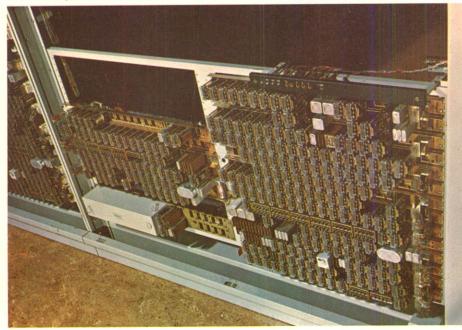


Highly complex equipment is necessary for Direct Distance Dialing now being introduced in Saskatchewan. Hundreds of crossbar switches (like those above) located in major SGT exchanges, will be scanned to find an idle route to the called telephone. The numbers dialed are stored in the sender (below) and the caller's own number is verified through intricate cross connections (shown on the cover).



ZZVVVVZZZ RZZPORT

SASKATCHEWAN GOVERNMENT TELEPHONES

HEAD OFFICE: 2350 ALBERT STREET, REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN



Regina, Saskatchewan, February 28th, 1964.

To His Honour,
The Honourable Robert Leith Hanbidge, Q.C.
Lieutentant Governor of the Province of Saskatchewan.

Sir:

I have the honour to submit herewith the annual report of Saskatchewan Government Telephones for the year ending December 31, 1963, including the financial statement therefor, duly certified by the Provincial Audit of Utilities, and in the form approved by the Treasury Board, all in accordance with The Saskatchewan Government Telephones Act.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. L. Killiams

Minister of Telephones and Chairman, Saskatchewan Government Telephones.

HON, C. C. WILLIAMS	Chairman
HON. F. MEAKES	Vice-Chairman
J. W. W. GRAHAM, Esq., Q.C	Weyburn
H. B. POLKINGHORNE, Esq.	Marsden
T. H. PRESTON, Esq.	Regina
A. T. WAKABAYASHI, Esq	Regina



Hon. F. Meakes



HON. C. C. WILLIAMS



J. W. W. Graham



H. B. Polkinghorne



T. H. Preston



A. T. Wakabayashi

General Manager—Marketing	S. B. MEDHURST
Assistant General Manager—Marketing and Long Range Planning	C. W. SPARROW
Assistant General Manager—	
Operations and Engineering	G. D. McCORMICK
Comptroller	A. L. M. NELSON
Manager—Public & Employee Relations	G. W. R. CLARKE
General Counsel and Secretary to the Board	I. A. HOWE
Chief Engineer	S. F. LEE
General Commercial Manager	R. D. McLEOD
General Plant Manager	A. G. THOMAS
General Traffic Manager	T. J. PRIEST



C. W. Sparrow G. D. McCormick





A. L. M. Nelson G. W. R. Clarke







T. A. Howe



S. F. Lee



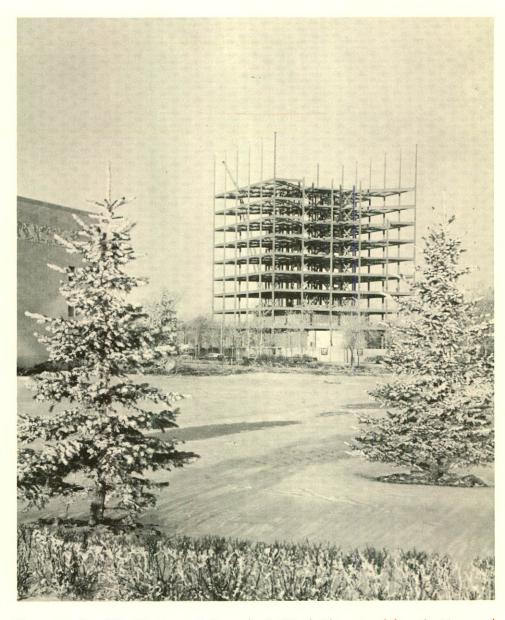
R. D. McLeod



A. G. Thomas



T. J. Priest



The structural steel for the Corporation's new head office building, viewed from the Museum of Natural History will be an imposing addition to Regina's skyline.

ANNUAL REPORT

This report of Saskatchewan Government Telephones for the year 1963 is the 17th report as a Crown Corporation and covers the activities of the organization in its fifty-fifth year.

