

HEAD OFFICE: WALKERVILLE, ONTARIO

# Annual Report of

# Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited

For the year ended August 31
1943



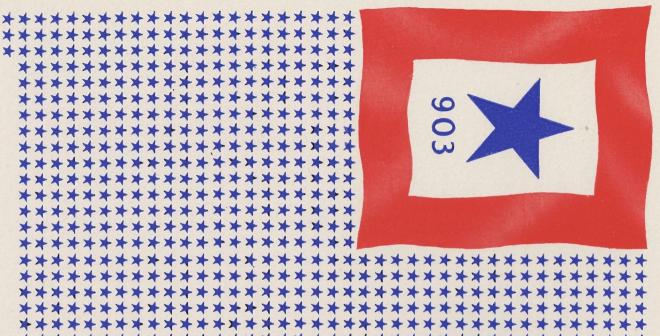
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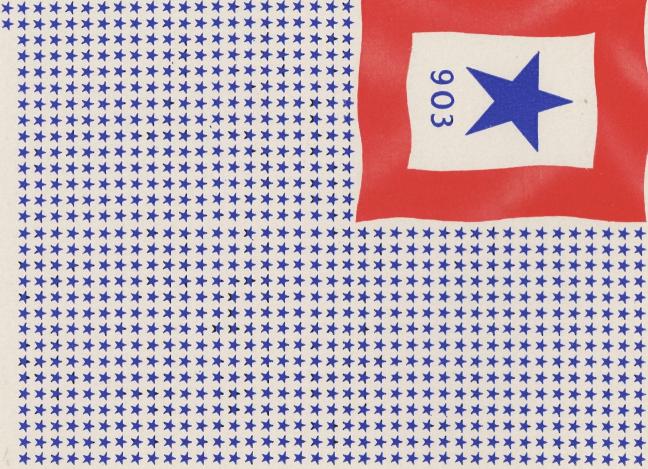
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# Annual Report of HIRAM WALKERGOODERHAM & WORTS LIMITED

For the year ended August 31, 1943





have joined total the Canada 903 armed forces of employes and Great Britain the the Company United States,

## Hiram Walker - Gooderham & Worts Limited

WALKERVILLE, ONTARIO, CANADA

Incorporated December 31, 1926, under the laws of the Dominion of Canada

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

H. C. HATCH HOWARD R. WALTON T. H. GIBBONS J. F. Lash, K.C. F. K. Morrow E. D. Gooderham Leigh M. McCarthy R. A. McKinlay Geo. T. Chisholm B. E. Ford

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

H. C. HATCH

T. H. GIBBONS

HOWARD R. WALTON

#### **OFFICERS**

President and Chairman of the Board H. C. Hatch Secretary Fletcher Ruark

Vice-President
HOWARD R. WALTON
Comptroller
B. E. FORD

Assistant Secretary W. G. Gook Vice-President
T. H. GIBBONS

Treasurer
H. O. C. PALMER

#### **AUDITORS**

PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO.
TORONTO, NEW YORK & LONDON

#### BANKERS

THE BANK OF TORONTO, TORONTO, ONT.
GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK, N.Y.

#### TRANSFER AGENTS

NATIONAL TRUST CO. LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT. BANKERS TRUST CO., NEW YORK, N.Y.

#### REGISTRARS

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION, TORONTO, ONT.
GUARANTY TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK, N.Y.

# Report of Directors

for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1943

To the Shareholders of

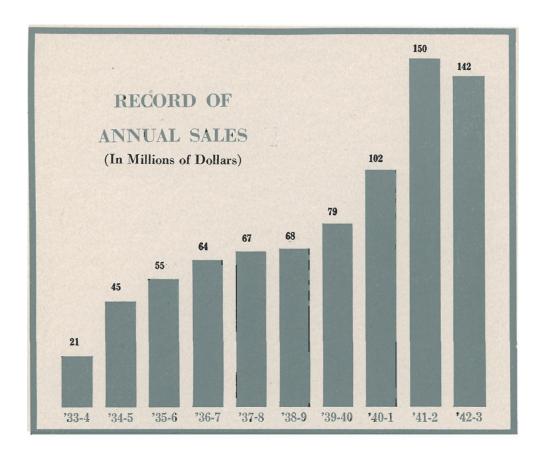
Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited:

For more than a year now the entire productive capacity of all beverage distilleries in the United States and Canada has been engaged in the production of alcohol for war and other essential industrial uses. Your Company occupies a major role in producing this vital war material. With the complete cessation of beverage production a year ago, the Company adopted a policy of rationing its products to its various markets. Officials of the United States War Production Board recently announced that no beverage production would be permitted in 1943 and probably none in 1944. This means that further curtailment of beverage sales is necessary in order to maintain the Company's policy of prudent utilization of inventories as announced in last year's annual report.

