Mortgage Insurance Co. of Canada

# MICC INVESTMENTS LIMITED 1973 ANNUAL REPORT





**401 BAY STREET** 

TORONTO, ONTARIO

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# MICC INVESTMENTS LIMITED AND THE MORTGAGE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

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AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1973

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Vice-President C. W. JAMESON Secretary-Treasurer DAVID C. TOMS

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### PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

The year under review was one of excellent progress by the company with the achievement of new records in business volume and profits. Our subsidiary, The Mortgage Insurance Company of Canada, issued commitments for nearly \$2,200,000,000 in new Canadian mortgage insurance. Premiums written amounted to \$20,563,000. Resulting net profits before investment loss, on a consolidated basis, were \$3,627,000 or 93¢ per share compared to 58¢ in 1972. At the year end, consolidated assets of MICC Investments Limited stood at \$65,827,000. The report of Mr. R. T. Ryan, president of The Mortgage Insurance Company of Canada, which describes its operations in detail, is set out in later pages of this booklet.

The continued rapid growth in our mortgage insurance business made it necessary to increase our capital base to support growing insurance in force. In July, your company issued rights to shareholders to purchase one new share for each three shares held. The issue was successfully subscribed and the sum of \$12,337,000 in new capital was raised. Capital account of the company at year end rose to \$32,407,000 compared with \$18,158,000 at the end of 1972. In December 1973, shares in the capital stock of the company were subdivided into two shares for each share previously held. As a result of this split, the number of shares outstanding at year end was 4,594,752. Dividends were paid during the year in the amount of \$482,017 representing 111/2¢ per share on the divided shares.

The large increase in volume of mortgage insurance commitments was achieved notwithstanding the entry of two new private mortgage insurers into the Canadian market early in 1973. We estimate that the three private mortgage insurance companies accounted for \$2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> billion in mortgage commitments. This figure is larger than the volume of



mortgage insurance written by government insurers. In my report last year, the belief was stated that competition would substantially expand the potential for private mortgage insurance. The extraordinary growth of private mortgage insurance in 1973 confirms the assumption.

New records were set for the building and mortgage industry in 1973. The housing industry of Canada was responsible for 268,000 new dwelling starts — an all time high. Mortgage investment for housing exceeded \$6.5 billion, also a record achievement. Real estate turnover, particularly the sale of homes, likewise set new records. All of these accomplishments were achieved despite a wide range of political and monetary uncertainties and the emergence of world energy problems late in the year. Despite the continuance of a number of these problems, there seems to be reason for considerable optimism for the mortgage and housing industries in 1974. Most industry spokesmen and government leaders who are close to housing look for an achievement in 1974 which will continue the high production of last year. Your company is prepared for the new business potential which these forecasts suggest.

Remarks on the investment of the premium reserve and capital funds of The Mortgage Insurance Company of Canada are contained in the pages of the report of its president. Attention is drawn to announcements by the company during 1973 that a shift in investment emphasis was carried out in 1973. A substantial increase in holdings of preferred stock, and to a lesser degree in common stock, occurred during the year. Holdings in several classes of bonds were reduced to provide funds for the investment in preferred and common shares. These investment changes resulted in a book loss of

\$257,000. The change in portfolio mix has resulted in a substantial increase in after-tax income in 1973 and the benefits of this change will continue in future years.

MICC owns a 50% interest in Charlotte Properties Limited, a recreation land development company. Charlotte controls extensive acreage in Hastings County, Ontario, which is being developed as the "Shawano" project on Dickey Lake. Good progress was made in land sales and extension of roads and services during the year. Profit on operations was approximately \$31,000 in 1973 and the outlook for the coming year is favourable.

MICC made significant strides in the past year and your management is confident of further progress in 1974.

