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The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Company, 800 Victoria Square, Suite 3620, Montreal, P.Q. at 11:00 a.m., April 22, 1977.

Si vous préférez recevoir votre rapport annuel en français, prière d'écrire au Secrétaire, Compagnie de Papier Rolland, Limitée, 800, Place Victoria, Suite 3620, Montréal, P.Q. H4Z 1H3. Rolland Paper Company, Limited Papermaking Specialists
Head Office:

800 Victoria Square, Suite 3620 Montreal, P.Q. H4Z 1H3

Sales Offices: Montreal and Toronto

Paper Mills:

St. Jerome and Mont Rolland, P.Q. and Scarborough, Ontario.



Officers **Directors**

Hon. John B. Aird, Q.C. Senior Partner, Aird, Zimmerman & Berlis, Barristers and Solicitors Toronto

*G. Drummond Birks

President, Henry Birks & Sons Limited Montreal

**Paul Chapdelaine

Company Director Montreal

**Roger Charbonneau

President Laboratoires Anglo-French Limitée Montreal

E. Jacques Courtois, Q.C.

Partner, Courtois, Clarkson, Parsons & Tétrault Barristers and Solicitors Montreal

Richard A. Irwin

Chairman of the Board Consolidated-Bathurst Limited London, Ontario

*Gérard Plourde

Chairman of the Board, UAP Inc. Montreal

*Albert Rolland

Vice-President and Marketing Consultant Rolland Paper Company, Limited Laval

*Lucien G. Rolland

President and General Manager Rolland Paper Company, Limited

Marc Rolland

Retired Executive St. Jerome

Pierre A. Salbaing

President and Managing Director Canadian Liquid Air Limited Montreal

** Joseph A. Weldon, M.B.E., M.C.

Vice-President and Financial Consultant Rolland Paper Company, Limited Montreal

Lucien G. Rolland

President and General Manager

Joseph A. Weldon

Vice-President and Financial Consultant

Albert Rolland

Vice-President and Marketing Consultant

Jean-Louis Chollet

Executive Vice-President Fine Papers Division

Hugh M. Craig

Vice-President

Michel Gagnon

Executive Vice-President Wholesale Distribution Division

André Renaud

Vice-President Finance and Administration

Alphonse St-Jacques

Vice-President and Treasurer

Jean A. Elie

Secretary and Director of Marketing Services

Yvan Duchesne

Controller

Transfer Agents

Montreal Trust Company The Royal Trust Company

Canadian Trust Company Bankers Trust Company

Shares Listing Montreal Stock Exchange Toronto Stock Exchange

Auditors

Touche Ross & Co.

^{*}Member of the Executive Committee

^{**}Member of the Audit Committee

	1976	1975
Net sales	\$106,591,000	\$99,763,000
Net earnings (loss) Per class "A" share Per class "B" share	(2,437,000) (1.36) (1.36)	182,000 0.08 0.03
Dividends on class "A" and "B" shares Per class "A" share Per class "B" share	=	1,080,000 0.60 0.55
Cash Flow from (applied to) operations Per class "A" share Per class "B" share Book Value per class "A" and "B" shares Working Capital Long-term Debt Capital Expenditures	(1,979,000) (1.11) (1.11) 11.00 11,050,000 17,308,000 4,099,000	3,044,000 1.64 1.59 12.35 17,297,000 17,490,000 7,720,000





Sales and Earnings

Consolidated net sales of \$106.6 million for the year ended December 31, 1976 yielded a net loss of \$2.4 million or \$1.36 per class "A" share, as compared to sales of \$99.8 million and net earnings of \$182,000 or \$0.08 per class "A" share for the previous year. These results did not include those of the Kruger Fine Paper Wholesale Distribution Division for the first quarter of 1975.

The loss is mainly attributable to the Fine Papers Division. It was faced with higher operating costs and an abnormally high level of imports which, in turn, severely depressed prices and brought about lower shipments in the last two quarters. In addition, it absorbed the anticipated development costs pertaining to the manufacturing of technical papers at the Mont Rolland mill.

The instability of the Canadian fine paper market also affected the operations of our Wholesale Distribution Division.