The importance of the beverage distilling industry's contribution to the war effort is illustrated by the fact that it has become the largest single producer of alcohol. It is also significant in these days of heavy governmental expenditures that the alcoholic beverage industry contributes more than any other to federal, state and provincial treasuries. The taxes paid during the year by your Company alone to all governments aggregated \$88,449,242. In addition, very substantial revenues were derived by various state and provincial governments from state liquor taxes and from the sale of our products through their own liquor control agencies.

# Sales and Earnings

The sales of the Company aggregated \$142,017,948 compared with \$150,492,421 in the previous year. This decline reflects a substantial



reduction in the gallonage of beverage products sold, a direct result of the Company's rationing policy adopted in the fall of 1942. However the decline was largely offset by higher excise taxes, increased demand for higher priced whiskies, and larger sales of alcohol for war and other essentia industrial uses.

Net income for the year before provision for income and excess profits taxes was \$21,740,542 compared with net income of \$17,741,916 for the preceding year before income and excess profits taxes and a provision for contingencies of \$1,500,000. Income and excess profits taxes amounted to \$12,495,399 against \$9,118,337 in the previous year.

The net profit for the year amounted to \$9,245,143, equivalent to \$12.03 per share on the common stock after providing for dividends on the preference stock. For the preceding year the net profit was \$7,123,579, or \$9.07 per common share.

#### **Balance Sheet**

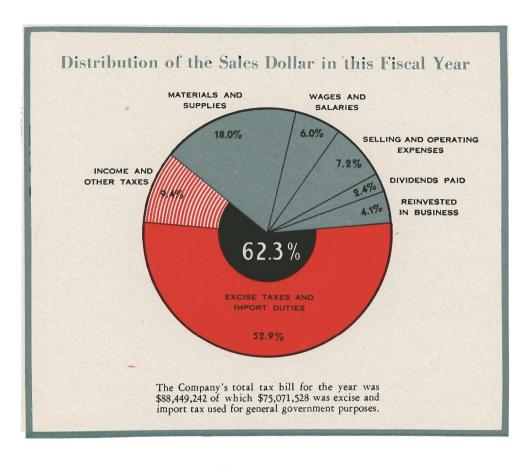
The effect on the financial condition of the Company of operating for nearly one year with no beverage production and with the consequent curtailment of beverage sales is illustrated by the following comparative, condensed tabulation of consolidated assets and liabilities as of August 31, 1942 and August 31, 1943:

Assets	August 31, 1942	August 31,		Increase or Decrease
Cash	\$ 8,819,665 943,000 24,205,934 43,195,428 23,115,024 \$100,279,051	\$ 13,983,043 10,464,100 10,607,712 38,717,169 22,872,819 \$ 96,644,843	\$	5,163,378 9,521,100 13,598,222 4,478,259 242,205 3,634,208
Liabilities	=======================================	Ψ 70,011,017	Ψ	3,031,200
Bank loans. Other current liabilities. Funded debt. Reserves. Capital stock. Surplus.	\$ 9,881,416 16,141,143 21,529,215 4,274,854 28,457,975 19,994,448 \$100,279,051	\$ ————————————————————————————————————	\$	9,881,416 2,633,437 1,598,975 585,431 5,798,177 3,634,208

Present wartime conditions have resulted in substantial reductions in receivables and inventories with compensating increases in cash balances and government securities. However the 1942 figures reflect a normal condition for your Company, whereas the 1943 figures do not. With the slackening of wartime demands for alcohol and the resumption of beverage production by distillers, the operations of the Company should quickly revert to a more normal basis. This will involve a program of building up inventories depleted during the war and a substantially higher level for receivables accompanied by material reductions in cash balances and government securities.