TWO of the Corporation's major programs designed to improve the level of telephone service in Saskatchewan marked 1963 as one of the most successful years in the Corporation's history. These were the dial conversion program and the installation of Direct Distance Dialing (DDD) equipment, made ready to commence service in Regina and district in early 1964.

The large growth in the number of telephones in service and the greater use of expanded long distance facilities were reflected in the year's operating results. Net income for 1963 was \$4,158,271.

A continued high level of construction spending was necessary during the year. The amount of capital obtained for the 1963 program was \$10,700,000. At the year end the total assets of the Corporation amounted to \$123,426,984.

The Corporation continued to play its part in providing for Canada's defence communication needs as well as the provision of additional business services such as TWX, a nationwide dial teletypewriter service.

The erection of the structural steel on the Corporation's new head office building was well advanced at the year end. It is anticipated that the building will be finished by the end of 1964.



Extension telephones in colour bring added convenience and contribute to the decor in many Saskatchewan homes.

LOCAL TELEPHONE SERVICE

THE increase of 12,364 in the number of telephones in service attained in 1963 was the second highest net gain for any year in the Corporation's history. It reflects the continuing demand for telephone service in the province. At the end of 1963 there were 215,225 Corporation owned telephones as compared with 202,861 at December 31st, 1962.

Pacing the rapid growth in local telephone service has been the installation of dial telephones. During 1963 twenty-nine exchanges, the most in any year, were converted to dial operation, bringing the total dial offices at the year end to eighty-eight. In addition to the communities in which they are located, these dial exchanges also serve some 415 villages and hamlets by means of multi-party and rural company owned lines.

The following are the exchanges converted to dial operation in 1963:

Aberdeen Alida	Herbert Hudson Bay	Preeceville Radville
Balcarres	Kelvington	Stoughton
Bienfait	Kerrobert	Sturgis
Cabri	Lanigan	Strasbourg
Carlyle	Leroy	Wakaw
Caron	Lumsden	Watson
Dana	Luseland	Whitewood
Davidson	Mossbank	Wolseley
Grenfell	Oxbow	

These conversions and the large growth in dial exchanges increased significantly the percentage of Corporation telephones which are dial operated. At the year end this percentage was 86.4% compared with 82.9% for 1962.

Twenty-four hour service was extended during the year to all exchanges having 100 subscribers or more. As a result, 99%, or 213,109 of the Corporation's telephones and 96.2%, or 50,431 of connected rural companies' telephones are now receiving continuous service.

The Corporation acquired, by purchase, the telephone systems at Aylesbury and Marquis.

RURAL COMPANY TELEPHONES

SASKATCHEWAN Government Telephones increased its engineering and administrative services to rural telephone companies during 1963.

At December 31st, 1963, there were 52,333 telephones owned by the 881 rural telephone companies whose lines were connected to Saskatchewan Government Telephones' offices. This compares with 52,302 at the end of 1962. The total installation of rural telephones during the year was higher than the net increase because, in the same period, the Corporation purchased a number of urban telephones from the rural companies.

At the year end, 22,973 of the rural company owned telephones switched through Saskatchewan Government Telephones' exchanges were dial operated. This is an increase of 4,793 for the year.

In addition to the above, less than 5,000 telephone subscribers were served by 47 rural telephone companies who provide their own local switching facilities.

LONG DISTANCE SERVICE

THERE were over 700,000 more long distance telephone calls originating in Saskatchewan in 1963 than in any other year. This represents an increase of 6.76% over the previous year's volume. The number of long distance calls placed by Saskatchewan telephone users totalled 11,299,498.

One of the major benefits to telephone subscribers, in addition to the speed of service, brought about by the dial conversion and distance dialing programs, has been the noticeable improvement in the transmission qualities of the service. While this affects both local and long distance services, the majority of the favourable comments received from subscribers pertain to long distance service. As facilities for each of the projects have been installed, transmission qualities have been improved.

Kamsack and Moosomin were added to the continent-wide dialing network during the year.

Two northern communities, Uranium City and La Ronge were provided with long distance service in 1963.



"Mark sense ticketing" records call details in machine-readable form for the Data Processing Center.

CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

The "polecat",—a digger, a derrick and aerial unit combined, increases efficiency in overhead line work.

