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53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 for the year ended December 31, 1977

IAC Limited
Incorporated under the laws of Canada
February 7, 1925
Head Office, 45 St. Clair Avenue West,
Toronto, Ontario M4V 2Y2
Si vous désirez recevoir un exemplaire
en français du rapport annuel de IAC,
veuillez vous adresser au secrétaire,
IAC Limitée, 45 ouest, avenue St. Clair,
Toronto, Ontario M4V 2Y2

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HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE YEAR	1977	1976	Per cent Increase (Decrease
Gross Income	\$ 260,236,000	\$ 269,226,000	(3.3)
Proportion taken up by —Cost of borrowed money —General and administrative expenses	50.0% 24.5%	50.2% 23.1%	
Earnings applicable to common shares —Before extraordinary item —After extraordinary item	\$ 30,605,000 \$ 33,628,000	\$ 29,994,000 \$ 31,341,000	2.0 7.3
Dividends paid on common shares	\$ 15,994,000 47.6%	\$ 15,440,000 49.3%	3.6
Earnings per share —Before extraordinary item —After extraordinary item	\$2.26 \$2.48	\$2.21 \$2.31	
Dividends paid per share	\$1.18	\$1.14	3.5
Per cent return on average common equity	14.92%	14.99%	
AT THE YEAR END			
Total consolidated assets	\$2,536,484,000	\$2,409,966,000	5.2
Total receivables Main categories:	\$2,481,134,000	\$2,305,514,000	7.6
Sales financing Consumer loans Residential mortgages Commercial loans Leasing	\$1,050,801,000 178,086,000 258,936,000 277,355,000 710,753,000	\$1,052,444,000 203,709,000 248,880,000 83,590,000 710,217,000	(0.2) (12.6) 4.0 231.8 0.1
Total debt Short-term debt Other term debt	\$1,680,839,000 642,334,000 1,038,505,000	\$1,545,947,000 621,162,000 924,785,000	8.7 3.4 12.3
Shareholders' equity	\$ 250,947,000	\$ 233,761,000	7.4
Number of common shareholders —domiciled in Canada	11,589 96.1%	11,307 95.9%	2.5
Number of common shares outstanding —owned in Canada	13,573,643 96.7%	13,544,033 96.5%	0.2
Book value per common share	\$17.29	\$16.03	7.9



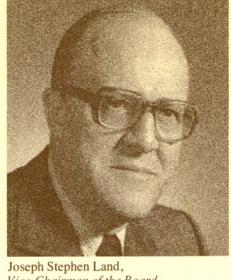
Continental Bank of Canada Building, Toronto

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS



Keith Herbert MacDonald, Chairman of the Board, IAC Limited



Joseph Stephen Land, Vice-Chairman of the Board, IAC Limited



Douglas William Maloney, President, IAC Limited



Stanley Frank Melloy, Executive Vice-President, IAC Limited

Earnings applicable to common shares increased for the fourteenth consecutive year reaching \$33.6 million as against \$31.3 million in 1976. On a per share basis, the increase was 17 cents to \$2.48 compared with \$2.31 in the previous year. However, it should be noted that an extraordinary item of \$3 million resulted from the sale of your Company's insurance subsidiaries. This represented a gain of 22 cents per share, compared with a gain of 10 cents per share from an extraordinary item in 1976.

The dividend paid per common share was \$1.18 against \$1.14 in the previous year. Accordingly, 1977 was the forty-first consecutive year in which dividends were earned and paid, and in each of the past twenty-two years the payout exceeded that of the previous year.

Average funds employed during the year were higher than in 1976. However, due to rate adjustments implemented by your Company for competitive reasons, gross income was 3% less than the previous year. Conversely, although the usage of borrowed funds increased, the decline in the average cost of such funds to 8.4% from 8.9% in 1976 resulted in an overall decrease in money costs of \$5.1 million. General and administrative expenses were up 2.6% over the previous year.

Since receivables represent most of the Company's assets, their sound condition is important to shareholders. In the year 1977, credit losses as a percentage of average receivables were .42% as compared with .47% in 1976. This compares favourably with other financial institutions and is below the Company's average loss experience for the past 10 years.

The Canadian financial market continued to reflect confidence in your Company by supplying \$150 million in term funds during the year. The parent Company placed secured notes totalling \$100 million in the public market, and Niagara Realty of Canada Limited completed a public placement of \$50 million. Both issues were in Canadian funds.

On December 19, your Company and the other shareholders of The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company exchanged their shares in that company for shares in Insmor Holdings Limited, the company which now owns the Insmor Mortgage Insurance Company and The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company. A group, comprising IAC and a number of banks, trust and insurance companies, owns all of the shares of Insmor Holdings Limited.

On July 14, 1977, Royal Assent was given to a special Act of Parliament incorporating the Continental Bank of Canada. The passage of the special Act followed a number of years of study, consultation and planning aimed at eventual conversion of your Company to a chartered bank. This is the first time in Canada that legislation has been passed making it possible to convert a major financial institution into a chartered bank.

The special Act creates the Continental Bank of Canada, initially as a whollyowned subsidiary of IAC. One of the provisions of the Act requires that all of the Company's business eligible to be done by a chartered bank must be done by the Continental Bank and not by IAC or any of its other subsidiaries. This provision takes effect from the day the Bank begins operations and applies to all the Company's offices across Canada. Another provision of the Act requires that on or before July 14, 1987, IAC and the Continental Bank of Canada will amalgamate. When this happens, IAC shareholders will become shareholders of the Continental Bank of Canada.

To comply with other requirements of the special Act, IAC sold its two insurance subsidiaries, The Sovereign Life Assurance Company of Canada and The Sovereign General Insurance Company, in November 1977. While the sale was beneficial in terms of earnings, as reflected in the extraordinary item, by the same token it was regrettable in light of the long and close relationship that IAC enjoyed with these two companies.

The Company is continuing to develop its internal plans to reshape the organization in the form of the Continental Bank. A major step in that direction was the managerial integration of IAC and its subsidiary companies. As a result of that integration, the personal and mortgage lending activities of the Niagara companies have been conjoined with the financing and leasing business of IAC. With these companies now unified for operating purposes, the way has been paved for the Continental Bank to offer many of the bank lending services available from major competitors.

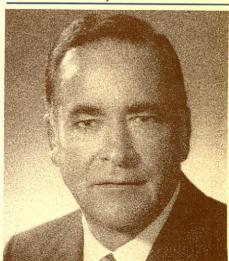
In addition to the managerial integration, the Company has moved ahead in a number of other areas in the past year with a view to beginning bank operations. A few examples of corporate operations undergoing considerable change and development are: the entire body of systems and procedures that will form the basis for all operating practices within the Bank; policies for personnel training, development and recruitment; the location of new premises and the design of premises to complement the marketing objectives and character of the Continental Bank: and finally, the Company's ongoing effort to develop new financial services to make the Continental Bank fully competitive with other banks.



Harold Corrigan, C.A., President, Alcan Canada Products Limited



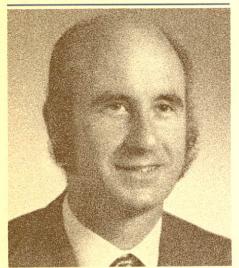
Peter Kilburn, Honorary Chairman, Greenshields Incorporated



Claude Harry Rosier, President and Chief Operating Officer, Abitibi Paper Company Ltd.



Adam Hartley Zimmerman, F.C.A., Executive Vice-President, Noranda Mines Limited



Peter Frederick Bronfman, President, Edper Investments Ltd.



Stanley Desmond Clarke, President, Clarke Transportation Canada Ltd.

The conversion is a massive task, but one that is well under way. The Report of the Chief Operating Officer discusses the background of the project and of some of the more important implications for shareholders. As well, it reflects the confidence of the Company that the conversion will proceed smoothly and with success.

Since the last annual meeting of shareholders, the following were elected to the Board:

John A. Rhind

Jacques Tétrault, Q.C.

During the year, because of the Company's intention to become a chartered bank, the following Directors, who already held directorships with other deposittaking institutions, found it necessary to tender their resignations:

E. Jacques Courtois, Q.C.

David Kinnear

They served your Company with distinction, and their individual contributions were deeply appreciated by their colleagues. The resignations were accepted with regret.

The results recorded in this Annual Report speak well for the manner in which the men and women of IAC across Canada approached their responsibilities. Your Directors wish to record their appreciation and warm thanks for their efforts.

The outlook for the Canadian economy continues to be one of uncertainty, particularly in the area of business capital investment. However, your Directors feel that continued progress in the fields in which it participates can be expected of your Company, and they are of the opinion that the results for the year 1978 will be again satisfactory.

On behalf of the Board,

3- 36. aloc Dombel

Chairman

QuIMalong

President

February 22, 1978

IAC has a consistent and proven record of profitable growth. Through more than 50 years, the Company has been a vigorous competitor in the financial industry, seizing new opportunities to provide service to its customers, and adapting its business to meet a passing parade of competitive challenges.

IAC's objectives are, as they have always been, to achieve profitable growth for its shareholders, personal development for its employees, superior financial service for its customers; and, moreover, to achieve these objectives as a company owned by Canadians.

Some time ago it became evident that the Company was facing a new challenge, a challenge caused by a blending of the traditional distinctions that separated the different types of financial institutions. IAC realized that if it continued to restrict its vision to traditional markets, the opportunities for continuous profitable growth would eventually be limited.

Many alternative courses of action were considered, but a number of detailed studies led to the conclusion that the Company should concentrate on the possibility of converting IAC into a chartered bank.

As a bank, the Company would become more competitive with other major financial institutions carrying on business in Canada. It would be able to broaden the range of financial services provided to its customers. It would also be able to utilize its capital more effectively. The Company's equity capital, now in excess of \$250,000,000, provides a strong base on which to expand deposits and increase lending capacity without requiring additional shareholder capital.

While studies showed the bank option to be increasingly attractive, they also raised a number of practical issues.

IAC conducts certain types of business that are prohibited to chartered banks under the present Bank Act. Therefore, the Company had to weigh carefully the consequences of pursuing the bank option. It had to calculate the cost of giving up that business which is prohibited to a bank. It had to evaluate the effect of probable revisions to the Bank Act. It had to make assumptions about the extent to which IAC might be allowed to continue for a transitional period certain activities not permitted to a bank. It had to determine the feasibility of conversion in the light of legal, tax, accounting, trust deed and other considerations.

Even after reviewing all these practical issues, it was clear that acquiring a bank charter was a much more attractive long-term option for the Company than any other alternative course of action, including the alternative of simply maintaining the Company's present structure.

There was no expectation that it would be easy to make this precedent-setting conversion to a chartered bank. It was accepted that the entire conversion would take a major commitment in both manpower and expenditures. But with a broad perspective, the Company set out to achieve its two main objectives, to incorporate the Bank, and later to convert IAC into that Bank. There is good progress to report on both counts.