Gardner English President

Gardon Tanglish

February, 1974



# HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE YEAR

											1973	1972
NET EARNINGS (before realized investment g	ain	or lo	oss)				•				3,626,972	1,646,160
NET EARNINGS											3,369,768	1,653,034
TOTAL ASSETS										ě	65,827,358	33,777,684
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			•					•			32,407,316	18,1 <mark>5</mark> 8,370
INVESTMENT INCOME .			,								3,101,839	1,352,400
PREMIUMS EARNED .	•	•:									4,376,445	2,501,954
EARNINGS PER SHARE . (before realized investment g				٠		٠	•	·	•	٠	93 <mark>¢</mark>	58¢
EARNINGS PER SHARE .		•1									86¢	58¢

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31,	1973	
ASSETS	1973 \$	1972 \$
CASH AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	,	
Cash	411,083	279,001
Interest accrued and sundry receivables	508,770	410,852
Premiums receivable	1,020,000	590,400
Due from other insurance companies		1,404,208
	1,939,853	2,684,461
INVESTMENTS		
Treasury bills and other short-term securities — at cost $\ldots$	10,638,380	5,854,787
Bonds and debentures — at amortized cost (market value \$23,748,002;		
1972 — \$21,745,692)	25,082,281	22,357,351
Preferred stocks — at market value (Cost \$20,914,240; 1972 — \$1,060,423)	20,135,165	905,275
Common stocks — at market value (Cost \$6,956,616; 1972 — \$775,054)	6,819,248	1,013,907
Mortgages — at cost	455,345	411,808
Real estate	20,700	63,360
Corporate joint venture (note 3)	260,570	215,176
	63,411,689	30,821,664
OTHER ASSETS		
Loan to trustees under employee stock purchase plan (note 5)	351,486	215,578
Other	124,330	55,981
	475,816	271,559
Signed on behalf of the Board		
GARDNER ENGLISH, Director.		
G. D. SUTTON, Director.		

65,827,358 33,777,684

			LIA	BILI	ITIE	S					1973 \$	1972 \$
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE												
Due to other insurance companies .	•							٠		•	100,608	57,404
Provision for claims											95,167	46,892
Accounts payable and accrued liabilit	ies .								( • (i)		177,063	58,041
Premium taxes payable											359,808	136,146
Income taxes payable											1,760,860	644,431
Due on undelivered securities											56,902	
											2,550,408	942,914
UNEARNED NET PREMIUMS .							×				29,721,051	13,534,428
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES											1,148,583	1,141,972
											33,420,042	15,619,314
CAPITAL STOCK (note 5)	SHA	ARE	HOI	LDE	RS	, E(	اللا	ΙY				
Authorized — 10,000,000 common shares withou	t par	valu	e (19	72 –	- 10	,000	,000					
as subdivided)												
Issued and fully paid — 4,594,752 common shares (1972 —	2 /1	27 52	8 20	cuh	divid	led)					26,266,909	13,789,852
RETAINED EARNINGS (note 6)						cuj					7,056,850	4,304,902
RETAINED EARNINGS (Hote o)			٠	•		•					33,323,759	18,094,754
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON ST	roci	KS									(916,443)	63,616
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON S	i OC.			•		•	•				32,407,316	18,158,370
											65,827,358	33,777,684

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1973	1973	1972
INCOME	\$	\$
Net premiums written (note 7)	20,563,068	11,223,332
Less: Transfers to unearned net premiums		
Premiums earned	16,186,623	8,721,378
Application fees	4,376,445	2,501,954
Commission income	1,521,980	614,921
Commission income	16,458	6,057
Investment income —	5,914,883	3,122,932
Interest	2,580,640	1,270,396
Dividends	505,805	85,229
Corporate joint venture (note 3)	15,394	(3,225)
	3,101,839	1,352,400
	9,016,722	4,475,332
EXPENSES		
Losses on claims incurred	257,889	97,952
Underwriting and policy issuance expenses	1,070,041	756,937
Premium taxes	369,001	143,764
Other operating expenses	705,719	402,696
	2,402,650	1,401,349
EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	6,614,072	3,073,983
DROUGHON FOR WYOOL OF THINE		
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		
Current	2,960,400	1,163,500
Deferred	26,700	264,323
	2,987,100	1,427,823
NET EARNINGS BEFORE REALIZED INVESTMENT GAIN (LOSS)	3,626,972	1,646,160
Realized gain (loss) on disposal of investments (net of income taxes applicable	(255, 224)	< 0.74
thereto of \$Nil; 1972 — \$2,700)	(257,204)	6,874
NET EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR	3,369,768	1,653,034
EARNINGS PER SHARE (note 8)		
Net earnings before realized investment gain (loss)	\$0.93	\$0.58
Net earnings for the year	\$0.86	\$0.58
Average number of shares outstanding	3,920,805	2,868,994
	-//20/000	2,000,774