THE Corporation's rate of physical growth to provide for the increasing demand for a wide range of communication services has required the continued high level of construction spending of previous years. In 1963 the total value of additions to telephone property amounted to \$16,558,008. After taking into account plant removed from service, this resulted in a net increase in the value of telephone property of

\$11,656,187 for the year.

The use of microwave and point-to-point radio systems to connect community dial offices to their toll centers as well as to provide additional channels to existing networks, made up a large portion of the construction program for 1963. Such systems were established between Melfort-Tisdale-Mistatim-Somme and Hudson Bay; Oxbow-Warmley and Grenfell; Humboldt and Leroy; Dana and Cudworth; Yorkton and Melville; Carlyle and Alida; Waskesiu-Molanosa and La Ronge; Moose Jaw and Caron; Smiley and Kindersley; and Grenfell and Wolseley. In addition, by arrangement with Alberta Government Telephones, a scatter microwave system connects Uranium City with Fort Smith, Alberta.

It is perhaps of passing interest to note that the Corporation's microwave tower at Molanosa is within four miles of the geographic center of the province.

The Corporation's first buried telephone cable to be used solely for long distance transmission was laid along a three mile route between the dial office in Grenfell and the microwave tower to the south of town. Buried cable has a distinct advantage over open wire construction in that it is relatively trouble-free, not being affected by frost, high winds and other natural hazards.

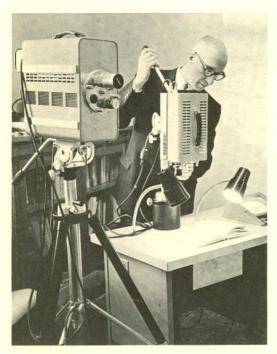
A new switching center in south Regina was placed in service on October 6th, 1963, to serve the southern part of the city and to provide switching facilities for such specialized services as TWX (Teletypewriter Exchange Service).

In addition to building construction associated with the dial conversion and microwave programs, the Corporation commenced work on its new head office building in Regina and a service center in Swift Current. Extensions to the Rosetown and Melfort buildings and renovations to the public area of the Moose Jaw building were completed in the year.

Dial equipment extensions were made in the automatic telephone offices at Fort Qu'Appelle, Kamsack, Meadow Lake, Mossbank, Nipawin, North Battleford, Prince Albert, Regina, Rosthern, Saskatoon, Shellbrook and Yorkton.

Manual switchboard facilities were increased in 15 exchanges.

At the year end work was underway on manual exchanges, preparatory to conversion to dial in 1964. The list of exchanges is shown in the section "Projects in Progress".



Direct wire Television facilities for teaching is one of the many new services now being offered by the Corporation.

NEW AREAS OF SERVICE

PROGRESS is being made in the corporation's efforts to bring telephone service, wherever practicable, to Northern Saskatchewan and other unserved areas of the province. A survey of the problems involved in extending service to unserved areas was completed during the year and careful study is being given to the report of the survey team.

Telephone service, by means of coin-operated centrally-located pay stations, has been extended to two Indian Reservations. Five pilot projects, intended to explore ways and means of providing telephone service for the Indian population, were undertaken in the following Reservations: Beardys at Duck Lake, Sandy Lake at Canwood, Kahkewistahaw at Broadview, and Standing Buffalo and Pasqua at Fort Qu'Appelle. Service was started in the first two during the year.

During 1963 special communication services were supplied by the Corporation to customers requiring television and radio facilities for educational, demonstration and supervisory purposes. The Corporation has available TV and radio facilities for "on-the-spot" pick up of special events.

With the establishment of the Corporation's Electronic Data Processing Center, the machine tabulation of subscribers' long distance calls began in 1963. The new long distance statement is designed to give the customer more information. The new statements were introduced in Moose Jaw in mid 1963 and will be extended to the balance of the province during 1964.



To help assure provision of complete modern telephone service, customer needs are emphasized in staff training sessions.

EMPLOYEES

THE Corporation appreciates the contribution of all employees in helping to make 1963 another year of successful operation.

Employee training programs were continued for all departments and retraining programs were introduced to meet the requirements of new methods and techniques. Supervisory training programs were revised and expanded.

Joint meetings between the officials of the Communications Workers of America and the Corporation were introduced to discuss matters of mutual interest during the year.