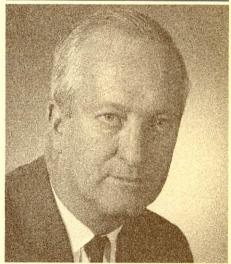
Incorporation

The special Act chartering the Continental Bank of Canada is based on two simple concepts.

First, it is recognized in the Act that in its present form IAC does not conform to the requirements of the Bank Act. This applies both to its capital structure and to its operations. Therefore, a maximum period of ten years is provided as a transitional period for the Company to take steps to conform with the Bank Act.



Ronald Laird Cliff, C.A., Chairman, Inland Natural Gas Company Ltd.



George Lyndon Crawford, Q.C., Associate, McLaws & Company



Helen Lavina Margison, President, Shed Investments Limited



Lyndon Elvert Nichol, Retired, former Chairman of the Board, IAC Limited



Edmond George Odette,

President, Eastern Construction

Company Limited



John Arthur Rhind, President, Confederation Life Insurance Company

The Company must amalgamate with the Bank before July 14, 1987. IAC is a major operating financial institution with a number of subsidiary companies and a large amount of debt outstanding under trust deeds with various covenants. The transition period gives the Company time to adjust its asset and liability structure. At the end of the transition period IAC will disappear into the Bank. At the time of amalgamation, the shareholders of IAC will become shareholders of the Continental Bank of Canada.

Secondly, the special Act embodies the concept that the Continental Bank of Canada, not IAC or any of its other subsidiaries, will become the principal operating arm of the Company. The Bank must carry on all the business of the IAC companies permitted for a chartered bank. Therefore, from the date that the Continental Bank commences business, neither IAC nor its subsidiary companies will be permitted to initiate any business which is eligible to be carried on by a chartered bank. Such business must be conducted, and must be seen to be conducted, by the Continental Bank of Canada.

At present, approximately 90% of the Company's volume of business, excluding leasing, would qualify as bank business. Note, though, that IAC and its subsidiary companies may continue to hold assets acquired prior to the opening of the Bank until those assets are liquidated.

Although banks are not allowed under the present Bank Act to carry on leasing activities, satisfactory provisions have been made in the special Act for IAC and its other subsidiaries to continue their leasing activities on a prescribed basis until amalgamation takes place. There are also a number of other provisions of the special Act that are of particular interest to shareholders.

The Bank will be a wholly-owned subsidiary of IAC with authorized capital of \$100,000,000. Initially, IAC will subscribe for \$50,000,000 of the capital stock of the Bank. The Company will hold and vote all shares of the Bank until amalgamation.

Since IAC will own 100% of the Bank, certain provisions of the Bank Act are now applicable to IAC and its shareholders. Among the provisions which apply are those dealing with share structure and transferability of shares, including limitations on the number of shares that may be transferred to or voted on by any one person or by non-residents.

The provisions of the current Bank Act do not allow for preferred shares to be issued by a chartered bank. Therefore, a provision has been made in the special Act to allow the presently-existing preferred shares of IAC to remain outstanding until the amalgamation of IAC and the Bank.

At present, holders of IAC convertible debentures have the right to convert these debentures into common shares of the Company on specified dates. This right will not be affected by either the Bank Act or the special Act. It is possible that IAC and the Bank may amalgamate before the dates specified for the conversion of the debentures. If this occurs, the debentures will be permitted to remain outstanding and will be convertible into shares of the Bank on the originally specified dates.

Operations

Since much of the Company's current business is similar in nature to that being done by the chartered banks, there will be no fundamental change in the nature of the Company's business that will cause a lengthy adjustment for the staff. For many years, the staff has been lending money to businesses and individuals, and making mortgage loans to homeowners and industry. Although the conversion to banking involves an adjustment in internal procedures and external awareness, there is in banking a substantial affinity between what IAC has done for most of its history and what the Continental Bank of Canada will do in the early years of its life.

The planning necessary to put the Bank in operation is proceeding well. The objective is to make the conversion an orderly process. Major new lending programs are now being introduced across the Company, and all will be in place before the Bank opens. This means accelerating activity in current operations so that the Bank will open with a range of highly competitive programs already in operation.

Nevertheless, successful handling of the conversion will be a challenging assignment for management. Task forces have been set up in Head Office, and through a project planning coordinator, conversion activities are being planned using a critical path approach. Some senior people with specific skills have been hired to participate in the planning and to play an important role in continuing operations.

Much consideration has also been given to the location of the Company's offices. Many are well-suited for bank operations; others which are not considered suitable are being relocated as leases expire. Prime attention is being paid to having first class premises in the business centres of major cities across the country, as soon as possible. Over the next three to five years, it is expected that all offices will be refurbished and new facilities will be added in suburban markets. This is a time-consuming and expensive project, but one that is essential.

As part of the process of achieving a highly visible presence for the new Bank, the Company recently announced plans to relocate the Head Office in a new building to be known as the Continental Bank of Canada Building. The building is already under construction at the corner of Adelaide and York Streets in Toronto's financial district, and will be available for occupancy in mid-1979. This move coincides with the expiration of leases on the Company's existing Head Office locations. For the first time in a number of years, all Head Office groups will be working under one roof in what will be the Bank's long-term home.

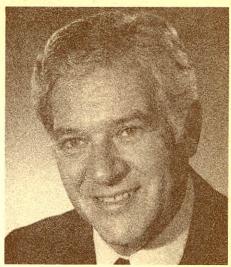
The Bank conversion is a major project, but there has been no disruption in IAC's normal business operations. The contrary is the case. The Company's first priority is to attain growth in assets through greater penetration of existing markets and the development of new sources of business. New lending programs are being introduced now to ensure that the new Bank commences operations with an expanding business base. These new programs cover motor vehicle financing; corporate, industrial and commercial loans; leasing; residential and commercial mortgages; and personal loans.

The Company intends to be competitive in the current year and throughout the conversion period. The new competitive lending programs will produce growth in assets, though at lower yields. The extent to which growth will offset both declining yields and the substantial start-up costs for the Bank cannot be precisely forecast either as to timing or effect on earnings. What is certain is that the Company is making a bold investment in its future.

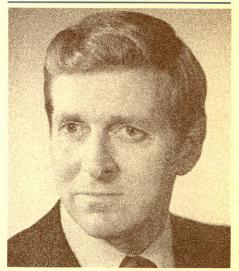
In large measure, the degree of success of the conversion now rests on the skills of the staff. The Company is confident that its people will respond to the challenge, as they are now doing, and that the conversion project will be successfully completed.

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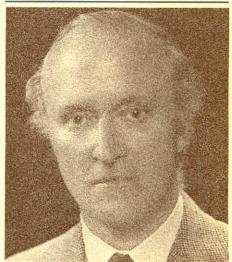
Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating Officer



Leonard Edmond Ricard, President, Imperial Tobacco Limited



Struan Robertson, President and Chief Executive Officer, Maritime Telegraph and Telephone Company Ltd.



Jacques Tétrault, Q.C., Partner, Courtois, Clarkson, Parsons & Tétrault

Marketable investments	1%
Commercial loans	6%
Casualty insurance premiums	7%
Consumer loans	11%
Residential mortgages	13%
Leasing	17%
Sales financing (consumer & business)	45%

Chart 1 Sources of Gross Income (before provision for doubtful receivables)

Provision for doubtful receivables	4%
Casualty insurance claims incurred	4%
Earnings retained in the business	5%
Dividends paid	6%
Income taxes	9%
General expenses excluding salaries	11%
Salaries and employee benefits	13%
Cost of borrowed money	48%

Chart 2 Composition of Gross Income Distribution

Results for 1977 reflect the implementation of some plans in anticipation of the opening of the Continental Bank of Canada. A start has been made on restructuring the Company's lending portfolio: corporate lending has been introduced; commercial and industrial lending has been expanded; certain types of personal lending have been pursued less actively. Charges for many services have been adjusted to levels that are competitive with the broad range of financial institutions. In addition, the life and general insurance subsidiaries were sold in the last quarter of 1977. Please note that the Consolidated Statement of Earnings includes the earnings of these two companies only for the first nine months of 1977, compared with the full 12 months of 1976. This fact should be taken into consideration when comparing results for the two years. All expenses to date in preparing for conversion to the Bank have been fully absorbed and are included in general and administrative expenses.

Gross Income

Receivables outstanding grew by \$176 million over 1976. This compared with growth of \$6 million in the previous 12-month period. However, due to the rate adjustments which were implemented for competitive reasons, there was a 3.5% reduction in income derived from receivables compared with 1976.

Chart 1 Sources of Gross Income (before provision for doubtful receivables)

In line with the general restructuring of the Company's business, income from commercial loans and residential mortgages increased. Growth in average outstandings in these categories more than offset rate reductions, and their combined proportion of gross income rose from 15% in 1976 to 19% in the current year. Certain types of consumer loans received less emphasis and thus income from this category declined substantially. This strategy was followed in anticipation of the launching of new personal lending programs more appropriate to a bank lending portfolio.

Chart 2 Composition of Gross Income Distribution

The distribution of income by categories remained relatively stable. The use of borrowed funds increased by \$50.2 million, but due to lower average rates on borrowings the cost of money was reduced by \$5.1 million. General and administrative expenses increased by only 2.6% overall. However, to make a true comparison between 1976 and 1977, expenses for the casualty insurance company should be excluded for both years, and expenses related to the discontinued operations in the United Kingdom should be excluded for 1976. On this basis, general and administrative expenses increased 6.8% in the current year over the previous year, an increase still regarded as reasonably satisfactory in the prevailing economic climate.

Chart 3 Earnings per Share \$ Dividends per Share \$

The increase in earnings of 17 cents per share was an improvement over the increase of 13 cents in 1976. The dividend payout of \$1.18 per common share exceeded that of the previous year, as has the payout in each of the past twenty-two years. The amount paid was the maximum allowed under Anti-Inflation Board regulations, and represented 47.6% of available earnings.

Chart 4 Shareholders' Equity \$000's Book Value per Common Share \$

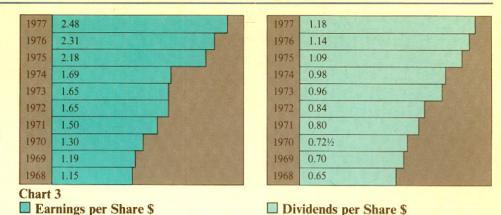
Retained earnings increased by \$17.1 million, resulting in a 7% growth in shareholders' equity. Including the extraordinary item, return on common equity was 14.92%.

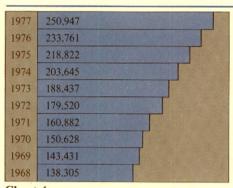
Chart 5 Receivables and their Composition

In 1977, receivables increased by \$176 million, despite a generally sluggish economy. Business financing was up 14%, with a substantial part of the gain being attributable to the introduction of corporate lending services. As a result of restructuring the Company's lending activities, the consumer portfolio decreased by 5%. This decrease was entirely in consumer loans and consumer purchase credit. Residential mortgages continued to grow, though at a somewhat slower rate than in 1976.