#### **Dividends**

Dividends of \$3,446,966 were declared during the year, of which \$560,818, equivalent to \$1.00 per share was paid to holders of preference stock and \$2,886,148, or \$4.00 per share to holders of common stock.



### **Financial**

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries in Canada, Great Britain and the United States presented herewith, follow the Company's usual accounting practice and in conformity with past procedure are expressed in terms of Canadian currency. In stating other currencies in terms of Canadian funds, the general principles of exchange conversion used in the preparation of the consolidated balance sheet as at August 31, 1942, have been employed. Current assets, current liabilities and prepaid expenses have been stated at the official rates in effect August 31, 1943, as established by the Foreign Exchange Control Board of Canada; properties and reserves for depreciation, investments, debentures and debenture stock and unamortized discount and expense applicable thereto, at approximately the rates of exchange prevailing when the assets were acquired or the obligations issued.

With the exception of the provisions for depreciation and for amortization of debenture and debenture stock discount and expense, which were con-

The Company's Recent Record						
Fiscal Year	Sales	Net Earnings	DIVIDENDS Preference Common Dividends Dividends		Surplus at end of Year	
1933-4 1934-5 1935-6 1936-7 1937-8 1938-9 1939-40 1940-41	78,678,677 102,156,227	\$3,366,267 3,165,650 4,796,120 6,463,633 6,284,968 5,295,979 6,065,664 6,921,970 7,123,579	\$461,131 460,818 460,818 460,818 460,818 534,092 560,818 560,818	\$ 990,000 1,443,433 2,896,016 2.896,016 2,896,016 2,896,016 2,893,549	\$ 5,594,170 8,244,484 10,580,959 15,140,340 8,576,950* 10,687,311 13,296,141 16,761,277 19,994,448	
1942-43	142,017,948 lwill, Processes and Tr	9,245,143	560,818	2,886,148	25,792,625	

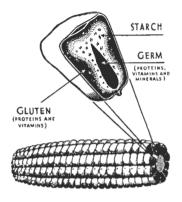
verted at the rates applicable to the relative assets, the consolidated statement of profit and loss has been stated in Canadian currency at the official rates of the Foreign Exchange Control Board of Canada, which rates did not change during the fiscal year.

The net result of all exchange adjustments in consolidation as at August 31, 1943, was a credit of \$904,310 which is shown on the consolidated balance sheet as Foreign Exchange Adjustment in Consolidation.

This year the accounts of the subsidiary companies in Great Britain were closed as of July 31, 1943, for the purpose of allowing the curtailed office staff additional time to close the accounts and prepare the statements. assets in Great Britain, substantially all of which are located in Scotland, are subject to foreign exchange and other restrictions. At July 31, 1943, the net assets as included in the consolidated balance sheet presented herewith amounted to \$11,082,912 before deducting an amount of \$5,630,240 in respect of the 41/2% guaranteed debenture stock which is guaranteed by Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited. Included in the net assets mentioned above are current assets of \$7,905,902. The net profits attributable to operations in Great Britain for the eleven months ended July 31, 1943, included in the accompanying consolidated statement of profit and loss Under existing government regulations the transfer amount to \$841,329. of such profits to Canada is prohibited.

During the year, Hiram Walker & Sons Inc., a subsidiary company in the United States, completed the renegotiation of certain war contracts appli-

# Livestock Feeds—An important by-product



For a number of years your Company has been manufacturing, as by-products of its distilling process, a large volume of high-protein and high-vitamin rations for cattle, hog and poultry feeding. Always a substantial form of added revenue to the Company, this production has today assumed an even greater importance as a result of critical shortages of livestock feeds due to the war.

When whole cereal grains are ground, cooked and fermented into alcohol, only two-thirds—the starch content—is consumed. The remaining third, as the above cross section drawing of a corn kernel shows, is rich in proteins and vitamins. It is this remaining third which is processed into livestock feed rations and produced at the rate of literally

hundreds of thousands of pounds each week. Two types of products are manufactured: dried grains with a high protein content used primarily in cattle feeding; and dried solubles high in riboflavin, pantothenic acid and niacin — three vitamins highly essential in poultry and hog feeding.

Thus your Company is helping win the war on two fronts—by producing alcohol for use on the combat front, and livestock feed rations on the all-important food front.