During the year 13 employees retired on pension and at December 31, 1963 the Corporation staff numbered 2,099 as compared to 1,954 at December 31, 1962.

PROJECTS IN PROGRESS

Dial Conversion Program for 1964.

Convert the following manually operated exchanges to dial:

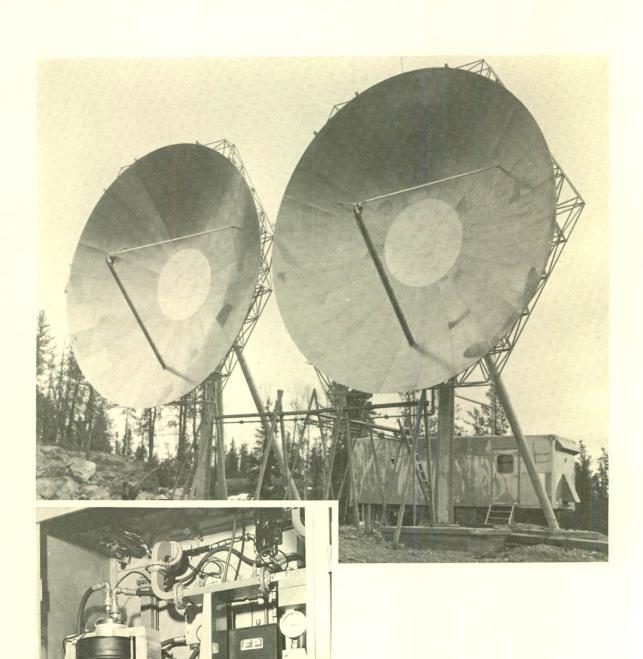
Midale Mortlach Neilburg Neville Ponteix Redvers Storthoaks Wapella

Abbey	Edam	
Allan ´	Elrose	
Broadview	Foam Lake	
Carnduff	Kipling	
Carrot River	Kyle	
Cudworth	Langenburg	
Cupar	Leader	
Cutknife	Maidstone	
Delisle	Mankota	
Eatonia	Marsden	

Proceed toward the conversions of the following manual exchanges:

Arborfield	Francis	Quill Lake
Asquith	Govan	Richmound
Balgonie	Hanley	Rose Valley
Bengough	Ituna '	Southey
Big River	Kincaid	St. Louis
Blaine Lake	Laird	St. Walburg
Bruno	Lampman	Turtleford
Ceylon	Langham	Vanguard
Coleville	Lemberg	Wawota
Craik	Macklin	Willow Bunch
Dinsmore	Naicam	Yellow Grass
Domremy	Neudorf	Zenon Park
Eastend	Ogema	
Fox Valley	Pense	

- Direct Distance Dialing to be extended to include subscribers in Saskatoon, Moose Jaw and their connected Community Dial Offices. DDD will also be introduced in Davidson and Strasbourg late in 1964 and in other Community Dial Offices as they are connected to the Regina, Saskatoon and Moose Jaw long distance switching equipment.
- Specialized business communications services to be expanded. These include: TWX, closed circuit TV, Educational TV, General Mobile Telephone Service, Data Transmission, and Telemetering circuits to meet the expanding demands of industry.
- New Head Office Building is expected to be completed by the end of 1964.



SCATTERWAVE

The installation of the Tropospheric Scatter System connecting Uranium City and Fort Smith through a co-operative effort by both the Alberta Government Telephones and the Saskatchewan Government Telephones brought long distance telephone communications to the northern Saskatchewan mining community. This expansion of toll facilities proved another major contribution of the telephone industry to the opening and development of Canada's north land.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

THE financial results of the operations of Saskatchewan Government Telephones for the year 1963 are shown in the financial statements which follow in this report.

The Net Income of \$4,158,271, shown in the Statement of Income, compares with \$3,670,972 for the year 1962. Total Operating Revenues amounted to \$25,974,721 compared with \$23,624,151 for the previous year. The additional revenue was brought about by the increased volume of long distance services and the added number of telephones in service.

Operating expenses of \$18,263,814 for 1963 compare with \$16,653,410 for 1962. The major factors contributing to this increase are the maintenance and depreciation charges resulting from additional telephone plant in service.

Fixed charges were approximately \$424,000 higher than in 1962. Increased interest costs resulting from the higher level of advances from the Provincial Treasurer accounts for \$400,000 of this increase.