Summary

In 1977, spending by Canadian consumers and capital investment by business was guarded. However, the Company's performance during the year continued to be satisfactory. Total receivables increased; the condition of those receivables is sound; and earnings reached a new high. Preliminary indications suggest a ready acceptance of new marketing plans. Overall, your Company is in a strong position to take advantage of its new opportunities.





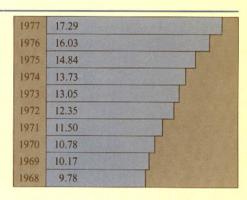
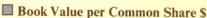
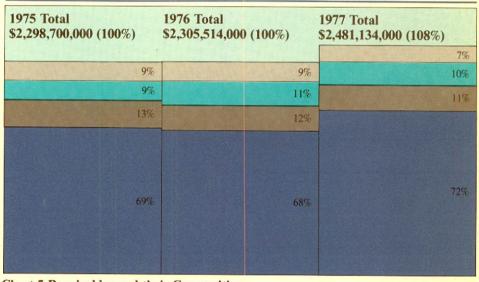
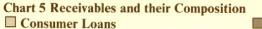


Chart 4 ■ Shareholders' Equity \$000's







Residential Mortgages

Consumer Purchase Credit
Business Financing

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS for the year ended December 31, 1977

		1977 \$000's		076 00's
Gross Income (note 2)		260,236		269,226
Expenditure				
Cost of borrowed money—				
Short-term debt	51,251		61,889	
Other term debt	78,912		73,376	
	130,163		135,265	
Casualty insurance claims incurred	11,049		13,032	
General and administrative	63,866	205,078	62,231	210,528
		55,158	- 02,231	58,698
Provision for Income Taxes		55,150		30,070
Current	7,236		5,707	
Deferred	17,815	25,051	23,434	29,141
Belefice	17,015	30,107		29,557
Parent company's portion of increase		50,107		49,331
in unassigned surplus of life				
assurance subsidiary (note 3)		851		851
Share of earnings of mortgage		031		031
		547		512
insurance company (note 4)		547		512
Earnings before Extraordinary Item		31,505		30,920
Extraordinary Item		2 022		1 247
Gain on sale of subsidiaries (note 3)		3,023		1,347
Earnings for the Year		34,528		32,267

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

	1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Earnings for the year	34,528 900	32,267 926
Earnings Applicable to Common Shares Dividends on common shares at \$1.18 per share (1976—\$1.14)	33,628 15,994	31,341 15,440
Gain on preferred shares purchased for cancellation	17,634 65	15,901 302
Reassessment of capital taxes for the years 1972 to 1976 net of income taxes of \$405,000	(581)	
Increase in retained earnings for the year Retained earnings at beginning of year	17,118 166,110	16,203 149,907
Retained earnings at end of year (note 5)	183,228	166,110
	1977 (\$)	1976
Common Stock Earnings per Share— Calculated on daily average of common shares outstanding — 13,551,871; 1976—13,543,285 (note 6)		
(a) Before extraordinary item (b) After extraordinary item	$\frac{2.26}{2.48}$	2.21

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at December 31, 1977		
ASSETS	1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Cash	3,516	57,774
Marketable Securities—at cost, plus accrued interest (market value 1977—\$28,187,000; 1976—\$32,525,000)	28,318	33,531
Receivables	20,510	55,551
Sales financing (note 7)	1,050,801	1,052,444
Consumer loans	178,086	203,709
Residential mortgages	258,936	248,880
Commercial loans	277,355	83,590
Leasing	710,753 5,203	710,217 6,674
Other	2,481,134	2,305,514
Allowance for doubtful receivables	25,284	24,057
Allowance for doubtful receivables	2,455,850	2,281,457
Investments in Non-Consolidated Subsidiary		
and other Companies		
Other companies—at cost (note 4)	9,651	1,564
Life assurance subsidiary (note 3)	_	8,615
Mortgage insurance company (note 4)		6,402
	9,651	16,581
Other Assets and Deferred Charges	153	248
Income taxes recoverable	2,493	2,691
Leasehold improvements and prepaid expenses	13,251	13,365
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (note 1 (d))	19,127	
Premises and equipment—at cost, less accumulated	,	
depreciation of \$6,200,000 (1976—\$6,234,000)	4,125	4,319
	39,149	20,623
	2,536,484	2,409,966

J.S. Land, Director S.F. Melloy, Director

Signed on behalf of the Board

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET		
as at December 31, 1977		
	1977	1076
LIABILITIES	\$000's	1976 \$000's
	\$000 S	\$000 8
Secured Demand Bank Loans	_	17,500
Secured Short-Term Notes (note 1 (d))	642,334	603,662
Secured Term Notes (Schedule A and notes 1 (d) and 10)	900,520	761,993
Debentures (Schedule B and note 10)	98,927	122,176
Subordinated Debentures (Schedule C and notes 10 and 13)	33,956	35,158
Unsecured Term Notes (notes 1 (d) and 9)	5,102	5,458
	1,680,839	1,545,947
Payables		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	106,269	100,117
Income taxes	1,698	1,885
	107,967	102,002
Unearned Income (note 11)	331,083	375,588
Unrealized Foreign Exchange Gains (note 1 (d))	_	3,624
Deferred Income Taxes (note 12)	165,648	149,044
	2,285,537	2,176,205
	2,200,001	2,170,203
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Capital Stock (Schedule D)		
Preferred shares	16,268	16,623
Common shares (note 13)	51,451	51,028
	67,719	67,651
Retained Earnings (note 5)	183,228	166,110
	250,947	233,761
	2,536,484	2,409,966
	2,550,404	2,409,900

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION for the year ended December 31, 1977

for the year ended December 31, 1977		
	1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Sources of Funds		
Operations—		
Earnings before extraordinary item	31,505	30,920
Amortization of debt discount and expense	1,699	2,263
Amortization and depreciation of fixed assets	1,645	1,751
Provision for deferred income taxes	17,815	23,434
Contribution to earnings of unconsolidated		
subsidiary and mortgage insurance company	(1,398)	(1,363)
	51,266	57,005
Borrowings—		
Short-term debt—issues, less redemptions	23,883	(86,093)
Other term debt—		
Proceeds from new borrowings	192,983	238,442
Redemptions	104,681	149,914
	88,302	88,528
	112,185	2,435
Funds received on sale of subsidiaries	22,067	10,447
Less: Cost of assets sold	9,578	8,625
	12,489	1,822
Capital Stock—		
Common shares—proceeds of issue	423	31
Preferred shares—cost of redemptions	(290)	(993)
	133	(962)
Investment in Marketable Securities	5,213	(16,421)
Net increase in payables	3,024	4,415
including other receivables	544	(4,235)
	3,568	180
Decrease in cash	54,258	7,183
	239,112	51,242
Uses of Funds		
Increase (decrease) in operating assets—		
Receivables—		
Sales financing	(1,643)	(14,990)
Consumer loans	(25,623)	(12,741)
Residential mortgages	10,056	46,633
Commercial loans	193,765	(759)
Leasing	536	(14,623)
	177,091	3,520
Decrease in unearned income	44,505	30,417
Increase in allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,227)	(417)
	220,369	33,520
Investment in mortgage insurance and		
other companies	1,268	1,356
Dividends paid on common and preferred shares	16,894	16,366
Reassessment of prior years' capital taxes	581	
	239,112	51,242

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 1977

1. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Principles of consolidation

The statements consolidate the accounts of the company and its subsidiaries.

(b) Recognition of revenue

Precomputed charges on sales financing retail receivables for terms for less than forty-eight months and on consumer loan receivables are taken into income using the sum-of-the-digits method on an account by account basis. Because this method does not maintain the original yield over longer terms, on sales financing retail contracts written for terms in excess of forty-eight months, unearned income is taken into earnings on the actuarial yield basis.

Discount on residential mortgages purchased is brought into income over the remaining term of the mortgage using the actuarial yield method.

Leasing transactions are reported in accordance with the financing method of accounting. The excess of aggregate rentals over the cost of the leased asset is recorded as unearned income at the time of the transaction. Income is taken up over the term of the lease pro rata to the declining balance of the investment. Gains arising from residual values of leased

assets are reflected in earnings only when realized. Contractual disposal proceeds negotiated at the inception of the lease are included in unearned income and taken up as described above.

(c) Allowance for doubtful receivables
For IAC sales financing, consumer loans, commercial loans and leasing, such allowance is established by evaluating individual accounts. For residential mortgage receivables, the allowance is set up as a percentage of such receivables. After collection possibilities have been exhausted, any balance remaining on an account is written off.

(d) Translation of foreign currencies
Unhedged assets and liabilities are translated to Canadian funds at current exchange rates.
Foreign currency borrowings which are covered by forward exchange contracts are recorded at exchange rates established under the terms of such contracts. Exchange gains and losses on current assets and liabilities are considered to be realized and are reflected in the statement of earnings for the current fiscal year. Net unrealized exchange losses or gains, resulting from the difference between the current exchange rate and the exchange rate at

the date the proceeds of unhedged borrowings were received or the date of purchase of unhedged assets, are deferred and carried in "Unrealized foreign exchange losses" or "Unrealized foreign exchange gains" respectively in the balance sheet.

(e) Amortization of debt discount and expense Debt discount and expense is amortized over the term of the related debt instrument. If the debt is prepayable or exchangeable at the holder's option, the amortization is calculated to the first optional maturity date. When a debt obligation is redeemed prior to maturity, the related unamortized charges are written off in the month of redemption.

(f) Methods of depreciation

Buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the rate of 2.5% per annum. All other physical assets are depreciated at the maximum rates allowed by the regulations of the Canadian Income Tax Act for claiming capital cost allowance.

Leasehold improvements are amortized in accordance with the regulations of the same Act over the term of the respective leases.

2. Gross Income			Incre	ase
	1977	1976	(decre	ease)
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	%
Sales financing	121,282	129,454	(8,172).	(6.3)
Consumer loans	29,459	39,242	(9,783)	(24.9)
Residential mortgages	36,387	33,451	2,936	8.8
Commercial loans	17,245	10,021	7,224	72.1
Leasing	46,342	47,779	(1,437)	(3.0)
	250,715	259,947	(9,232)	(3.6)
Provision for doubtful receivables	11,159	11,617	458	3.9
	239,556	248,330	(8,774)	(3.5)
Casualty insurance premiums	18,674	19,311	(637)	(3.3)
Casualty insurance premiums Marketable securities	2,006	1,585	421	26.6
	260,236	269,226	(8,990)	(3.3)

3. Sale of Subsidiary Companies

On November 15, 1977, the company sold all of its shares of its subsidiaries, The Sovereign Life Assurance Company of Canada and The Sovereign General Insurance Company. The sale resulted in a net gain of \$3,023,000.