(Under normal conditions the Company's distilleries in the United States use more corn than any other grain. However, as The War Production Board has prohibited the use of corn for distilling purposes, they are now using wheat almost exclusively and are recovering livestock feed rations therefrom.)

cable to the fiscal year ended August 31, 1942, which resulted in a net payment to the Treasurer of the United States, after adjustment of tax liability, of \$11,169. Additional contracts for that year are now in the process of being renegotiated. Proceedings relative to renegotiation of war contracts applicable to the fiscal year ended August 31, 1943, have not yet been undertaken. Provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements in respect of the renegotiation of government contracts in an amount which the management considers adequate.

In September of this year, Hiram Walker & Sons Inc., filed with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D.C., applications for relief under Section 722 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, with respect to excess profits tax for the taxable years ended August 31, 1941 and 1942. That company will also file in due course a similar application for relief with respect to its excess profits tax for the taxable year ended August 31, 1943. Since the ultimate outcome of the claims is not now determinable, the relief claimed, which is fairly substantial in amount, has not been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

# Acquisitions

In March of this year a new company, Valliant & Sons Vineyards, Inc., was incorporated under the laws of the State of California, after which it acquired two wineries located at Hollister, California and Santa Rosa, California, together with the wine inventories in storage at the wineries and approximately one hundred acres of vineyards.

The products of the new company are being marketed in the United States under the "Valliant" label by W. A. Taylor & Company, a whollyowned subsidiary of Hiram Walker & Sons Inc.

# **Operations**

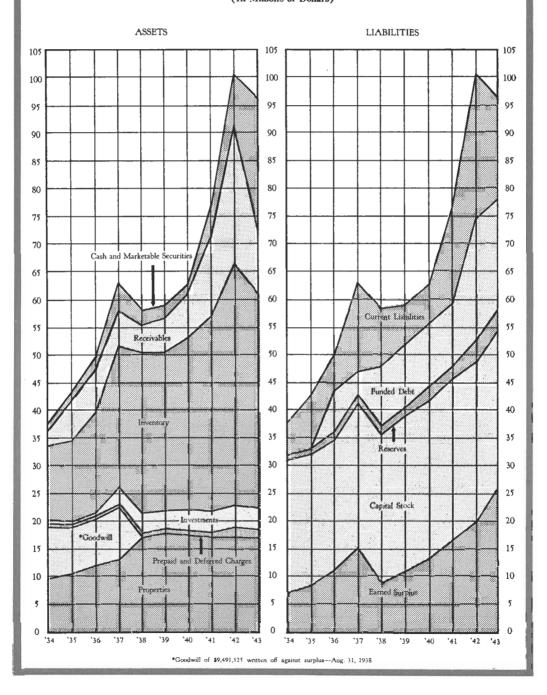
All plants in the United States and Canada operated at capacity throughout the year. Since the cessation of distilling for beverage purposes on October 8, 1942, in the United States and November 1, 1942, in Canada — the entire capacity of our plants has been devoted to the production of industrial and war alcohol.

The War Production Board in the United States announced in September that there would not be a resumption of distillation for beverage purposes in the year 1943. In mid-October an official of the War Production Board's chemical division, in testifying before the Senate Agricultural Subcommittee, stated that estimated requirements of alcohol for 1944 are 640 million gallons as against a production estimate of 590 million gallons. He further stated that in view of the present requirement and supply situation, the use of distilleries for beverage manufacture may not be justified for the duration.

#### Scottish Subsidiaries

In Scotland there has been no production of malt whisky since January 1, 1943, and no production of grain whisky since 1940. In the calendar year 1940, both malt and grain distilleries were allotted grain sufficient to produce 33½% of the quantity produced in the twelve months preceding September 1, 1939. In the years 1941 and 1942 malt distilleries were permitted to produce respectively 33½% and 30% of their base period production. The Ministry of Food has indicated that no cereals can be made available for the distillation of either malt or grain whisky from the 1943 harvest. As was the case last year, we are pleased to report no damage to whisky stocks in Scotland in the past year.