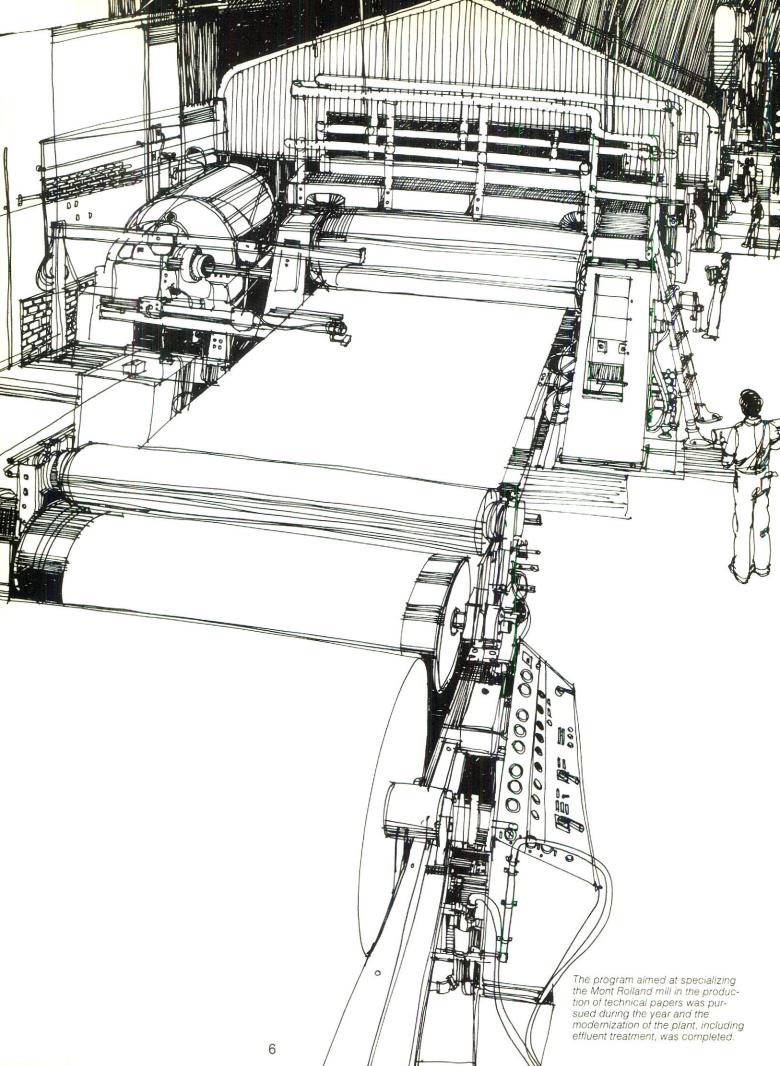
Finally, the unexpected weakness prevailing through international textile markets impaired the start-up and sales of Orchard Decor Canada Limited resulting in a loss for your Company of \$652,000.

Economic and Market Environment

The Canadian economy did not recover as quickly nor to the extent that many anticipated in the course of 1976. Nevertheless, apparent Canadian fine paper consumption was up 14% over the level achieved the previous year. Unfortunately, a combination of strikes in Canada and of undercapacity operations in American mills resulted in the most difficult market environment ever encountered. When the federal government granted a 44% reduction in tariffs on imported fine paper products in 1967 following the Kennedy Round of GATT negotiations, the Canadian fine paper industry became extremely sensitive and vulnerable to American competition. The highly specialized U.S. industry with its much larger market, its inherent economies of scale together with its higher productivity and its considerably lower labour rates, allows American producers to market fine paper products in Canada at prices below those at which Canadian manufacturers can offer them and still make a profit. This threat is especially serious when American mills are operating below capacity as they did in 1976 when only 86% of their capacity was reportedly utilized.