The company previously recorded its investment in The Sovereign Life Assurance

Company of Canada at cost plus the company's portion of increase in unassigned surplus of the subsidiary since acquisition. Included in income for the current year is the company's portion of the increase in the unassigned surplus of the subsidiary to September 30, 1977.

The results of operations of The Sovereign General Insurance Company amounting to net earnings of \$1,500,000 for the period to September 30, 1977 have been consolidated in the company's statement of earnings for the year.

4. Sale of The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company

On December 19, 1977, the company exchanged its investment in 40% of the common shares and \$2,468,000 of the preferred shares

of The Sovereign Mortgage Insurance Company for 17% of the common shares and \$2,468,000 of the preferred shares of Insmor Holdings Limited.

The investment in The Sovereign Mortgage

Insurance Company was accounted for on the equity method. The investment in shares of Insmor Holdings Limited is accounted for on the cost basis and is included in "Investments in Other Companies" on the balance sheet.

5. Retained Earnings—Statutory Appropriation

As at December 31, 1977, an amount of \$8,732,000 equal to the par value of preferred shares purchased for cancellation, had been set aside in the accounts out of retained earnings (1976—\$8,377,000).

6. Fully Diluted Common Stock Earnings per Share

Assuming that all conversion rights outstanding at December 31, 1977 had actually been exercised at the beginning of the year, fully diluted earnings per common share for the year ended December 31, 1977 would have been:

1977

1976

 The calculation assumes that earnings applicable to common shares were increased by \$1,181,000 representing the elimination of interest, net of income taxes, attributable to the $9\frac{1}{2}\%$ convertible subordinated debentures.

1076

7. Sales Financing Receivables

Sales financing receivables comprise:

	19//	1970
	\$000's	\$000's
Wholesale receivables	349,162	287,670
Retail receivables	701,639	764,774
	1,050,801	1,052,444

8. Maturities of Gross Receivables and Payables				(In million	s of dollars)		
	1	2	3	4	5	6-10	Over 10	
	year	years	years	years	years	years	years	Total
Receivables								1 999
Sales financing	703.1	213.6	96.2	22.3	8.8	6.8	_	1,050.8
Consumer loans	89.7	53.0	29.0	5.7	0.7	_	_	178.1
Residential mortgages	28.1	38.1	47.6	57.1	58.8	15.5	13.7	258.9
Commercial loans	51.7	20.5	22.2	17.7	33.1	130.7	1.5	277.4
Leasing	113.0	105.1	86.8	69.7	59.7	190.0	86.4	710.7
Other receivables	5.2	- R C	_		_	_	_	5.2
	990.8	430.3	281.8	172.5	161.1	343.0	101.6	2,481.1
Payables								
Debt*	712.7	62.2	79.8	53.2	92.0	533.9	147.0	1,680.8
Other	99.7	5.2	2.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	_	108.0
	812.4	67.4	82.1	53.7	92.2	534.0	147.0	1,788.8
Excess of Receivables (Payables)	178.4	362.9	199.7	118.8	68.9	(191.0)	(45.4)	692.3

All receivables have been allocated on the basis of contractual terms including residential mortgages which formerly were allocated on the basis of amortization schedules.

*Allocation not adjusted for sinking fund,

mandatory redemption and purchase fund requirements (see note 10).

9. Unsecured Term Notes		1977	1976
Unsecured notes comprise:		\$000	s \$000°
Parent company—	070.000		
8% term note for U.S. \$3,471,000 (1976—\$3	,879,000) repayable in equal	2 =0	
Niagara Finance Company Limited—		3,79	3,91
6% term note for U.S. \$1,193,000 (1976—U.	S. \$1,533,000) repayable		
in equal semi-annual instalments until 1981			1,54
		5,102	
10. Sinking Fund, Mandatory Redemption	Certain issues have purchase fund require-	(In millions of dollars)	
and Purchase Fund Requirements	ments which are non-cumulative and under	Years ending December 31,	
The sinking fund and mandatory redemption	which the IAC companies are required to	1978	
requirements for the years ending December	redeem only debt instruments offered to them	1979	
31, 1978 to 1982 are as follows:	subject to limitations as to price and aggregate	1980	
\$000's 1978 5,293	annual amounts. It is not possible to predict	1981	
1978 5,293 1979 5,609	the amounts that will be offered by holders.	1982	. \$ 9.6
1980 5,873	The maximum purchase fund requirements for the years ending December 31 are as follows:	1983-1987	. \$28.4
1981 6,641	the years ending December 31 are as follows:	after 1987	. , \$25.6
1982 9,376			
11. Unearned Income		1977	1976
Unearned income comprises:		\$000's	\$000's
Unearned service charges relating to sales fina	ncing receivables	95 870	
Unearned service charges relating to consumer	r loans	25.310	32,198
Deferred income relating to residential mortga	ges	3 457	4,257
Deferred income relating to commercial loans		373	9
Unearned income relating to leasing receivable	es		
Offeathed casualty insurance premiums			8,506
		331,083	375,588
12. Deferred Income Taxes			
Deferred income taxes arise from timing dif-			
ferences relating to the treatment for income			
tax purposes of income and expenses as-		1077	1076
sociated with the following:		1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Commercial loans			\$000 s
Residential mortgage receivables		971	935
Unamortized debt discount and expense		707	718
Premises and equipment		171	184
Unearned casualty insurance premiums			1,019
Production of the contract of			
Leasing receivables		163,652	146,120

13. Common Shares

1,194,950 common shares
1,194,950 common shares are reserved for conversion rights exercisable until July 14, 1979 at 50 shares (equivalent to \$20 per share) and thereafter, until July 14, 1984 at 46 shares (equivalent to \$21.74 per share) for each \$1,000 of principal of the 1974 9½% convertible subordinated debentures.

14. Commitments Under Leases The companies have leases on office premises used for their business, requiring rental payments as follows:	Years 1978. 2, 1979. 2, 1980. 1, 1981. 1,	proximate nual rentals \$,762,000 ,295,000 ,667,000 ,143,000 901,000		
15. Remuneration of Directors and Officers Aggregate remuneration of the IAC Limited directors as directors of: IAC Limited			1977 \$ 100,113 16,500 8,150 11,750	1976 \$ 88,452 18,150 9,500 12,400
Number of directors of IAC Limited			136,513 21 \$ 1,684,237	128,502 25 \$ 1,513,671
officers as directors of: Niagara Finance Company Limited The Sovereign General Insurance Company The Sovereign Life Assurance Company of	Canada		8,400 2,650 2,350 13,400	10,050 3,000 2,600 15,650
Number of IAC Limited officers who were also			24 4	26 4
16. Contingent Liabilities IAC and some of its subsidiaries are parties to certain litigation incidental to the kind of business conducted. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability, if any, will not materially affect the companies' consolidated financial position or results of operations.				
17. Anti-Inflation Act The company and its subsidiaries are subject to the provisions of the Federal Anti-Inflation Legislation restraining prices, profit margins, compensation and dividends.				
18. Conversion to a Chartered Bank On July 14, 1977, an Act of Parliament incorporating the Continental Bank of Canada and				

providing for the conversion of the Company into a bank received Royal Assent.

as at December 31, 1977

Schedule A

	Year of		Rate		1977	1976
	issue	Series	%	Maturity date	\$0003	\$000's
Payable in Canadian funds—						
Parent company	1959	"T"	$5^{3}/4$	April 1, 1979	6,00	6,000
	1959	"V"	$6^{1/2}$	December 1, 1979	5,00	5,000
	1960	"W"	6	August 15, 1980	7,50	7,500
	1961	"X"	$5^{3}/4$	November 15, 1981		0 8,500
	1962	"Y"	5.40	July 2, 1982	10,00	0 10,000
	1964	"28"	53/4	September 15, 1984		0 15,000
	1965	"31"	53/4	March 1, 1985		0 12,500
	1965	"33"	6	December 1, 1985	5,00	5,000
	1966	"34"	$6^{1/2}$	February 1, 1986	6,00	0 6,000
	1969	"37"*	81/4	May 1, 1979	20	0 200
	1969	"37"*	83/4	May 1, 1989		0 1,200
	1972	"39"*	$8^{3}/_{4}$	September 1, 1991	26,91	4 28,625
	1976		91/2	May 15, 1981	25,00	25,000
	1976	_ *	101/4	July 30, 1983	100,00	0 100,000
	1977	_	9	March 1, 1984	100,00	0 —
					328,81	4 230,525
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1964	"1"	$5^{3}/4$	April 15, 1984	10,00	10,000
	1964	"2"	53/4	May 1, 1985		
	1965	"3"	$5^{3}/4$	May 1, 1985		
	1966	"4"	71/2	December 1, 1986		
	1968	"5"	81/4	May 1, 1988		
			- 407	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	42,50	
Niagara Realty of Canada Limited	1970	"A"*	$9^{3}/4$	December 15, 1990		_
3	1971	"B"*	77/8	December 15, 1986		
	1972	"C"*	81/4	August 15, 1982		
	1973	"D"*	77/8	May 15, 1988		
	1974	"E"*	9	March 1, 1994		
	1974	"F"*	101/4	June 18, 1981		
	1974	"F"**	$10^{3}/8$	December 18, 1984		
	1977	"G"*	91/2	January 30, 1984		
			- / -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	149,84	
Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(d))—				Pary	value U.S. \$000's	
Parent company	1957	"S"	51/2	February 15, 1977		15,870
- mont company	1962	"Z"	51/4	October 1, 1982	10,000 10,94	
	1963	"27"	51/4	April 1, 1988	10,000 10,94	
	1964	"29"	5	October 1, 1984	10,000 10,94	
	1965	"30"	5	February 15, 1985	15,000 16,410	
	1965	"32"	51/2	October 1, 1987	20,000 21,880	
	1966	"35"	53/4	February 1, 1986	12,825 14,03	
	1968	"36"*	73/4	October 15, 1986	10,550 11,542	
	1969	"38"*	91/2	June 1, 1990	12,900 14,112	
	1974	"40"*	91/4	May 15, 1994	42,525 46,522	
	1976	"41"#	91/2	March 15, 1983	50,000 54,70	
					193,800 212,01	
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1075	"6"**	1014	Santambar 1 1000	27,000 29,53	
ragara Finance Company Limited	1975	0 4.4	$10\frac{1}{2}$	September 1, 1990	27,000 23,330	20,14.

Holders of "37" notes due in 1979 have an option to exchange these notes at maturity for either $8\frac{1}{2}\%$ 1984 notes or $8\frac{3}{4}\%$ 1989 notes.

Holders of "38" notes have the right to prepayment on June 1, 1980 or 1985.

Holders of "A" notes have the right to prepayment on December 15, 1980 or 1985. Holders of "B" notes have the right to

prepayment on December 15, 1978.