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON STOCKS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1973

	1973 \$	1972 \$
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON STOCKS — BEGINNING OF YEAR	63,616	(91,953)
Unrealized gain (loss) on stocks for the year	(1,000,148)	175,658
	(936,532)	83,705
Provision for deferred income taxes	20,089	(20,089)
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON STOCKS — END OF YEAR	(916,443)	63,616

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1973

				1973 \$	1972 \$
RETAINED EARNINGS — BEGINNING OF YEAR.				4,304,902	2,964,147
Net earnings for the year				3,369,768	1,653,034
				7,674,670	4,617,181
Expenses of share and rights issues	141			135,803	54,464
Cash dividend				482,017	257,815
				617,820	312,279
RETAINED EARNINGS — END OF YEAR				7,056,850	4,304,902

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENT FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1973

SOURCE OF FUNDS			1973 \$	1972 \$
Operations —				
Net earnings for the year			3,369,768	1,653,034
Income taxes deferred			26,700	264,323
Depreciation			31,082	12,525
Funds generated from operations			3,427,550	1,929,882
Increase in unearned net premiums	,		16,186,623	8,721,378
Common shares issued (net of expenses)			12,341,254	7,923,856
Decrease in cash and accounts receivable over accounts payable			2,352,102	
			34,307,529	18,575,116
USE OF FUNDS				
Increase in cash and accounts receivable over accounts payable			-	1,344,715
Purchase of fixed assets			99,431	48,235
Dividends			482,017	257,815
Increase in loan to trustees under employee stock purchase plan			135,908	215,578
			717,356	1,866,343
FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR INVESTMENT			33,590,173	16,708,773
INVESTMENT FUNDS — BEGINNING OF YEAR			30,821,664	13,937,233
			64,411,837	30,646,006
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on stocks			(1,000,148)	175,658
INVESTMENT FUNDS — END OF YEAR	ě		63,411,689	30,821,664

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1973

1. PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements of MICC Investments Limited (the "company") include the accounts of its subsidiary, The Mortgage Insurance Company of Canada (MICC).

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#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accounts of MICC are included herein in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Adjustments have been made for consolidation purposes to convert these accounts from a statutory basis. The most significant adjustments are as follows:

- (a) The values of bonds and debentures have been converted to amortized cost from values authorized by the Superintendent of Insurance.
- (b) The values of stocks have been converted to quoted market values from values authorized by the Superintendent of
- (c) Acquisition costs and other expenses related to premium income, and application fees have been amortized over the life of the policies and not charged to expense or income in the year incurred.
- (d) The "additional policy reserve" set up under statutory requirements has been eliminated and the reserve for unearned premiums has been reduced to account for the deferral of acquisition costs referred to under (c).
- (e) Other assets, comprising office equipment and leasehold improvements, have been capitalized and then depreciated over their useful lives rather than being written off when acquired.
- (f) Provision has been made for deferred income taxes, not required under the statutory basis.

#### 3. CORPORATE JOINT VENTURE

The investment in the corporate joint venture is accounted for on the equity basis and consists of the following:

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Demand loan (unsecured)	100,000
12,000 redeemable preference shares	120,000
20,000 common shares	
Share of earnings to November 30, 1973	40,570
	260,570

#### 4. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The company has guaranteed bank advances to the corporate joint venture to a maximum of \$500,000. As at December 31, 1973, the bank advances to the corporate joint venture were \$455,000.

#### 5. CAPITAL STOCK

During the year 15,000 common shares were reserved for allotment and issue to the trustees of the employee stock purchase plan. 4,800 shares were issued to employees of the company for a total consideration of \$140,100.