During the last quarter of 1975 and the first quarter of 1976, all Canadian fine paper mills, except those of your Company, were shut down by strikes, thereby paralyzing 80% of Canadian manufacturing capacity. These strikes forced Canadian consumers to resort to imports which, during that period, rose to more than 60% of domestic consumption, at prices generally

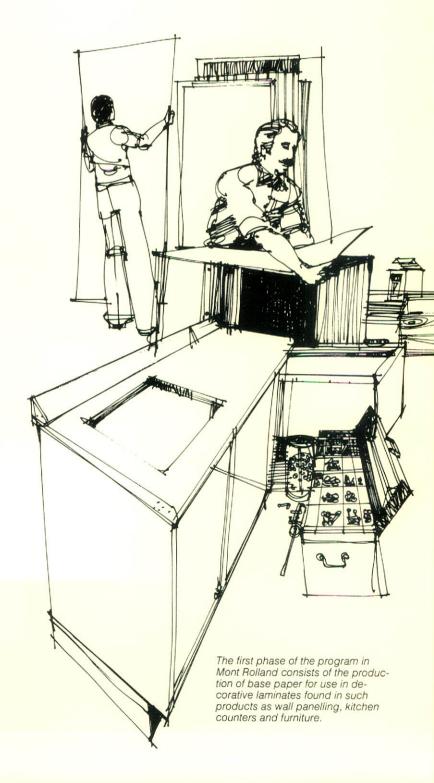
below Canadian levels.



As operations resumed, Canadian fine paper mills aggressively sought to regain their market share. Prices were lowered and the level of imports was gradually brought down to about 22% at year-end as against 14.8% in 1974. When compared to the normal historical level of shipments, these imports deprived Canadian manufacturers of more than 120,000 tons in 1976 alone. As an overall result. Canadian fine paper mills operated at 67% of capacity for the current year as against 98% in 1974. Lower volumes and lower prices, combined with higher costs of wages, materials, oil and electricity, thrust this industry and your Company into the worst trading conditions ever encountered, thus generating the financial results contained in this report.

Fine Papers Division

This Division consists of the paper manufacturing operations in St. Jerome and Mont Rolland, the coating operations in Scarborough, Ontario. and the marketing of the product lines manufactured in these locations. During the first quarter, its mills were under the pressure of an unprecedented level of orders stemming from the strikes. As these were settled, the pressures gave way to serious market disruptions caused by Canadian competitors attempting to regain their pre-strike market share which had been mainly lost to imports. Prices were seriously reduced on large volume uncoated grades. The Division has not effected a general price increase in uncoated grades since 1974. The market for coated products however was strong throughout the past twelve months as a result of a tight supply situation in both Canada and the United States. Selective price increases were implemented and the Company strengthened its position in the high quality coated printing market. The marketing team strengthened its organization with the appointment of Mr. W. J. Hardy as General Sales Manager, who will reside in Ontario. and of two sales managers, one for each of the eastern and western markets.



The program aimed at specializing the Mont Rolland mill in the production of technical papers was pursued during the year and the modernization of the plant, including effluent treatment, was completed during the summer, at a total cost of \$4.6 million. The first phase of the program consists of the production of base paper for use in decorative laminates found in such products as wall panelling, kitchen counters and furniture. Trials of overlay paper were made and paper delivered to customers. Their reaction was good and resulted in further trials and in some commercial orders. The acceptance of this product is encouraging and will provide the necessary basis to establish ourselves as a prime supplier. It is expected that 90% of the production will be exported. As anticipated, sizeable development costs were incurred in 1976. It is expected that the project will start generating earnings in 1978. The operating rate in our St. Jerome and Mont Rolland mills was 98% of capacity in the first quarter and 75% during the rest of the year, or an average of 83% for the year. This is comparable to 1975. The mills are now operating on a 6-day basis as opposed to a 7-day schedule earlier in 1976.

In the light of these results, costs were reduced, expenses curtailed and measures taken to further improve our productivity. Their full effect will be felt in 1977.

However, our two most significant items of cost are pulp, our principal raw material, and labour.

Pulp — The worldwide inventory of market pulp was extremely high but pulp prices remained high until the year-end. We had anticipated that the forces of supply and demand would have resulted in a more normal relationship of market pulp prices to paper prices. The Statistics Canada price index for woodpulp shows that it has moved from 94.2 in 1972 to 234.1 in 1976 while the fine paper index moved from 102.5 in 1972 to 162.5 in 1976. The market pulp producers must, at some point, realize that, if they are to protect their future markets, they must help make their customers more competitive.