Holders of "D" notes have the right to prepayment on May 15, 1980.

Holders of "E" notes have the right to prepayment on March 1, 1980.

Holders of the 9% notes due March 1, 1984 have the right to prepayment on March 1, 1983.

The parent company has guaranteed

secured notes of Niagara Realty of Canada Limited as to principal, interest and redemption premiums, if any.

*These notes have purchase fund provisions (note 10).

**These notes have a sinking fund provision (note 10).

#These notes have mandatory redemption provision (note 10).

	Year of maturity		1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Notes issued at rates of interest				
varying from 7.50% to 10.25%				
Payable in Canadian funds—				
Parent company	1977		_	50,508
	1978		46,505	43,505
	1979		27,090	290
	1980		2,515	2,515
			76,110	96,818
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1977			880
Thagain Thance Company Emilied	1978		172	172
	1979		15	15
	1980		20	20
	1982		5	_
			212	1,087
		Par value U.S. \$000		
Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(d))—	1977	_	_	5,816
Parent company	1978	1,800	1,969	1,815
	1979	1,800	1,969	1,815
	1980	1,800	1,969	1,815
	1981	1,800	1,970	1,815
	1982	35,000	38,290	20,178
	1983	10,000	10,940	10,088
		52,200	57,107	43,342
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1982	1,000	1,094	1,009
Thagara Thance company Emilieu	1983	1,000	1,094	1,009
	1984	1,000	1,094	1,009
	1985	1,000	1,094	1,008
		4,000	4,376	4,035
			900,520	761,993

CONSOLIDATED DETAILS OF DEBENTURES

as at December 31, 1977

Schedule B

	Year of issue	Rate %	Maturity date	Amount authorized and issued \$000's	Outstanding 1977 \$000's	Outstanding 1976 \$000's
Payable in Canadian funds—		C TOLK				
Parent company	1957	53/4**	January 15, 1977	_	_	5,324
	1957	6 **	September 1, 1977		_	3,050
	1958	51/2**	February 1, 1978		2,952	3,127
	1959	6 **	June 15, 1979		6,150	6,686
	1960	63/4**	February 1, 1980		6,386	7,000
	1961	53/4**	July 2, 1981	10,000	7,289	7,558
	1962	53/4**	February 15, 1982	10,000	6,543	7,102
	1965	61/2*	December 15, 1983	10,000	5,974	6,654
	1966	71/2*	December 15, 1986	10,000	6,566	6,689
	1970	91/2#	October 15, 1992	15,000	11,793	11,793
	1975	$9^{3}/4##$	March 25, 1995	30,000	29,785	29,785
					83,438	94,768
Niagara Finance Company Limited	1972	8 **	April 17, 1992	15,000	489	12,408
	1974	111/2###	October 15, 1994		15,000	15,000
					15,489	27,408
					98,927	122,176

^{*}Sinking fund debentures (note 10).

DETAILS OF SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES

as at December 31, 1977

Schedule C

	Year of issue	Rate %	Maturity date	Amount authorized and issued \$000's	Outstanding 1977 \$000's	Outstanding 1976 \$000's
Payable in Canadian funds—						
Parent company	1966	63/4*	August 15, 1984	15,000	9,888	10,659
	1967	7 *##	November 1, 1985	10,000	169	600
	1974	91/2**#	July 15, 1994		23,899	23,899
					33,956	35,158

^{*}These debentures have sinking fund provisions (note 10).

^{**}These debentures have purchase fund provisions (note 10).

[#]These debentures have purchase fund provisions until October 15, 1982 and sinking fund provisions thereafter. Holders have the right to prepayment on October 15, 1982 (note 10).

^{##}These debentures have purchase fund provisions until March 25, 1983 and sinking fund provisions thereafter. Holders have the right to prepayment on March 25, 1983 (note 10).

^{###}These debentures have purchase fund provisions and the holders have the right to prepayment on October 15, 1979, 1984 and 1989 (note 10).

^{**}Convertible debentures (note 13).

[#]These debentures have purchase fund provisions (note 10).

^{##}Conversion rights on these debentures expired October 31, 1977.

CONSOLIDATED DETAILS OF CAPITAL STOCK

as at December 31, 1977

Schedule D

	1977		1970	5
	Shares	Amount \$000's	Shares	Amount \$000's
Preferred Shares				
Authorized and issued—				
4½% cumulative shares				
of \$100 each redeemable at \$101	100,000	10,000	100,000	10,000
Purchased for cancellation	61,824	6,182	61,824	6,182
	38,176	3,818	38,176	3,818
53/4% cumulative shares of \$25 each redeemable at				
\$26.25, declining to \$25.25 at May 15, 1981	600,000	15,000	600,000	15,000
Purchased for cancellation	101,983	2,550	87,793	2,195
	498,017	12,450	512,207	12,805
		16,268		16,623
Common Shares				
Authorized without nominal or par value (note 13)	20,000,000		20,000,000	
Issued and fully paid—				
Beginning of year	13,544,033	51,028	13,541,883	50,997
Issued during the year—			*	
On conversion of 1967				
7% convertible				
subordinated debentures	29,610	423	2,100	30
On conversion of 1974				
9½% convertible			50	
subordinated debentures			50	1
	29,610	423	2,150	31
End of year	13,573,643	51,451	13,544,033	51,028

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of IAC Limited as at December 31, 1977 and the consolidated statements of earnings, retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and

accordingly included such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1977 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial

position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Toronto, February 14, 1978

Coopers & hybrand

Coopers & Lybrand
Chartered Accountants

Accounting Policies

Accounting policies relating to the principles of consolidation, recognition of revenue, allowance for doubtful receivables, translation of foreign currencies, amortization of debt discount and expenses and methods of depreciation are presented in note 1 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements, page 15.

Bank Lines of Credit

The IAC companies maintain lines of credit with nine Canadian banks and directly or through their affiliates with twenty-five U.S. banks (including the ten largest banks). These bank lines are maintained to facilitate the short-term borrowing operations of the IAC companies. In accordance with general practice, bank lines of credit are subject to periodic review and may be terminated or reduced at the discretion of the bank. The total of all credit lines amounted to \$663.5 million at December 31, 1977.

Borrowing Operations

IAC and its subsidiary, Niagara Finance Company Limited, borrow in the short, medium, and long-term markets in both the U.S.A. and in Canada. Another subsidiary, Niagara Realty of Canada Limited, has issued series of long-term secured notes as listed on page 34. These notes are guaranteed by the parent company.

Branch Organization

The activities of the IAC companies are carried on at more than 230 locations in all provinces of Canada. The branches are under the overall direction of Regional Managers. Regional Managers are accountable to the Division General Managers. There are four geographic divisions headquartered in Halifax, Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver. The Capital Funds Division, because of its specialized functions, is headquartered in Toronto and has a different branch network.

Branch Start-Up Expenses

Start-up expenses of new branches are charged to current earnings as and when incurred.

Delinquencies

Delinquent accounts are those of which the lesser of \$25 or half of an instalment is past due one month or more.

Renewed accounts are analysed on the basis of the current payment schedule and extended accounts on the basis of the extended schedule. "Renewal" is a new contract entered into before the expiry of the old for the purpose of reducing the amount of the instalments originally agreed to by the customer. An "extension" means the postponement of all or a part of a current instalment.

The prerequisites for granting renewals or extensions are strictly determined and

renewed or extended accounts are carefully controlled. Partial payments, no matter how recent, will not remove an account from delinquent status. The Supplement to this Annual Report contains detailed information.

Intercompany Borrowing

IAC, the parent company, does not borrow from subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are not permitted to invest in IAC securities either by way of debt instruments or of preferred or common stock.

Pension Fund

IAC has a contributory pension plan (based on retirement at age 62) covering all permanent employees aged 27 and over with more than one year of service. The pension plan is based on the highest average remuneration received over a period of five consecutive years prior to retirement. The company's contribution for 1977 amounted to \$1,476,000 (1976: \$1,267,000). In addition the company contributed \$376,000 (1976: \$350,000) to various government pension plans.

Write-Offs

Net credit losses written off during the year totalled \$9,932,000 or 0.42% of average receivables (1976: \$10,888,000 or 0.47% of average receivables).

TEN YEAR OPERATING AND STATISTICAL SUMMARY

	1977	1976	1975
Assets and Liabilities (\$000's)			
Total assets	2,536,484	2,409,966	2,390,847
Total receivables	2,481,134	2,305,514	2,298,700
Details:	240 1/2	207 (70	205 850
Sales financing—wholesale	349,162	287,670	295,850
—retail	701,639	764,774	771,584
Consumer loans	178,086	203,709	216,450
Residential mortgages	258,936	248,880	202,247
Commercial loans	277,355	83,590	84,349
Leasing	710,753	710,217	724,840
Other receivables	5,203	6,674	3,380
Total debt	1,680,839	1,545,947	1,540,203
Total equity	250,947	233,761	218,822
Debt to equity ratio: times	6.70	6.61	7.04
Operating Highlights (\$000's) (% of gross income)			
Gross income	260,236	269,226	243,150
Cost of borrowed money	130,163 50.0	135,265 50.2	114,265 47.0
General expenses	63,866 24.5	62,231 23.1	59,134 24.3
Earnings	34,528 13.3	32,267 12.0	30,450 12.5
Preferred dividends	900 .3	926 .4	988 .4
Earnings applicable to common shares	33,628 12.9	31,341 11.6	29,462 12.1
Average cost of borrowed money %	8.4	8.9	8.3
Common Stock Foots			
Common Stock Facts Earnings per share outstanding—daily average	\$2.48	\$2.31	\$2.18
	14.9	15.0	15.2
Per cent return on average equity	\$1.18	\$1.14	\$1.09
Dividends paid per share	\$1.16	\$2.31	\$2.31
Income and other taxes per share		11,307	11,435
Number of shareholders	11,589	11,307	11,433
—year end	13,573,643	13,544,033	13,541,883
—daily average	13,551,871	13,543,285	13,513,111
—owned in Canada—year end %	96.7	96.5	96.3
Book value per share	\$17.29	\$16.03	\$14.84
book value per shale	Ψ17.27	Ψ10.05	ΨΙΠΟΙ

For comparative reasons, some of the figures for previous years have been restated to conform to the current presentation.