573,812 common shares were issued pursuant to a rights issue to shareholders as at June 25, 1973. The total cash consideration was \$12,336,958. Expenses of \$135,803 relating to this issue have been charged to retained earnings.

Subsequent to the above events, by Supplementary Letters Patent dated December 12, 1973, the company subdivided each of the issued and unissued common shares of the company into two shares thereby increasing the authorized capital of the company to 10,000,000 common shares without par value.

A non-assignable stock option for the purchase of 10,000 common shares was granted to a director of the company, and is exercisable over a period of five years from June 6, 1973 at a price of \$16.75 per share.

#### 6. RETAINED EARNINGS

Dividends payable by MICC are limited in 1974, under the provisions of Section 105 of the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, to 75% of the average statutory results of MICC for the preceding three years. In effect, these provisions reduce the amount of retained earnings of the company available for distribution in 1974 by approximately \$6,100,000.

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#### 7. NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN

Net premiums written for the year ended December 31, 1973 were derived from the following sources:

									1973	1972
									\$	\$
Mortgage insurance in Canada .					٠				18,217,194	7,111,305
U.S. mortgage reinsurance										4,051,454
Lease guarantee insurance in Canada						$\epsilon$			164,239	60,573
									20,563,068	11,223,332

#### 8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. 1972 comparative earnings per share have been restated giving effect to the subdivision of shares referred to in note 5.

#### 9. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Depreciation charged in the year amounted to \$31,082.

As required under the Canada Corporations Act, fees and other remuneration paid to directors and officers were as follows:

Number of directors of the company					100						18
Aggregate remuneration as directors of the company							20				Nil
Aggregate remuneration as directors of MICC.					21.60						\$ 39,700
Number of officers of the company											4
Aggregate remuneration as officers of MICC											\$129,145
Number of officers of the company who are also direct	tor	s of	the	con	npan	У			- 14		3

One officer, who is also a director, receives no remuneration as an officer.

The aggregate remuneration paid to directors and senior officers, as defined by The Securities Act (Ontario) totalled \$201,100.

In addition, loans made to a director who is also an officer and to another officer, under the employee stock purchase plan referred to in note 5, totalled \$109,074 as of December 31, 1973.

#### 10. PENSION COSTS

Included in expenses are pension costs of \$52,000 for the employer's contribution to staff pension plans. Actuarial valuations of the plans show an unfunded amount of \$24,000 which is being amortized at the rate of \$10,000 per annum.

#### 11. FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Assets and liabilities in United States dollars have been translated at the rate prevailing on December 31, 1973. Earnings have been translated into Canadian dollars at the average rate prevailing through the year.

#### AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of MICC Investments Limited and subsidiary company as at December 31, 1973 and the consolidated statements of earnings, retained earnings, unrealized gain (loss) on stocks and changes in investment funds for the year then ended. Our examination included a general review of the accounting procedures and such tests of accounting records and other supporting evidence as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion these consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the companies as at December 31, 1973 and the results of their operations and the changes in their investment funds for the year then ended, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year. Toronto, Ontario,

COOPERS & LYBRAND Chartered Accountants of pu live

### THE MORTGAGE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

### PRESIDENT'S REPORT

The year 1973 was another excellent year of progress for The Mortgage Insurance Company of Canada. Mortgage insurance commitments issued, premiums written, total assets and insurance in force all reached record levels. New business, measured by mortgage insurance commitments issued, tripled from \$770,000,000 in 1972 to \$2,197,000,000 last year. Insurance in force in Canada increased to approximately \$2.2 billion at year end compared to \$965,000,000 on December 31, 1972.

New premiums written totalled \$20,563,068 compared to \$11,223,332 in 1972, an increase of 83%. The 1973 figure included \$2,181,635 in premiums from reinsurance of 95% house loans insured in the U.S.A. by Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation, compared to \$4,051,454 received in 1972. As announced earlier, new reinsurance business was substantially reduced after June 30, 1973. Premiums received under this arrangement have been credited to unearned premium reserve and a portion will be drawn down into earned income over the remaining term of the reinsurance coverage.