Labour — The wages and fringe benefits disbursed to hourly-paid employees are approximately 20% higher in Canada than in U.S. fine paper mills. This has contributed to eliminate profits and to price Canadian manufacturers out of their own markets. The gradual loss of volume is causing the export of jobs outside our own country.

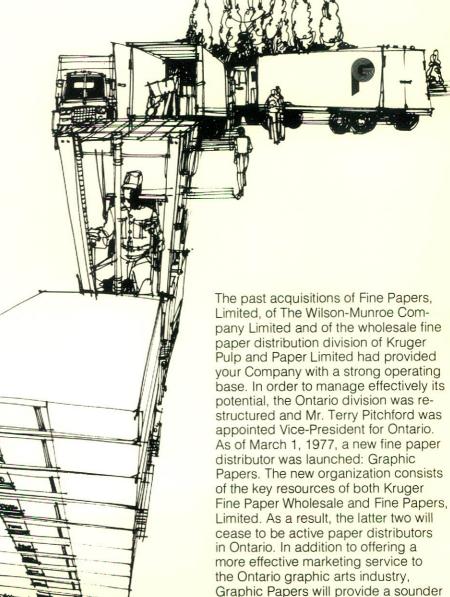
If our mills had been located in Northern New York State, the probability is that the total compensation paid to hourly employees would have been \$1.8 million lower.

Wholesale Distribution Division

This Division groups the activities of the Company's wholesale fine paper distributors: Fine Papers, Limited, The Wilson-Munroe Company and Kruger Fine Paper Wholesale. Through warehouses in Toronto, Montreal, Quebec City, Ottawa and Sudbury, it enjoys a sizeable share of the Ontario and Quebec markets.

The year was also a most difficult one for them. The strikes in eastern Canadian fine paper mills forced a realignment of their suppliers. The availability of lower priced products, whether from Canadian or American sources, had a downward effect on prices.

Sales were slightly above the level attained in 1975, but smaller gross profits, together with higher financial expenses and substantial inventory markdowns, generated lower operating earnings.



basis for growth and increased prof-

itability. By pooling resources, inven-

tories will be reduced, operations

rationalized and costs curtailed.

In addition to offering a more effective marketing service to the Ontario graphic arts industry, Graphic Papers will provide a sounder basis for growth and increased profitability.

Orchard Decor Canada Limited

Incorporated as a joint venture with The Orchard Corporation of America, this new company commenced production operations in May at its plant located in Granby, Quebec. The initial plan called for the production and sale of heat transfer papers to the international textile industry. Unfortunately, the opportunities on which this company counted on disappeared quite suddenly, early in 1976, with the virtual collapse of textile markets. Many textile manufacturers in Canada went bankrupt or ceased operations as cheap imports threatened the industry.

The Canadian market for heat transfer papers was thus considerably reduced. Inventories were high, competition strong and prices unsatisfactory. Despite carefully controlled costs, major losses were incurred.

This situation prompted the company.

This situation prompted the company to diversify its activities into the printing of wood grains for use in wall panelling, furniture and other related industries. Designs and products appear to be well accepted.

Environment

Installation of effluent treatment facilities at the Mont Rolland mill became operational during the year. These facilities, completed at a cost of \$1 million, will allow the Company to improve the quality of effluents and to meet the new standards of the Quebec Water Board for which compliance is required before December 31, 1978.

Industrial Relations

Negotiations with the unions representing the hourly-paid, office and salaried employees of our St. Jerome and Mont Rolland mills were completed. New agreements were signed for the period ending April 30, 1979. Negotiations with the unions representing the hourly-paid and the office employees of our Scarborough plant have also been concluded. Final terms are now awaiting ratification by the Anti-Inflation Board.