1974		1973		1972		1971		1970		1969		1968	
2,139,457		1,852,88		1,523,3		1,298,1		1,232,6		1,188,2		1,090,	
2,065,068		1,779,55	56	1,455,6	35	1,206,8	5/	1,143,4	103	1,111,4	194	-1,014,	893
296,164		239,50	58	215,2	89	177,1	30	137,1	16	138,7	770	157,	468
798,840		725,23		606,9		516,9		533,8	323	566,4	107	510,	
216,617		197,47	79	173,4	87	159,1	02	155,5	65	152,6	575	149,0	025
175,619		127,58		94,1		75,9	92	62,6	531	52,0)44	42,	000
75,274		58,70	07	55,2		61,7	39	77,0	88	83,6	523	97,	980
498,701		427,49		307,8			212,812		189	113,5	667	53,	705
3,853		3,48		2,7		3,1		4,0	91	4,4	804	3,	915
1,407,572		1,203,67		974,0		850,8		841,5	06	843,2	284	795,	448
203,645		188,43		179,5	20	160,882		150,628		143,431		138,	305
6.91		6.3	39	5	43	5.	29	5.	59	5.	.88	5	.75
221,750		171,547		147,635		138,502		143,244		136,327		122,510	
115,847 52	2	73,280	42.7	55,919	37.9	52,838	38.1	60,693	42.4	56,030	41.1	48,958	40.0
51,359 23		46,083	26.9	43,214	29.3	40,740	29.4	40,938	28.6	40,161	29.5	36,761	30.
23,336 10		22,494	13.1	21,994	14.9	19,415	14.0	16,862	11.8	15,484	11.4	14,936	12.
	.4	1,019	.6	1,034	.7	1,064	.8	1,079	.8	1,118	.8	1,146	12.
22,340 10		21,475	12.5	20,960	14.2	18,351	13.2	15,783	11.0	14,366	10.5	13,790	11.
9.0		7.2		6.6	2	6.7	13.2	7.4	11.0	7.1	10.5	6.7	11
\$1.69		\$1.6	5	\$1.0	65	\$1	50	\$1.	20	\$1.	10	61	.15
12.6		13.		13		13			2.5		2.1		2.1
\$.98		\$.9		\$		\$.			721/2	\$.			.65
\$1.86		\$1.8		\$1.0		\$1.		\$1.		\$1.			.33
11,853		12,51		12,6		12,8		13,5		13,9		14,0	
3,487,698		13,006,29		12,988,39		12,306,1		12,131,7		12,060,5		11,977,8	
3,204,861		12,995,74		12,694,40		12,207,7		12,085,8		11,922,2		11,954,1	178
96.3		95.		96		95			1.7		4.1		4.1
\$13.73		\$13.0)5	\$12.3	35	\$11	50	\$10.	78	\$10.	17	\$9	.78

The year 1977 was one of transition for Niagara, your Company's largest subsidiary. In anticipation of the commencement of operations by the Continental Bank of Canada, changes were made with a view to building a loan portfolio more appropriate to a banking institution:

competitive with a wider spectrum of financial intermediaries.

The average size of transaction during the year increased by almost 50%, but as a consequence of soft demand mainly attributable to the economic situation and high regional unemployment, total

partially offset by a decline in the cost of borrowed funds and a reduction in general and administrative expenses. Thus, earnings were \$3.1 million, down from \$5.0 million in 1976, excluding the \$1.3 million gain on the sale of the United Kingdom subsidiary in that year.

and high regional unemployment, total receivables at \$292 million were down from \$310 million a year ago. Lower average receivables and the adjustment in rates resulted in lower gross income than in the previous year which was only United Kingdom subsidiary in the United Kingdom subsidiary in the It is anticipated that the actions ta new plans implemented will be refavourably in the Company's resulted in lower gross income than in the previous year which was only							
Selected Niagara Finance Statistics:		1977	1976	1975	1974	1973	
Earnings (\$ thousands)		3,122 291.6	6,364 310.2	5,858 317.8	5,508 310.3	5,333 273.9	
STATEMENT OF EARNINGS for the year ended December 31, 1977							
					1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's	
					32,407	42,121	
Cost of borrowed money—Short-term deb	otot			_	4,139 9,989 14,128	5,406 11,667 17,073	
				_	12,487 26,615 5,792	$\frac{15,179}{32,252}$ $\frac{9,869}{}$	
Deferred					1,312 1,358 2,670	580 4,272 4,852	
Extraordinary Item Gain on sale of subsidiary net of income to	axes			_	3,122	5,017 1,347 6,364	
STATEMENT OF RETAINED EAR! for the year ended December 31, 1977	NINGS						
					1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_	3,122	6,364	
					1,500 1,500 3,000 122	1,750 1,750 3,500 2,864	
Increase in Retained Earnings for the Yea Retained Earnings—Beginning of Year	s ,000ar				(66) 56 19,125 19,181	2,864 16,261 19,125	

BALANCE SHEET as at December 31, 1977		
ASSETS	1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Cash	511	2,781
Loans (note 5)	200,720 85,859	226,000 83,544
Other (note 4)	5,067	703
Allowance for doubtful receivables	291,646 5,961	310,247 5,711
Other Assets and Deferred Charges	285,685	304,536
Leasehold improvements and prepaid expenses (note 6)	47	364
Unamortized debt discount and expense	943 1,894	1,335
Office equipment and automobiles (note 6)		993
	2,884	2,692
	289,080	310,009
LIABILITIES		
Secured Demand Bank Loans		10,400
Secured Short-Term Notes	43,483	36,334
Secured Term Notes (notes 7 and 12) Debentures (notes 8 and 12)	76,626 15,489	76,367 27,408
Unsecured Notes (note 9)	27,865	22,745
	163,463	173,254
Payables Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,474	9,385
Income taxes payable	717	208
	6,191	9,593
Unearned Income (note 10)	53,805	62,199
Unrealized Foreign Exchange Gain		756
Deferred Income Taxes (note 11)	21,440	20,082
	244,899	265,884
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Capital Stock		
Authorized—150,000 5½% non-cumulative, participating Class A shares with a par value of \$100 each, redeemable at par		
150,000 common shares without nominal or par value		
Issued and fully paid—125,000 Class A shares	12,500	12,500
125,000 common shares	12,500	12,500
Retained Earnings	25,000 19,181	25,000 19,125
	44,181	44,125
	289,080	310,009
Signed on behalf of the Board L.R. Woodall, Director S.F. Melloy, Director		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the year ended December 31, 1977

	1977	1976
	\$000's	\$000's
Sources of Funds		
Operations—		
Earnings before extraordinary item	3,122	5,017
Amortization of debt discount and expense	152	210
Amortization and depreciation of fixed assets	_	463
Provision for deferred income taxes	1,358	4,272
	4,632	9,962
Decrease (increase) in operating assets—		
Receivables—		
Small loans	11,844	7,947
Other loans	13,779	4,794
Sales financing—retail	(343)	3,084
Leasing	(2,315)	(8,415)
	22,965	7,410
Increase in allowance for doubtful receivables	250	199
Decrease in unearned income	(8,394)	(4,774)
	14,821	2,835
Funds received on sale of subsidiary	_	10,447
Less: Cost of assets sold	_	8,625
Less. Cost of assets sord		1,822
	19,453	14,619
	= 17,400	====
Uses of Funds		
Borrowings—	(22.260)	(2.100)
Short-term debt	(22,269)	(3,100)
Other term debt—	34,550	10 652
Redemptions		19,653
	12,281	16,553
Dividends	3,000	3,500
Net increase (decrease) in other assets including other receivables	3,027	(253)
Net decrease (increase) in payables	3,349	(4,650)
Reassessment of prior years' capital taxes net of income taxes	66	
	21,723	15,150
Decrease in cash	(2,270)	(531)
	19,453	14,619

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 1977

1. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Recognition of revenue

Precomputed charges on 'other' loans and on sales financing retail receivables are taken into income using the sum-of-the-digits method on an account by account basis.

Leasing transactions are reported in accordance with the financing method of accounting. The excess of aggregate rentals over the cost of the leased asset is recorded as unearned income at the time of the transaction. Income is taken up over the term of the lease pro rata to the declining balance of the investment. Gains arising from residual values of the leased assets are reflected in earnings only when realized. Contractual disposal proceeds negotiated at the inception of the lease are

included in unearned income and taken up as described above.

(b) Allowance for doubtful receivables
For loans such allowance is established by
evaluating individual accounts. After collection
possibilities have been exhausted, any balance
remaining on an account is written off.
(c) Translation of foreign currencies
Unhedged liabilities are translated to Canadian
funds at current exchange rates. Foreign currency borrowings which are covered by forward exchange contracts are recorded at
exchange rates established under the terms of
such contracts. Exchange gains and losses on
translation of current liabilities are considered
to be realized and are reflected in the statement
of earnings for the current fiscal year. Net

unrealized exchange gains or losses, resulting from the difference between the current exchange rate and the exchange rate at the date the proceeds of unhedged term borrowings were received, are deferred and carried in the balance sheet.

(d) Amortization of debt discount and expense Debt discount and expense is amortized over the term of the related debt instrument. If the debt is prepayable at the holder's option, the amortization is calculated to the first optional maturity date. When a debt obligation is redeemed prior to maturity, the related unamortized charges are written off in the month of redemption.