#### General

The post war world is looming ahead of us. One of the encouraging signs of the time is the thought and planning that governments are devoting to the problems of a prosperous peace time economy. The end of the war will undoubtedly result in the opening up of markets in many foreign countries that have been closed among other reasons for lack of shipping facilities. Your Company's activity in any development of expanding markets, domestic or export, is traditional, and your Directors look to the future with confidence.

Throughout the year, the Company has cooperated fully with the various economic and business controls that the United States, Canadian and British governments have set up to facilitate the successful prosecution of the war.

Your Directors wish to record their appreciation of the loyal services of the employees and officers of the Company throughout the year.

By Order of the Board,

Н. С. Натси,

President and Chairman of the Board

Walkerville, Ontario, November 12, 1943

## Hiram Walker - Gooderham & Worts Limited

and Wholly-owned Subsidiary Companies

# Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss For the year ended August 31, 1943

(Stated in Canadian currency on the basis set out in sinancial section of accompanying Directors' Report which also contains data as to earnings in Great Britain)

Net sales\$142,017Cost of goods sold104,925Gross profit on sales before deducting provision for depreciation, etc.\$ 37,080	9,620
Add—Other income:	
Dividends and interest on investments	0,265
\$ 37,768	3,593
Deduct:	
Selling and general expenses	
receive no additional remuneration from any wholly-owned subsidiary	
company)	
Legal fees       94,004         Directors' fees for services as such       20,000	
Directors' fees for services as such	
Debenture and debenture stock interest	
Amortization of debenture and debenture stock discount and expense 84,806	
Interest on bank loans	
Provision for depreciation of buildings, plant and equipment	8 051
	0,001
Net Profit for the year before providing for income and excess profits taxes\$ 21,74	0,542
Deduct:	
Provision for income and excess profits taxes in Canada, the United States and Great Britain (after deducting refundable portion of excess profits	
taxes amounting to \$319,190)	5,399
Net Profit for the year carried to Earned Surplus\$ 9,24	
The Front for the year carried to Barned outprus	J,143

NOTE: The companies' proportionate share of the carnings of a subsidiary company not wholly-owned and not consolidated for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1943, exceeded the dividends received from such subsidiary during the same period by an amount of \$74,993.

#### Consolidated Statement of Earned Surplus

Earned Surplus as at September 1, 1942.  Net Profit for the year ended August 31, 1943.		9,245,143
	\$	29,239,591
Deduct: Dividends on preference shares	560,818 2,886,148	3,446,966
Earned Surplus as at August 31, 1943.		

# Hiram Walker - Gooderham & Worts Limited

# **Consolidated Balance**

(Stated in Canadian currency on the basis set out which also contains data

#### Assets

Assets	
Current Assets:	
Cash on hand and in banks	
Accounts receivable—miscellaneous	
Less — Reserve for doubtful accounts	
Inventories at not exceeding manufacturing or purchased cost in the currencies of the countries in which the subsidiaries are located, as determined on the companies' usual basis and certified to by responsible officials of the companies (stated in Canadian currency at official rates of exchange current at August 31, 1943):  Spirits including bottling material on bottled whiskey and excise taxes and customs duties where such	
have been paid\$29,287,710 Grains and raw materials811,031	
Barrels, bottles and supplies. 8,618,428 38,717,169	
Total Current Assets	73,772,024
Cash Surrender Value of Life Insurance Policies	380,185
Investments:	
Capital stock of a subsidiary company not wholly-owned and not consolidated, at not exceeding cost	3,651,130
Refundable Portion of Excess Profits Taxes in Canada and the United States.	385,677
LAND, BUILDINGS, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, at cost, except the plant of Gooderham & Worts Limited, at Toronto, which, based on values reported by Canadian Appraisal Company, Limited, on February 1, 1924 with subsequent additions at cost, has a net depreciated value of \$939,220 after deducting capital surplus of \$245,812 \$28,720,930 Deduct—Reserves for depreciation on buildings, plant and equipment. 11,538,778	17,182,152
Prepaid and Deferred Charges:	
Unamortized debenture and debenture stock discount and expense.377,110Prepaid licenses and taxes.246,767Prepaid insurance.545,835Miscellaneous charges.103,962	1,273,674
Goodwill, Processes and Trade Marks	1
-	\$96,644,843

NOTE: The companies' equity in a subsidiary company not wholly-owned and not consolidated has been increased since dates of acquisition as a result of profits less dividends by an amount of \$547,530. A portion of the assets of this company is represented by spirits in Scotland.