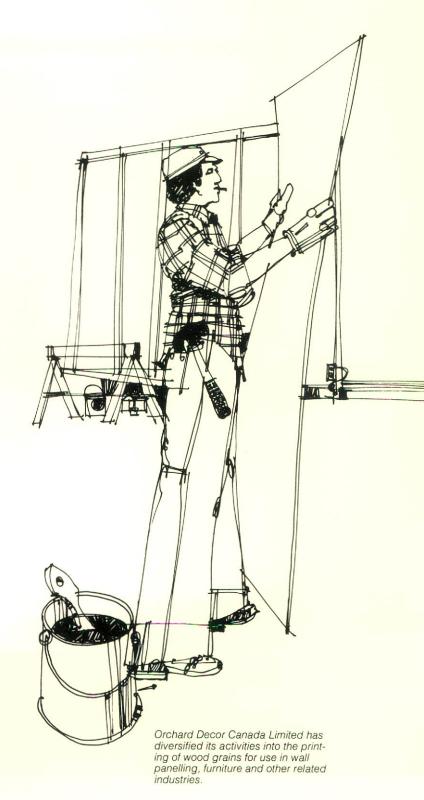
Financial

The operating loss of \$4.7 million in 1976 has already been commented on. This included increased operating expenses due to trials, experiments and start-ups in the technical paper project and in Orchard Decor Canada Limited. These two diversification projects were launched at a time when our traditional operations did not generate earnings, contrary to our expectations.

The increase of \$1.8 million in selling and administrative expenses resulted from inflation in salaries and the inclusion of the expenses of the Kruger Fine Paper Wholesale units for twelve months in 1976 as compared to nine months in 1975. The increase of \$0.8 million in interest expense was attributable to the annual cost in 1976 of the \$12 million 11½% debentures issued on July 15, 1975 and to higher short-term borrowings.

The operating loss before income tax credit produced a negative cash flow of \$1,979,000 in 1976, or \$1.11 per class "A" share against a positive cash flow of \$3,044,000 or \$1.64 per class "A" share the previous year. Outlays for capital expenditures were \$4.1 million in 1976 compared with \$7.7 million in the previous year. The largest disbursements were for the completion of the technical paper project and of the effluent treatment plant in Mont Rolland. The installation of the equipment for the speed-up of no. 8 paper machine in St. Jerome was deferred pending resumption of better market conditions. Interest of \$489,000 in connection

Interest of \$489,000 in connection with construction in progress was capitalized during the year and included in the above outlays. We discontinued capitalizing interest on the speed-up of no. 8 paper machine on July 1, 1976, until the final stage of the installation of the equipment is resumed. Government grants of \$200,000 relating to the above projects were credited to fixed assets.



The working capital of \$11 million at December 31, 1976 was \$6.2 million lower than last year and the ratio of current assets to current liabilities decreased to 1.7:1 at year-end. The overall decrease in the working capital resulted from the operating loss before income tax credit and the additions to fixed assets during the year. These were financed in part by the receipt of \$1.8 million of income tax recoverable and by increases in notes payable of \$3 million and bank indebtedness of \$0.9 million. The decrease in accounts receivable of \$3.6 million was offset by a corresponding decrease of \$3.3 million in accounts payable reflecting a lower volume of activity at the end of 1976 when compared to the seven-day operations at the end of 1975.

The income tax credit of \$1,458,000 in 1976 to be realized by applying this year's loss against earnings of the next five years is reflected on the balance sheet as a reduction of deferred income taxes.