The high level of new business contributed to a substantial increase in assets, from \$32,138,162 at December 31, 1972 to \$64,543,121 at the end of 1973. During the year, 16,145 shares of capital stock were issued to MI Investments Limited for a total cash consideration of \$12,002,000.

#### Insurance Operations

The insuring of high ratio mortgages on houses, duplexes and triplexes continues to be our most important insurance program and in 1973 accounted for approximately 82% of commitments issued. Approximately 93% of these commitments assisted in home purchase, while the balance were for refinance purposes — e.g. to consolidate a first and second mortgage, to finance house improvements, to raise cash, etc. Of 64,000 commitments issued, 33,000 related to new housing and the balance to existing homes.

Average loan for new houses was \$30,507 and for existing houses \$24,825, for an overall average loan of \$27,729 compared to an overall average of \$24,000 in 1972. The quality of new borrowers, based on the ratio of mortgage payment to income, continues to be excellent. The Company was active in the insuring of mort-



gages on condominium projects and issued commitments on approximately 5,000 units during the year.

During 1973, we achieved a 320% increase in the volume of commitments to insure on apartment loans—from \$62,000,000 in 1972 to \$261,000,000 in 1973. Approximately 95% of these loans were in excess of 75% of value, with the average loan being \$147,000. Volume of mortgage insurance on commercial and industrial properties also rose substantially in 1973 to \$109,000,000 from \$58,100,000 in 1972. The average loan was approximately \$200,000. Commitment volume under the vacation home program totalled \$4,820,000 compared to \$1,550,000 in 1972. Lease guarantee insurance commitments were issued covering \$13,500,000 in aggregate insured rent, compared to \$9,900,000 in 1972.

During the year, a number of changes were made to mortgage insurance programs. The most important of these changes were:

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- Policy term for mortgage insurance covering all residential and vacation home loans was increased from 15 to 20 years. The longer term was also made available for commercial and industrial properties.
- The maximum insurable loan for rental projects and commercial and industrial properties was increased to \$4,000,000.
- Insurance of progress advances was made available to lenders for mortgages on rental projects and commercial and industrial properties.
- 4) Premiums were reduced for all mortgage insurance programs. For high ratio house loans, the premium is now 1<sup>0</sup>/<sub>0</sub>, the same as for new house loans under the National Housing Act.

During the year, 69 new lenders were added to our Approved Lender list and 11 others have been added since year end. There are now 159 MICC Approved Lenders (10 chartered banks, 36 life insurance companies, 41 trust companies, 23 loan companies, 42 credit unions and caisses populaires, and 7 other type companies). In addition, there are 32 Approved Correspondents.

In February, 1973, Regional Offices were opened in Halifax, Montreal and Vancouver, and in September, in Edmonton and Toronto. These offices have been very successful, both in improving service to clients and increasing volume of new business. It is our intention to open additional offices this spring in Winnipeg and Ottawa.

In recognition of our growing involvement with new housing, we have created a Construction Inspection Department. This department will work with lenders and builders to ensure that new housing built with MICC insured mortgages is of good quality.

#### Investments

Because of the substantial increase in the investment portfolio, steps were taken during the year to strengthen our investment operation. A consultant has been engaged and an investment officer taken on staff.

Progress was made in 1973 towards increasing the after-tax rate of return on the investment portfolio. This objective was accomplished mainly through investment in dividend paying securities — principally, preferred

shares; and, through the restructuring of the bond portfolio. This latter change necessitated the sale of certain bonds and the consequent realization of book losses. More importantly, the future after-tax investment income from the portfolio has been increased. The net effect of the shift in emphasis in the portfolio is that the average rate of return, after tax, increased to 4.5% in 1973 from 3.8% in 1972.