Solution Secured Term Notes Solution Secured Term Notes Secure	or officers and ations Act of 1976— shed under to any's portion of the shed under to any shed under to an
Income from receivables Less: Provision for doubtful receivables 3. Expenditure Commencing in 1977, the affairs of the company are administered by its parent, LAC Limited. IAC Limited is reimbursed for the cost of administrative services in a manner defined 4. Other Receivables Under an arrangement with the parent company, the company conducts part of its 5. Loans S. Expenditure In an agreement between the two companies. A loss of \$735,000 on translation of foreign et assets which have since been sold is in- Under an arrangement with the parent company, the company conducts part of its S. Loans S. Sales financing—retail Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed. S. Sales of Fixed Assets During the year, the leasehold improvements, office equipment and automobiles were sold to the parent company at their net book value. 7. Secured Term Notes Payable in Canadian funds— Year of issue Series Rate % Maturity date 1964	478 47, 478 47, 478 47, 478 47, 479 5, 407 42, 479 42,
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3. Expenditure Commencing in 1977, the affairs of the company are administered by its parent, IAC Limited. IaC Limited is IaC	ration paid or officers at ations Act of 1976— shed under to any's portion of the shed under to any shed under to any shed under to any shed under the shed under to any shed under the shed u
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Commencing in 1977, the affairs of the company are administered by its parent, IAC Limited. IAC Limited is reimbursed for the cost of administrative services in a manner defined 4. Other Receivables Under an arrangement with the parent company, the company conducts part of its 5. Loans Small loans are those made for not more than \$1,500 which are regulated under the Small Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed. Company at their net book value. 7. Secured Term Notes Payable in Canadian funds— Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(c))— Scries 6 notes have a sinking fund provision. Notes issued at rates of interest varying from 75% to 93% Payable in Canadian funds— A loss of \$735,000 on translation of foreign net assets which have since been sold is included in several and administrative expenses for 1976. A loss of \$735,000 on translation of foreign net assets which have since been sold is included in the Business Corporate defined in the Business Corporate to 1976. banking business through a bank account establisation of foreign net assets which have since been sold is included in general and administrative expenses for 1976. banking business through a bank account sat Decervation of the parent company. Included in other receivables is Loans comprise: Small loans Sales financing—retail 22. 200. 6. Sale of Fixed Assets During the year, the leasehold improvements, office equipment and automobiles were sold to the parent company at their net book value. 7. Secured Term Notes Payable in Canadian funds— Year of issue Series Rate Maturity date 1964 1 5½ April 15, 1984 10, 1966 2, 1965 3 5¼ May 1, 1985 10, 1966 4 7½ December 1, 1986 5, 1966 5, 1968 5 8½ May 1, 1985 10, 1966 5,	or officers and ations Act of 1976— shed under to any's portion of the shed under to any shed under to an
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Under an arrangement with the parent company, the company conducts part of its company. Included in other receivables is of this bank account as at Decer of this ban	any's portion mber 31, 19' 77
Under an arrangement with the parent company, the company conducts part of its company. Included in other receivables is of this bank account as at Decent and Dece	any's portion mber 31, 19' 77
Company, the company conducts part of its Company. Included in other receivables is Of this bank account as at December	mber 31, 19 77 19 78 79 800's \$000 693 33, 393 170, 634 22, 720 226, 977 19 00's \$000 10, 0000 10, 0000 5, 500 7,
Small loans are those made for not more than \$1,500 which are regulated under the Small Loans Comprise: \$300 which are regulated under the Small Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed.	977 19 900's \$00 6693 33, 3393 170, 6634 22, 720 226, 900's \$00 000's \$00 000 10, 000 10, 000 5, 500 7,
Small loans are those made for not more than \$1,500 which are regulated under the Small Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed.	977 19 900's \$00 6693 33, 3393 170, 6634 22, 720 226, 900's \$00 000's \$00 000 10, 000 10, 000 5, 500 7,
\$1,500 which are regulated under the Small Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed. \$21, Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed. \$3 Sales financing—retail Sales fin	977 19 900's \$00 000 10, 000 10, 000 5, 500 7,
Loans Act and upon which interest is accrued but not precomputed. Sales financing—retail 22, 200,	977 19 900's \$000 ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
During the year, the leasehold improvements, office equipment and automobiles were sold to the parent company at their net book value. Payable in Canadian funds—	977 19 900's \$00 ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
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office equipment and automobiles were sold to the parent company at their net book value. 7. Secured Term Notes Year of issue Series Rate Maturity date \$00	00's \$00 ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
## The parent company at their net book value. 7. Secured Term Notes Year of issue Series Rate	00's \$00 ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
7. Secured Term Notes Year of issue Series Rate % Maturity date \$00 Payable in Canadian funds— 1964 1 5³¼ April 15, 1984 10, 1964 2 5³¼ May 1, 1985 10, 1965 3 5³¼ May 1, 1985 10, 1965 4 7½ December 1, 1986 5, 1968 5 8¹¼ May 1, 1988 7, 1988 7, 1988 1979 1980 1982	00's \$00 ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
Year of issue Series Rate % Maturity date \$0	00's \$00 ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
Payable in Canadian funds—	,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
1964 2 53/4 May 1, 1985 10, 1965 3 53/4 May 1, 1985 10, 1966 4 71/2 December 1, 1986 5, 1968 5 81/4 May 1, 1988 7, 42,	000 10, 000 10, 000 5, 500 7,
1965 3 53/4 May 1, 1985 10, 1966 4 71/2 December 1, 1986 5, 1968 5 81/4 May 1, 1988 7, Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(c))— 1975 6 101/2 September 1, 1990 29, Series 6 notes have a sinking fund provision. 72, Notes issued at rates of interest varying from 75/8% to 93/8% Year of maturity Payable in Canadian funds— 1977	,000 10, ,000 5, ,500 7,
1966	,000 5, ,500 7,
1968 5 8½ May 1, 1988 7, 42,	500 7,
Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(c))— 1975 6 10½ September 1, 1990 29, Series 6 notes have a sinking fund provision. 72, Notes issued at rates of interest varying from 75% to 93% Year of maturity Payable in Canadian funds— 1977 — 1978 — 1980 — 1980 — 1982	
Payable in U.S. funds (note 1(c))— 1975 6 10½ September 1, 1990 29, Series 6 notes have a sinking fund provision. 72, Notes issued at rates of interest varying from 75% to 93% Year of maturity Payable in Canadian funds— 1977 — 1978 — 1980 — 1982 —	5(1)(1)
Series 6 notes have a sinking fund provision. Notes issued at rates of interest varying from 75%% to 93%% Payable in Canadian funds— 1977 1978 1979 1980 1982	,
Notes issued at rates of interest varying from 75% to 93% Year of maturity Payable in Canadian funds— 1977 1978 1979 1980 1982	
from 75% to 93% Year of maturity Payable in Canadian funds— 1977 — 1978 — 1979 — 1980 — 1982	038 71,
Payable in Canadian funds— 1977 1978 1979 1980 1980	
1978	
1979	172
1980	172 15
. 1982	20
	5 _
	212 1,0
Par value U.S. \$000's	
	094 1.0
	094 1.0
	094 1,0
1985	094 1.0
4,000 4,	376 4,0
76,	626 76,3
O. D.L. at	
TI 1 1 1 CO 1 (COL)	19
	00's \$00
	11,9
G 1 (/P)	489
	15,0
15,	489 27,4
9. Unsecured Notes—Unsecured notes comprise: 19	977 19
	00's \$00
	560 1,3
Term note maturing October 15, 1977	20,0
	305 1,
	1.0
	865 22.

Niagara Finance Company Limited		
Unearned service charges relating to sales fin	oans	3,411 3,483
11. Deferred Income Taxes Deferred income taxes arise from timing dif- ferences relating to the treatment for income tax purposes of income and expenses associated with the following:	Leasing receivables	1977 1976 \$000's \$000's 21,477 20,041 (37) 41 21,440 20,082
12. Sinking Fund and Purchase Fund Requirements The sinking fund requirements for the five years ending December 31, 1978 to 1982 are as follows: \$000's 1978	Series "B" and "C" debentures have purchase fund requirements which are non-cumulative and under which the company is required to redeem only debt instruments offered to it, subject to limitations as to price and aggregate annual amounts. It is not possible to predict the amounts that will be offered by holders. The maximum purchase fund requirements for the years ending December 31, 1978 and thereafter are as follows:	\$000's Year ending December 31, 1983- after 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1987 1987 725 475 — — 62 63
13. Anti-Inflation Act The company is subject to the provisions of the Federal Anti-Inflation Legislation restraining prices, profit margins and compensation.		
14. Comparative Data The 1976 comparative data include the results of operations in the United Kingdom for the period to August 25, 1976, the date of disposal.		
AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SH		
We have examined the balance sheet of Niagara Finance Company Limited as at December 31, 1977 and the statements of earnings, retained earnings and changes	standards, and accordingly included such tests and other procedures as we consid- ered necessary in the circumstances. In our opinion, these financial state-	changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with gen- erally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of

in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing

ments present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1977 and the results of its operations and the

February 3, 1978

the preceding year.

Coopers & Lybrand Chartered Accountants

Board of Directors

Roland Chagnon, C.A. Montreal, Que. Chairman of the Board, Lallemand Inc.

Peter Kilburn Montreal, Que. Honorary Chairman, Greenshields Incorporated

Joseph S. Land Toronto, Ont. Vice-Chairman of the Board, IAC

Byron F. London Codys, N.B. Retired, former President Keith H. MacDonald Toronto, Ont. Chairman of the Board, IAC

Lawrence M. Machum, Q.C. Saint John, N.B. Partner, McKelvey, Macaulay, Machum and Fairweather

Douglas W. Maloney Toronto, Ont. President, IAC

Stanley F. Melloy Toronto, Ont. Executive Vice-President, IAC

William Moodie Montreal, Que. President, Canadian Pacific Investments Limited

Lyndon E. Nichol Rancho Santa Fe, Calif. Retired, Director and former Chairman of the Board, IAC

L. Ronald Woodall Toronto, Ont. President

NIAGARA REALTY OF CANADA LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

These companies provide first and second mortgage loans, primarily on residential property. In addition, existing mortgages are purchased, individually and on a portfolio basis.

Mortgage loans outstanding at \$258.9 million were higher by \$10 million or 4% over the previous year end. The average total outstandings for the year increased by 13%.

The average cost of borrowed funds declined during the year. However, as the result of rate reductions in the mortgage market and an increase of 10% in overhead, earnings declined 10%.

The portfolio, which has more than doubled in the last five years, is in sound condition. Further growth and favourable results are anticipated in 1978.

by 13%.					
Selected Niagara Realty Statistics:	1977	1976	1975	1974	1973
Earnings (\$ thousands)	3,643	4,046	3,388	2,202	1,679
Mortgage receivables (\$ millions)	258.9	248.9	202.2	175.6	127.6
Average mortgage balance at year end (dollars)	12,082	10,590	8,962	7,963	6,339
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS for the year ended December 31, 1977				12	
				1977	1976
				\$000's	\$000's
Gross Income (note 2)				35,387	32,892
Cost of borrowed money—Short-term debt				8,485	8,711
—Other term debt				12,230	9,416
				20,715	18,127
General and administrative (note 3)			-	7,487	6,806
				28,202	24,933
				7,185	7,959
Provision for Income Taxes					
Current				3,723	4,175
Deferred	. .			(181)	(262
E!				3,542	3,913
Earnings			-	3,643	4,046
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS for the year ended December 31, 1977					
				1977	1976
				\$000's	\$000's
Earnings for the Year				3,643	4,046
Dividends				2,800	2,400
Increase in Retained Earnings for the Year				843	1,646
Retained Earnings—Beginning of Year				7,363	5,717
Retained Earnings—End of Year				8,206	7,363

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at December 31, 1977 ASSETS Cash Unclosed Loans Receivables Residential mortgages Other (note 4) Allowance for doubtful receivables Other Assets Prepaid expenses Unamortized debt discount and expense Office equipment and automobiles (note 5)	1977 \$000's 1 1,223 258,936 5,553 264,489 1,945 262,544	1976 \$000's 4,652 4,613 248,880 225 249,105 1,868 247,237
ASSETS Cash Unclosed Loans Receivables Residential mortgages Other (note 4) Allowance for doubtful receivables Other Assets Prepaid expenses Unamortized debt discount and expense	\$000's 1 1,223 258,936 5,553 264,489 1,945 262,544	\$000's 4,65' 4,61' 248,888 222 249,100 1,866
Unclosed Loans Receivables Residential mortgages Other (note 4) Allowance for doubtful receivables Other Assets Prepaid expenses Unamortized debt discount and expense	1,223 258,936 5,553 264,489 1,945 262,544	248,880 225 249,103 1,868
Residential mortgages	5,553 264,489 1,945 262,544	225 249,105 1,868
Allowance for doubtful receivables Other Assets Prepaid expenses Unamortized debt discount and expense	1,945 262,544	1,868
Prepaid expenses		271,23
Unamortized debt discount and expense	The Discoulding of	18
	1,846 ————————————————————————————————————	$\frac{1,355}{21}$ $\frac{21}{1,394}$
	265,618	257,896
LIABILITIES		
Demand Note Payable—parent company	87,556 149,846	128,675
Payables Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Income taxes	5,488 805	3,55° 1,42°
Deferred Income	$\frac{6,293}{3,457}$ $\frac{260}{2}$	4,980
Deterred mediae faxes (note 7)	247,412	240,533
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		1
Capital Stock Authorized— 2,000,000 8% non-cumulative, redeemable preferred shares of \$5 par value 2,000,000 common shares of \$5 par value		
Issued and fully paid— 2,000,000 common shares Retained Earnings	$ \begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 8,206 \\ \hline 18,206 \\ \hline 265,618 \end{array} $	10,00 7,36 17,36 257,89