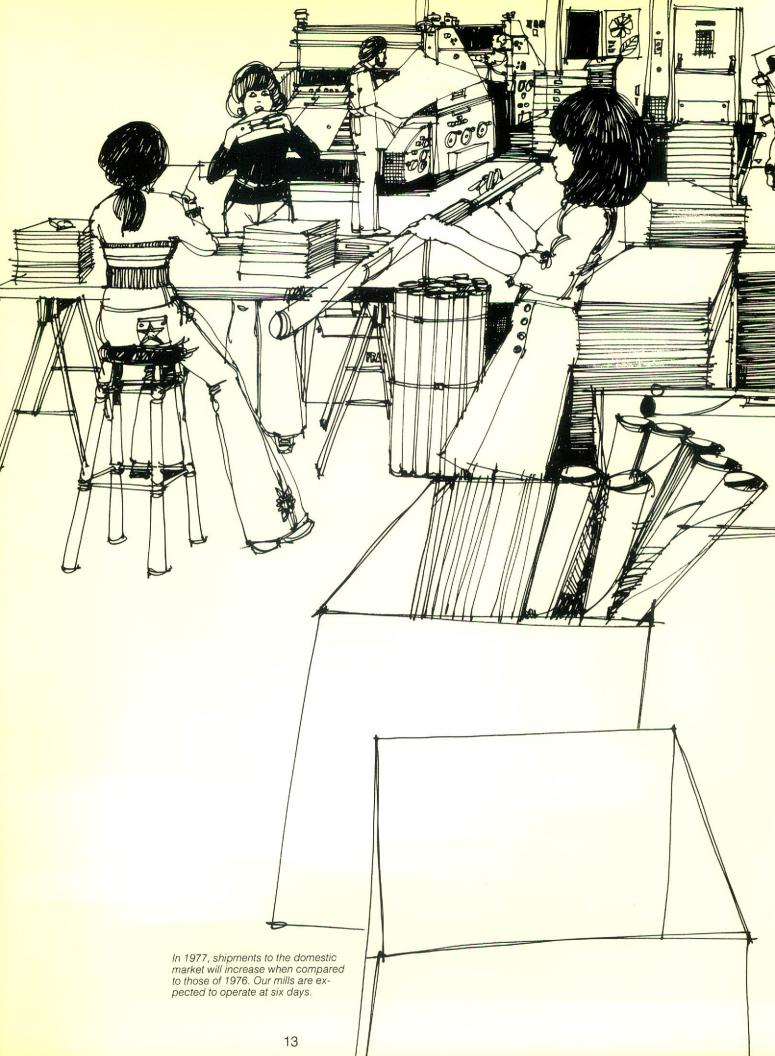
The minority interest of our partner in the shareholders' equity of Orchard Decor Canada Limited, which amounted to \$157,000 as at December 31, 1975, was eliminated by losses in the last year. Your Company absorbed \$652,000 of the total loss of \$809,000. No income tax credit has been taken by Orchard Decor Canada Limited in 1976.

The Company is subject to the Anti-Inflation Act which became effective on October 14, 1975. The Company has adhered to the provisions of the legislation and, therefore, has no material liability under the provisions of the Act.

Dividends

In light of the results, your Directors decided throughout the course of the year not to resume the payment of quarterly dividends to shareholders of class "A" and class "B" shares. A similar decision was also taken on February 14, 1977 in view of the outlook for the first quarter. The question of dividends and the return on your investment is one of your Directors' constant concerns.

The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.06¼ on preferred shares was maintained throughout the year. Total disbursements were \$59,000 or \$4.25 per share. On February 14, your Directors also declared the regular quarterly dividend payable March 15 to shareholders of record February 18, 1977.



Outlook

The outlook for 1977 is one of slow growth with Real Gross National Product expected to increase by 3% to 3.5% over 1976.

Against this background, it is anticipated that Canadian fine paper consumption will grow by about 5% as against 14% in 1976. The extent to which Canadian mills will satisfy this demand profitably depends, to a certain extent, on the U.S. environment. Estimates indicate a growth of 6% in U.S. fine paper consumption as against more than 20% in 1976. Production capacity is expected to increase by 4% and American fine paper mills should operate at approximately 90% in 1977, except for coated facilities which are expected to continue at their present level in excess of 93%. U.S. prices will therefore not increase markedly.

Under such circumstances, it will be difficult for Canadian fine paper producers to regain further market share and to increase prices. We expect imports to account for approximately 20% of Canadian consumption. Shipments to the domestic market will increase when compared to those of 1976. Our mills are expected to operate at six days.

The key to your Company's return to a profitable operating level lies in the ability of its Fine Papers Division to increase volume, achieve higher production efficiency, reduce raw material and labour costs and improve product mix.

At Orchard Decor, 1976 was a startup year. Operations have now reached an efficient level in the printing of both heat transfer papers and woodgrains. However, the outlook for 1977 is uncertain. The textile market remains weak and prices for heat transfer products are still unsatisfactory. It is expected that the construction and home building markets will be weaker than in 1976.

All in all 1977 will be a very competitive year.