# and Wholly-owned Subsidiary Companies Sheet, August 31, 1943

in financial section of accompanying Directors' Report as to assets in Great Britain)

H. C. HATCH, Director

HOWARD R. WALTON, Director

#### Liabilities, Capital Stock and Surplus

	1	
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Trade accounts payable. Other accounts and accruals. Dividend payable September 15, 1943 on preference stock Dividend payable September 15, 1943 on common stock Debenture and debenture stock interest accrued. Serial debentures of Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited and Hiram Walker & Sons, Inc. maturing November 1, 1943 (\$1,000,000 in United States currency).	\$ 2,889,256 916,917 140,204 721,537 174,606	
United States currency).  Sinking fund payment due May 15, 1944 in respect of Fifteen-year 4½% guaranteed debenture stock of Hiram Walker & Sons (Scotland) Limited	-,,	
(£99,752)	441,901	
(£99,752).  Reserves for federal, state and municipal taxes in Canada, the United States and Great Britain.	12.390.158	
Total Current Liabilities		\$ 18,774,579
Funded Debt:  Serial debentures of Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited and Hiram Walker & Sons, Inc. maturing \$1,000,000 annually November 1, 1944 to November 1, 1956 (\$13,000,000 in United States currency)  Fifteen-year 4½% guaranteed debenture stock of Hiram Walker & Sons (Scotland) Limited (guaranteed by Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited) due May 15, 1953 (secured by deposit with the trustee in Scotland of documents of title to certain whiskey stocks in Scotland included in inventories at \$3,013,605 and by a mortgage on certain	\$14,300,000	
properties in Scotland): Authorized		
Issued		
Purchased through sinking fund £274,200 Sinking fund payment due May 15, 1944		
included in current liabilities a bove 99,752 $373,952$ $£1,126,048$	5,630,240	19,930,240
Foreign Exchange Adjustments in Consolidation		904,310
Reserve for Contingencies		2,785,114
CAPITAL STOCK, No PAR VALUE: Cumulative dividend redeemable preference—redeemable as to principal at \$20.00 per share (authorized 875,000 shares of which 199,182 shares have been redeemed and cancelled):		, , ,
Issued 760,000 shares Redeemed and cancelled 199,182 shares		
Outstanding	\$11,216,360	
Common shares: Authorized		
Issued and outstanding	17,330,180 \$28,546,540	
Earned Surplus as per statement attached		
Deduct: 2,467 common shares held by a subsidiary company in the United States—at cost	\$54,339,165 88,565	\$54,250,600
CONTINGENT LIABILITY — Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited and one of its subsidiary companies have received municipal income tax demands, aggregating \$1,167,728 from the City of Windsor, Ontario in respect of the years 1941, 1942 and 1943. The companies do not admit liability in respect of such taxes and on the advice of counsel these tax demands are being contested in the courts.		
Appropriate helds falo Perus		\$96,644,843
Approved on behalf of the Board:		

(Signed) B. E. Ford, Comptroller November, 8, 1943

# Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders of

HIRAM WALKER-GOODERHAM & WORTS LIMITED:

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts Limited and its wholly-owned subsidiary companies, in Canada, the United States and Great Britain as at August 31, 1943, and the consolidated statements of profit and loss and earned surplus for the year ended on that date, and have obtained all the information and explanations which we required. The accounts of the subsidiaries in Great Britain are included as of July 31, 1943 and the results of their operations are for the eleven months ended on that date. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable in the circumstances and included such tests of the accounting records and other supporting evidence and such other procedures as we considered necessary.

In our opinion and according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the companies, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and related consolidated statements of profit and loss and earned surplus are properly drawn up in conformity with accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent in all material respects with that of the preceding year so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of affairs of the combined companies at August 31, 1943, and the results of the companies' operations for the year ended on that date, including the operations of the subsidiaries in Great Britain for the eleven months ended July 31, 1943.

Under Section 114 of The Dominion Companies Act we report that the earnings of the non-consolidated subsidiary company are reflected in the accompanying financial statements only to the extent of dividends received from such subsidiary company.

PRICE, WATERHOUSE & Co.,
Chartered Accountants.