Grants in lieu of taxes paid to municipalities during 1963 amounted to \$282,772, an increase of \$20,765.

Construction expenditures amounted to a total of \$16,558,008 during the year. The major part of the financing of the expenditures was provided by additional advances from the Provincial Treasurer, totalling \$10,700,000. The balance was provided from internal sources.

The balance sheet reflects a net increase of \$3,334,651 in the Corporation's equity in Sinking Funds, administered by the Provincial Treasurer for debt retirement. The Corporation annually contributes to these Sinking Funds an amount equal to 3% of its liability to the Provincial Treasurer for capital advances.

LIABILITIES	1963	1962
CAPITAL LIABILITIES AND SURPLUS		
Liability for Advances made by Government of Saskatchewan Surplus — Accumulated Appropriations for Capital Expenditures.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$ 87,707,080 18,489,190
	\$ 115,885,980	\$ 106,196,270
CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES		
Interest Accrued on Government Advances	1,749,196 4,158,271	\$ 1,076,323 2,179,810 3,670,972 303,797
	\$ 7,384,535	\$ 7,230,902
RESERVES		
Reserve for Fire Losses	\$ 15,969	\$ 10,000
in New York	140,500	140,500
	\$ 156,469	\$ 150,500
	\$ 123,426,984	\$ 113,577,672

BALANCE SHE

AS AT DECEMBER 31st, 1963 (1962)

ASSETS	1963	1962
TELEPHONE PROPERTY		
Land and Buildings Telephone Plant and Equipment		\$ 13,196,761 104,925,891
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 130,205,989 37,075,691	\$ 118,122,652 33,706,351
Construction in Progress	\$ 93,130,298 1,724,998	\$ 84,416,301 2,152,148
	\$ 94,855,296	\$ 86,568,449
SINKING FUNDS AND OTHER ASSETS Equity in Government of Saskatchewan		
Sinking Funds Sundry Other Assets		\$ 14,979,758 75,600
	\$ 18,385,522	\$ 15,055,358
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Temporary Cash Investments Material and Supplies (at cost) Accounts Receivable (less allowance	\$ 1,596,416 3,539,205	\$ 4,237,490 3,312,309
for doubtful accounts)		2,566,02 <mark>7</mark> 300,833
	\$ 8,895,458	\$ 10,416,659
DEFERRED CHARGES		
Unamortized Discount and Expense on Government Advances Other Deferred Charges		\$ 1,353,007 184,199
	\$ 1,290,708	\$ 1,537,206
	\$ 123,426,984	\$ 113,577,672

AUDITOR'S REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of the Saskatchewan Government Telephones Act, an examination of the accounts and records of the Saskatchewan Government Telephones has been made under my direction for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1963. All the information and explanations required by me have been obtained. The examination included a general review of the accounting procedures and such tests of the accounting records and other supporting evidence as was considered necessary in the circumstances.

Securities held for Rural Telephone Companies in connection with the investment of Special Levy Funds have been verified by examination and are shown in a separate statement.

Provision has been made for depreciation of buildings, plant and equipment in accordance with regulations made by the Lieutenant Governor in Council pursuant to Section 34 of the Saskatchewan Government Telephones Act. Full provision has been made for interest on capital advances.

I report that, in my opinion, the accompanying Balance Sheet and Statement of Income are properly drawn up, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year, so as to show a true and correct view of the state of the financial affairs of the Saskatchewan Government Telephones as at December 31, 1963 and the results of its operations for the year ended on that date, according to the best of my information and the explanations given to me and as shown by the books of account of the Corporation.

Regina, Saskatchewan, February 14, 1964. C. H. Smith, F.C.A., Provincial Auditor of Utilities.

