BY A PATIENT. VALUABLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF IF UNCLAIMED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER DISCHARGE OR DEATH OF PATIENT.
- VISITORS Friends are permitted to visit Public Ward Patients on the following days:—

Wednesday	3 to 4 P.M.
Friday	3 to 4 P.M.
Sunday	3 to 4.30 P.M.

Visitors are not allowed in the Children's Wards "N" and "H" without obtaining special permission from the Office Manager.



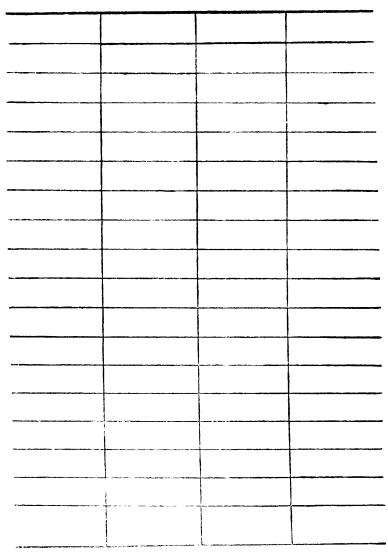
THE

Royal Victoria Hospital MONTREAL

Thirty-Fifth Annual Report

for the year ended

31st DECEMBER, 1928



Date Due

Royal Vintal Winter Winter 135 С 39560