The investment portfolio of the Company at December 31, 1973 was as follows: (includes U.S. portfolio)

Classification			Book Value
Money Market Securities			\$ 9,700,000
Federal Government Obligations (3 years and under)			2,674,475
Liquid Assets			12,374,475
Federal Government Obligations (3 years and over)			7,200,566
Readily Marketable Securities .			19,575,041
Provincial Government Obligations			6,216,838
Corporate Securities Fixed Income (over 3 years)			9,279,115
Preferred shares			20,914,240
Common Shares			6,956,616
TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFO	LIC	)	\$62,941,850

The Company has a securities portfolio lodged with a trustee in accordance with U.S. legislative requirements to support insurance liability under our reinsurance treaty with Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation. This portfolio as at December 31, 1973 was as follows:

Classification			В	ook Value
Obligations of U.S. Government.			\$	2,494,465
Corporate Fixed Income Securities				6,950,538
TOTAL U.S. PORTFOLIO.			\$	9,445,003
D ( 1, 1C1:				

#### Defaults and Claims

At year end, of approximately 82,500 insured high ratio house mortgages under administration by lenders, 236 were 3 or more months in default — a default ratio of 0.29% compared to 0.23% at December 31, 1972. There were also 8 defaults reported on mortgages cover-

ing apartment projects and 2 on commercial and industrial properties. Initial reports indicate that losses will not result from these defaults.

Losses on claims totalled \$257,889 compared to \$97,952 in 1972. Although 1973 losses are higher than 1972, they are considered to be at a very satisfactory level in light of the substantial increase in insurance in force. Included in these figures, are losses on U.S. reinsurance of \$237,346 in 1973 compared to \$40,071 in 1972. U.S. mortgage loss experience is normally higher than in Canada and the 1973 loss figure is in line with our expectations.

While losses continue at a low level, it is anticipated that higher losses will be incurred in the future. New business written increased substantially in 1973 and the impact of this business has not yet been felt in default and claims experience. Furthermore, the 95% loan ratio for house loans was just introduced in late 1972 and higher losses are expected from this class of business.

#### 1974 Outlook

Last year, construction was started in Canada on 268,523 new housing units — the third consecutive year in which a new record was established. The 1973 figure represents an increase of  $7^{0/0}$  over the 249,914 units started in 1972. Mortgage funds were generally in adequate supply throughout the year and interest rates increased from their low point of  $8^{3/4}$ % –  $9^{0/0}$  at the beginning of the year to  $10^{0/0}$  –  $10^{1/4}$ % by year end.

While production of new housing achieved record levels in 1973, the housing scene was marred by severe price increases in most large cities in Canada. It is unfortunate that while governments are devoting more and more time to the development of programs to assist low and moderate income families with their housing needs, the price of new and existing housing is increasing so rapidly, putting decent accommodation beyond the financial capability of more and more Canadian families.

More attention must be devoted to finding solutions which will stop the rapid price escalation. Although material and labour costs have increased, the principal reason for the rapid rise in house prices is the shortage of serviced lots. While conditions vary across the country, we usually find that, where price increases have been most severe, there is a lack of adequate trunk

services, the time required to process new subdivision plan approvals is excessive, and subdivision servicing standards are too high. In many municipalities, one can only conclude that new housing development is not wanted because of the problems that housing creates. In this regard, we feel that some changes are needed in the municipal financing system to remove some of the present load being borne by homeowners.

The need to deal with basic issues is urgent and we hope that action will be taken without further delay in those jurisdictions where the problems are most acute.

The desire for home-ownership is still very strong in Canada. It is interesting to note that despite the rapid increase in house prices and high mortgage rates last year, we experienced a record year in starts for home-ownership housing. Condominium housing is beginning to play a significant role in this regard and MICC was quite active in the insuring of mortgages on condominium projects last year.

The year 1974 should be another good year for housing, although starts will probably be slightly below the record level achieved in 1973. Mortgage funds should be in adequate supply for the year with interest rates remaining around current levels. There will probably be some reduction in privately initiated starts this year, offset, at least in part, by an increase in publicly assisted housing starts which were at a low level in 1973.

While we will not be able to duplicate our achievements of 1972 and 1973 when new commitment volume tripled each year, we are very optimistic about 1974. Our enlarged regional office system is enabling us to continue to provide good service to our lender clients and we are confident that the trend to privately insured mortgages will continue this year.

#### Staff

The success which MICC has achieved to date is due in large measure to the diligence and loyalty of its staff. To each of them I wish to extend thanks for another fine effort in 1973.