STATIZMIZIVI OF INCOMIZ

For the Year Ended December 31, 1963 (1962)		
OPERATING REVENUES	1963	1962
Local Service	\$10,461,683	\$ 9,805,071
Rural Companies Connecting Fees	383,226	377,652
Toll Service	14,840,702	13,198,101
Miscellaneous	354,208	302,525
	\$26,039,819	\$23,683,349
Less: Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	65,098	59,198
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$25,974,721	\$23,624,151
*OPERATING EXPENSES		
Maintenance	\$ 4,539,157	\$ 4,077,735
Traffic	4,650,700	4,506,568
Commercial	1,396,620	1,436,970
Marketing	231,068	41,931
Depreciation	5,419,066	4,917,347
General Administration	1,222,272	1,006,962
Superannuation & Workmen's Compensation	479,110 57,450	403,009 48,292
Insurance	268,371	214,596
Other Operating Expenses	200,371	214,390
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$18,263,814	\$16,653,410
NET OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 7,710,907	\$ 6,970,741
OTHER INCOME	-	
Interest and Miscellaneous	\$ 216,755	\$ 266,887
Sinking Fund Earnings	806,489	584,546
	\$ 1,023,244	\$ 851,433
	\$ 8,734,151	\$ 7,822,174
	-	
FIXED CHARGES	\$ 282,772	\$ 262,007
Grants in Lieu of Taxes	\$ 282,772 4,182,530	\$ 262,007 3,781,936
Interest and Exchange on Government Advances Amortization of Discount on Government	4,102,330	3,761,930
Advances Outstanding	99,433	96,332
Other Fixed Charges	11,145	10,927
Office Trixed Shariges		
	\$ 4,575,880	\$ 4,151,202
NET INCOME FOR YEAR	\$ 4,158,271	\$ 3,670,972
Disposition of Net Income for Year		
Dividend — Government of Saskatchewan	\$ 4,158,271	\$ 3,670,972

^{*} Expenditures during the year for the Administration of the Department of Telephones in the amount of \$138,145 and Other Assistance to rural telephone companies during the year amounting to \$137,699 are not included since they are reimbursable by grants from the Consolidated Fund of the Province.

SOURCE AND APPLICATION OF FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 1963

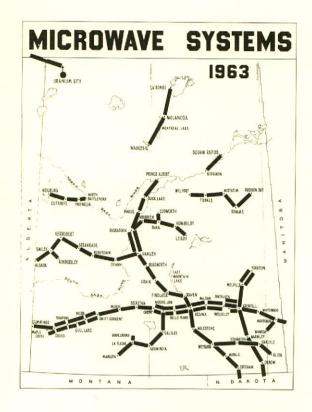
SOL	IDC	-E	OF I	ELIK	IDC
201	JKU	-E 1		-UN	כעו

SOURCE OF FOINDS	
Advances from Treasury — Net Proceeds	\$10,700,000
Net Recoveries From Telephone Property Retired	2,664,617
Depreciation and Other Non-cash Charges to Income	5,859,010
Miscellaneous Items — Net	
Reduction of Working Capital	1,674,834
	\$20,902,948
APPLICATION OF FUNDS	
Additions to Telephone Property	\$16,558,008
Debt Retirement	1,010,289
Sinking Fund Contributions—Net	3,334,651
	\$20,902,948

SCIPILIE OF THEILIED WIE PROPIERTY

	Total as at December 31 1962	Additions for 1963	Retirements for, 1963	Total as at December 31, 1963
Land	\$ 1,025,022	\$ 43,600	\$ 1,218	\$ 1,067,404
Buildings	12,171,739	921,635	29,104	13,064,270
Telephone Plant	102,624,210	15,603,034	4,613,407	113,613,837
Construction in Progress	2,152,148	(427,150)		1,724,998
Office Furniture and Fixtures	507,744	13,030	64,588	456,186
Mechanical Office Equipment	270,147	16,439	10,404	276,182
Tools and Other Work Equipment	718,139	191,032	116,349	792,822
Vehicles	805,651	196,388	66,751	935,288
	\$ 120,274,800	\$16,558,008	\$ 4,901,821	\$ 131,930,987

⁽⁾ Brackets denote reduction



DIAL TELEPHONES UNENTINGTY RETELO RANGES BELLEROOK PRINCE ALARET SCHELLEROOK PRINCE ALARET NIPARTS BATTLEROOK PRINCE ALARET NIPARTS NIPARTS

MICROWAVE SYSTEMS

Growing microwave systems carry long distance calls to subscribers, network television programs to TV stations, and other special services.

DIAL TELEPHONES

The eight-eight dial exchanges located in the population centers of the province provide dial telephone service to 503 communities.