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION for the year ended December 31, 1977

To the year ended December 31, 1977		
	1977 \$000's	1976 \$000's
Sources of Funds		The second
Operations—		
Earnings	3,643	4,046
Amortization of debt discount and expense	449	383
Depreciation	_	9
Provision for deferred income taxes	(181)	(262)
	3,911	4,176
Borrowings—		
Demand note payable—Parent company	(41,119)	45,645
Secured term notes—Proceeds	49,060	
—Redemptions	(2,334)	(2,035)
	5,607	43,610
	9,518	
Uses of Funds		47,786
Increase in operating assets—	40.086	16 600
Residential mortgages	10,056	46,633
Increase in allowance for doubtful receivables	(77)	(351)
Decrease (increase) in deferred income	800	(121)
Di ilian	10,779	46,161
Dividends	2,800	2,400
Increase (decrease) in unclosed loans	(3,390)	728
Net decrease (increase) in payables	(1,313)	881
Net increase in other assets including other receivables	5,293	122
	14,169	50,292
Decrease in cash	(4,651)	(2,506)
	9,518	47,786

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended December 31, 1977

1. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Principles of consolidation

The financial statements include the accounts of the company and its subsidiary, Niagara Realty Limited.

(b) Allowance for doubtful receivables For residential mortgages such allowance is set up as a percentage of total residential mortgage receivables.

(c) Amortization of debt discount and expense Debt discount and expense is amortized over the term of the related debt instrument. If the debt is prepayable at the holder's option, the amortization is calculated to the first optional maturity date. When a debt obligation is redeemed prior to maturity, the related unamortized charges are written off in the month of redemption.

(d) Deferred income

Deferred income arises from mortgages purchased at a discount and is taken into income over the remaining term of the mortgage on the actuarial yield method.

•		
2. Gross Income	1977	1976
	\$000's	\$000's
Earned income on mortgages	36,387	33,451
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	1,000	559
	35,387	32,892
3. Expenditure	1977	1976
Depreciation of office equipment and automobiles (note 5)	NIL	\$ 9,000
Remuneration of directors and officers—		
Aggregate remuneration of directors as directors Number of directors	NIL	NIL
Number of directors	7	7
Aggregate remuneration of officers as officers	NIL	\$30,000
Number of officers	6	8
Number of officers who are also directors	3	3
The affairs of the companies are administered by IAC Limited.		

4. Other Receivables

Under an arrangement with the parent company and certain of its subsidiaries, the company and its subsidiary conduct the majority

of its banking business through a bank account established and maintained by the parent company. Included in other receivables is \$4,968,000, the amount established under the

arrangement as being the company and its subsidiary's portion of this bank account as at December 31, 1977.

5. Sale of Fixed Assets

During the year, office equipment and automobiles were sold to the parent company at their net book value.

6. Secured Te	rm Notes			1977	1976
Year of issue	Series	Rate %	Maturity date	\$000's	\$000's
1970	"A"	93/4*	December 15, 1990	4,610	4,610
1971	"B"	77/8**	December 15, 1986	17,923	18,516
1972	"C"	81/4	August 15, 1982	12,893	13,465
1973	"D"	77/8***	May 15, 1988	18,376	18,801
1974	"E"	9 ****	March 1, 1994	23,460	23,460
1974	"F"	101/4	June 18, 1981	9,834	9,834
1974	"F"	103/8	December 18, 1984	12,750	13,494
1977	"G"	91/2	January 30, 1984	50,000	_
1277		2/2	January 30, 1701	149,846	102,180
*Holders h	ave the right	to prepayment on	Series "A", "B", "C", "D", "E" and		
December	- 15 1000	1 1005	"G" notes and series "E" notes		

- December 15, 1980 and 1985.
- **Holders have the right to prepayment on December 15, 1978.
- ***Holders have the right to prepayment on May 15, 1980.
- ****Holders have the right to prepayment on March 1, 1980.

'G' notes and series "F" notes maturing in 1981, have purchase fund provisions.

Series "F" notes maturing in 1984 have a sinking fund provision.

IAC Limited has guaranteed all Series notes as to principal, interest and redemption premiums, if any.

7. Deferred Income Taxes Deferred income taxes arise from timing dif- ferences relating to the treatment for income tax purposes of income or expenses associated with the following balance sheet items:	Residential mortgages	1977 \$000's 971 (711) 260	1976 \$000's 935 (494) 441
8. Sinking Fund and Purchase Fund Requirements The sinking fund requirements for the five years ending December 31, 1978 to 1982 are as follows: \$000's 1978	Certain issues have purchase fund requirements which are non-cumulative and under which the company is required to redeem only debt instruments offered to it subject to limitations as to price and aggregate annual amounts. It is not possible to predict the amounts that will be offered by holders. The maximum purchase fund requirements for the years ending December 31, 1978 and thereafter are as follows:	Years ending December 31 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983	\$000's 4,734 3,291 2,272 1,312 1,000 583

The company and its subsidiary are subject to the provisions of the Federal Anti-Inflation Legislation restraining prices, profit margins and compensation.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Niagara Realty of Canada Limited as at December 31, 1977 and the consolidated statements of earnings, retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards,

and accordingly included such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these consolidated statements present fairly the financial position of the company as at December 31, 1977 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for

February 3, 1978

the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

> Coopers & Lybrand Chartered Accountants

Board of Directors

Allan P. Bolin Toronto, Ont. Senior Vice-President, IAC

Robert Hémond Montreal, Que. Vice-President

Joseph S. Land Toronto, Ont. Vice-Chairman of the Board, IAC

Douglas W. Maloney Toronto, Ont. President, IAC

Stanley F. Melloy Toronto, Ont. Executive Vice-President, IAC

François P. Paradis Toronto, Ont. Vice-President

L. Ronald Woodall Toronto, Ont. President

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Directors

*Keith H. MacDonald Toronto, Ont.

Chairman of the Board

*Joseph S. Land Toronto, Ont.

Vice-Chairman of the Board

*Douglas W. Maloney Toronto, Ont. President

Stanley F. Melloy .Toronto, Ont. Executive Vice-President

*Harold Corrigan, C.A.

Toronto, Ont.

President, Alcan Canada Products Limited

*Peter Kilburn Montreal, Que. Honorary Chairman Greenshields Incorporated

*C. Harry Rosier Toronto, Ont.

President and Chief Operating Officer Abitibi Paper Company Ltd.

*Adam H. Zimmerman, F.C.A.

Toronto, Ont.

Executive Vice-President Noranda Mines Limited

Peter F. Bronfman Montreal, Que.

President, Edper Investments Ltd.

Stanley D. Clarke Montreal, Que.

President, Clarke Transportation Canada Ltd.

Ronald L. Cliff, C.A. Vancouver, B.C.

Chairman, Inland Natural Gas

Company Ltd.

George L. Crawford, Q.C.

Calgary, Alta.

Associate, McLaws & Company

Helen L. Margison Toronto, Ont.

President, Shed Investments Limited

Lyndon E. Nichol Rancho Santa Fe, Calif.

Retired, former Chairman of the Board

Edmond G. Odette Toronto, Ont.

President, Eastern Construction

Company Limited John A. Rhind Toronto, Ont.

President, Confederation Life

Insurance Company L. Edmond Ricard Montreal, Que.

President, Imperial Tobacco Limited

Struan Robertson Halifax, N.S.

President and Chief Executive Officer

Maritime Telegraph

and Telephone Company Ltd.

Jacques Tétrault, Q.C. Montreal, Que.

Partner, Courtois, Clarkson,

Parsons & Tétrault

*Member of the Executive Committee of the Board as at December 31, 1977

Officers

Chairman of the Board

K.H. MacDonald

Vice-Chairman of the Board

J.S. Land President D.W. Maloney

Executive Vice-President

S.F. Melloy

Senior Vice-President-Corporate Development

A.P. Bolin

Senior Vice-President-Business Financing F.P. Paradis

Senior Vice-President-

Consumer Services and Mortgages

L.R. Woodall

Vice-Presidents W.P. Davidson L.G. Gravel R. Hémond

S.S Ilaqua—Treasurer

R.K. Jackson N.V. Keyes E.W. McCracken D.A. Rattee W. Smuk W.J. Van Wyck K.E. Woodall

Secretary C.R. Stewart

Comptroller J.J. Tors

BANK CREDIT LINES

Established with the following Canadian banks:

The Royal Bank of Canada Bank of Montreal Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce The Toronto Dominion Bank The Bank of Nova Scotia Bank Canadian National The Provincial Bank of Canada The Mercantile Bank of Canada Bank of British Columbia

Established directly or through their affiliates with the following U.S. banks:

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Bank of America Bankers Trust Company Chemical Bank Citibank, NA Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago Crocker National Bank French American Banking Corporation Harris Trust and Savings Bank Irving Trust Company

Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company Marine Midland Bank-Western Mellon Bank NA National Bank of Detroit National Bank of North America Schroder Trust Company Seattle-First National Bank Security Pacific National Bank The Bank of New York The Chase Manhattan Bank NA The First National Bank of Boston The First National Bank of Chicago The Northern Trust Company United California Bank Wells Fargo Bank NA

TRANSFER AGENTS

Common Stock

Montreal Trust Company Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver The Bank of New York New York

Preferred Stock

The Royal Trust Company Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver

REGISTRARS

Common Stock

Canada Permanent Trust Company Montreal and Toronto The Royal Trust Company Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver The Bank of New York New York

Preferred Stock \$100 Par Value

Montreal Trust Company Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver

Preferred Stock \$25 Par Value

Guaranty Trust Company of Canada Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Vancouver

AUDITORS

Coopers & Lybrand

Toronto, Chartered Accountants

STOCK LISTINGS

Montreal Stock Exchange Toronto Stock Exchange Vancouver Stock Exchange-Common Stock only

Printed in Canada

53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REP TED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL AC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd A 977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 5 RT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMIT EPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIM AL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC NUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 197 d ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REP TED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd A 977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 5. RT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED EPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIM AL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC LIMITED 53rd ANNUAL REPORT 1977 IAC

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