R. T. RYAN President

February, 1974

### THE MORTGAGE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1973 **ASSETS** 1973 1972 \$ \$ CASH AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 358,543 246,723 Premiums receivable . 1,020,000 590,400 Interest accrued and sundry receivables. 506,275 405,543 Due from other insurance companies 1,404,208 1,884,818 2,646,874 **INVESTMENTS** Bonds, debentures and stock, at authorized values . . . . 62,182,258 29,016,120 Mortgages 455,345 411,808 Real estate 20,700 63,360

Signed on behalf of the Board,

GARDNER ENGLISH, Director.

G. D. SUTTON, Director.

64,543,121 32,138,162

62,658,303

29,491,288

	LIABILITIES									1972 \$
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE										
Due to other insurance companies					•				100,608	57,404
Provision for claims									95,167	46,892
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities									174,896	69,017
Premium taxes payable				•			•		359,808	136,146
Income taxes payable		•		٠			3.5	•	1,717,760	641,731
Due on undelivered securities		•					•		56,902	
									2,505,141	951,190
RESERVES										
Reserve for unearned premiums									30,918,320	14,900,549
Additional policy reserve									1,155,869	875,287
Reserve for unregistered reinsurance			٠		٠				257,905	108,522
									32,332,094	15,884,358
									34,837,235	16,835,548
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY										
CAPITAL STOCK										
Authorized — 100,000 shares of the par value	e of \$1	00 e	ach							
Issued and fully paid — 87,545 shares (1972 -	— 71,	400)							8,754,500	7,140,000
SURPLUS						•			20,951,386	8,162,614
									29,705,886	15,302,614
									64,543,121	32,138,162





JOHN SUTTON, Supervisor, Administration; DAVID C. TOMS, Secretary-Treasurer; BARRY MORRISON, Investment Officer.

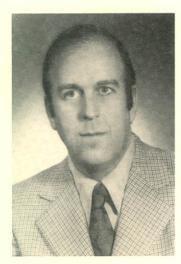


GORDON McLEAN, Manager Designate of office to be opened in Ottawa; GEORGES CARPENTIER, Assistant Vice-President, Chief Underwriter; THOMAS A. BOYER, Underwriter; JAMES McAVOY, Vice-President; CLIFFORD E. MADDEN, Supervisor, Lease Insurance; LORNE F. LeBAR, Senior Underwriter; J. GERALD KINGSTON, Chief Inspector.

# **REGIONAL MANAGERS**



S. PHILIPPE Halifax



J. D. BOUDREAU Montreal



G. PENNIE Toronto



E. P. WASSLEN Winnipeg



C. W. WHELAN Edmonton



G. K. BRIGHT Vancouver



#### **HEAD OFFICE**

Suite 1212, 401 Bay Street

Toronto 1, Ontario

Georges Carpentier — Assistant Vice-President, Chief Underwriter

Gerald Kingston — Chief Inspector

Clifford E. Madden — Supervisor, Lease Guarantee

Barry Morrison — Investment Officer

John Sutton — Supervisor, Administration

#### **REGIONAL OFFICES**

#### HALIFAX

Suite 1700, 5151 George Street

Halifax, Nova Scotia

S. Philippe — Manager

#### **MONTREAL**

Suite 504, 4 Place Ville Marie

Montreal 113, Quebec

J. D. Boudreau — Manager

A. I. MacIntyre — Business Development Officer

#### **TORONTO**

Suite 507, 401 Bay Street

Toronto 1, Ontario

G. Pennie — Manager

D. Stewart — Assistant Manager

#### WINNIPEG

Suite 1010, 330 Portage Avenue

Winnipeg, Manitoba

E. P. Wasslen — Manager

#### **EDMONTON**

Suite 1317, 10025 Jasper Avenue

Edmonton, Alberta

C. W. Whelan — Manager

#### VANCOUVER

Suite 1902, 1177 West Hastings Street

Vancouver 1, B.C.

G. K. Bright — Manager

W. C. Lee — Business Development Officer

TRANSFER AGENT:

The Canada Trust Company

REGISTRAR:

Canada Permanent Trust Company

AUDITORS:

Coopers & Lybrand