STATISTICS 1910-1963

	A CROWN CORPORATION SINCE 1946.			(YEAR END	
	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
Number of Telephones					
S.G.T. Owned Rural Company Owned (Switched by S.G.T.)	215,225 52,333	202,861 52,302	193,120 51,268	183,301 50,661	172,769 50,568
TOTAL Percentage Dial (S.G.T.)	267,558 86.4%	255,163 82.9%	244,388 80.9%	233,962 79.7%	223,337 79.4%
Number of S.G.T. Offices					
Exchanges Toll Stations TOTAL	373 98 471	369 104 473	366 118 484	362 125 487	364 136 500
Long Distance Messages					
Origin in Saskatchewan Increase over previous fiscal year	11,299,498 6.76%	10,5 <mark>84,138</mark> 6.06%	9,978,945 —2.58%	10,243,297 5.27%	9,729,999 9.02%
Finance					
Telephone Property (at cost) Total Revenue Total Expense Net Income	\$131,930,987 27,063,063 22,904,792 4,158,271	\$120,274,800 24,534,782 20,863,810 3,670,972	\$111,670,577 23,143,560 19,890,005 3,253,555	\$105,828,187 21,092,059 19,136,419 1,955,640	\$98,312,834 19,651,266 18,037,210 1,614,056
Employees (at year end)					
Men Women TOTAL	985 1114 2099	917 1037 1954	875 1047 1922	890 1121 2011	904 1089 1993
Total Payroll	\$9,889,469	\$8,982,725	\$8,699,153	\$8,244,564	\$8,090,317

DECEMBER 3	3 lst)		A DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT (YEAR END APRIL 30+h)				
1956	1951	1946	1941	1936	1926	1916	1910
135,561 50,600	85,455 46,039	52,346 39,278	39,276 33,555	32,811 31,371	32,852 41,389	15,677 9,196	3,412 2,298
186,161 78.2%	131,494 73%	91,62 4 72%	72,831 74%	64,182 71%	74,241 57%	24,873 48%	5,710 0%
363 162 525	352 199 551	330 230 560	316 237 553	314 202 516	304 153 457	104 213 317	20 100 120
8,399,420 9.7%	6,226,042 9.4%	4,122,878 13.1%	2,433,287 5.3%	1,934,361 —10.0%	3,082,086 15.7%	1,179,169 31.6%	
\$68,335,398 14,277,869 11,512,233 2,765,636	\$29,741,280 7,395,313 5,830,899 1,564,414	\$17,028,686 4,109,297 3,208,075 901,222	\$15,518,315 2,640,096 2,472,235 167,861	\$14,946,506 2,032,483 2,049,832 —17,349	\$10,955,661 2,341,829 2,341,829	\$5,270,932 779,650 779,650	
747 1153 1900	539 997 1536	367 637 1004					
\$6,079,561	\$ 3,482,310	\$1,496,626					

TITUTIONIES IN USIE 1910-1963

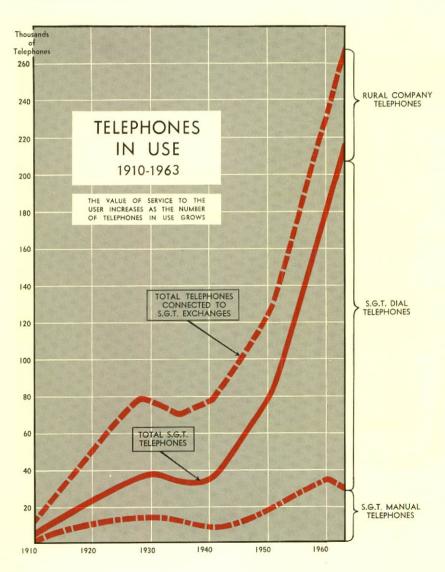


PHOTO CREDITS:
PAGES 4 AND 9: REGINA LEADER-POST.
OTHERS: S.G.T. AND SASKATCHEWAN PHOTO SERVICES.

REGINA:
PRINTED BY LAWRENCE AMON, PRINTER TO
THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY, 1964





New methods of billing customer's long distance accounts have been adopted by Saskatchewan Government Telephones. Made necessary by the introduction of Direct Distance Dialing, the Corporation's Data Processing Centre can also handle "mark sense" tickets from manually operated offices.





A MEMBER OF THE TRANS-CANADA TELEPHONE SYSTEM