Appreciation

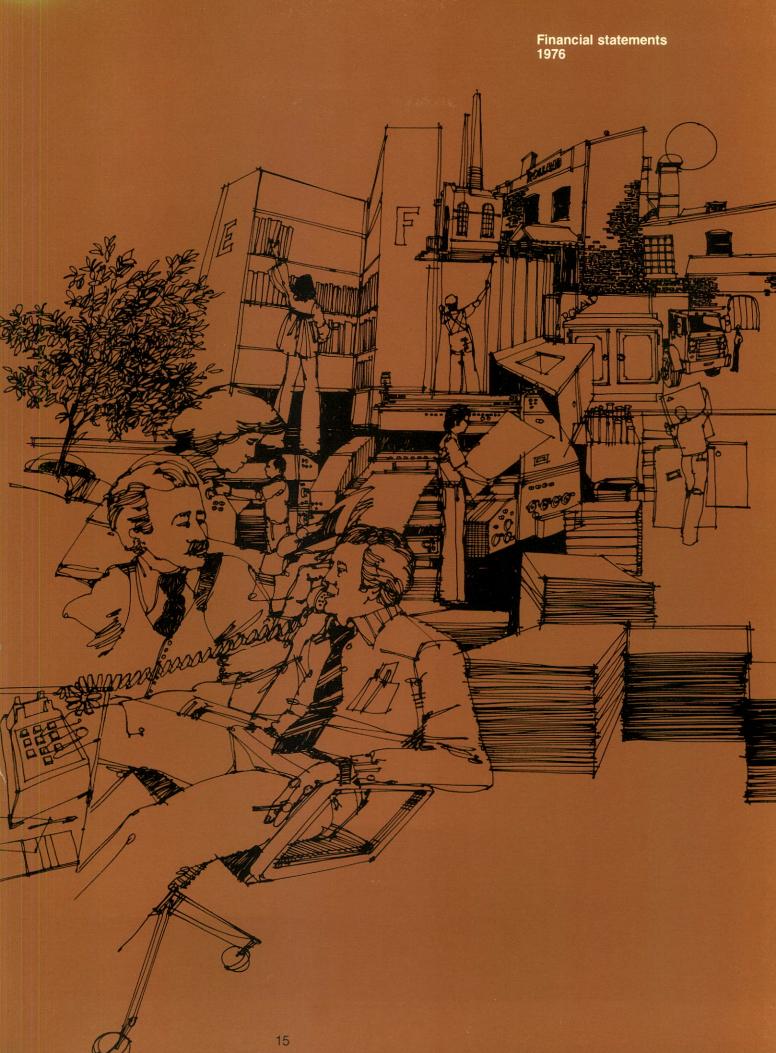
For your Company, 1976 was an extremely trying year which ended in the most uncertain of environments. This, understandably, had repercussions which affected and preoccupied all our employees. Your Directors, therefore, wish to thank them all for their relentless efforts. They also wish to express their appreciation to customers, suppliers and distributors whose cooperation and understanding helped the Company throughout the constraints brought about by the strikes in the first quarter and the disruptions that followed during the rest of the year.

On behalf of the Board.

Lucien G. Rolland President and General Manager

Lolland

Montreal, March 15, 1977.



Consolidated Statement of Income

Year ended December 31

	1976	1975
	(in thousar	nds of dollars)
Net sales Cost of sales	\$106,591 95,498	\$99,763 87,515
Gross profit	11,093	12,248
Selling and administrative expenses Depreciation and amortization Interest expense — Note 9	12,209 1,839 1,751	10,405 1,702 932
·	15,799	13,039
Operating loss Other income	(4,706) 546	(791) 481
Loss before income taxes and minority interest Income taxes Minority interest in loss	(4,160) 1,458 157	(310) 353 11
Earnings (loss) from operations Amortization of excess of consideration over book value of assets acquired — Net of income taxes Dividend income	(2,545) (142) 250	54 (122) 250
Net earnings (loss) Dividends on preferred shares	(2,437) 59	182 59
Net earnings (loss) applicable to class "A" and "B" shares	\$ (2,496)	\$ 123
Net earnings (loss) per share: Class "A" Class "B"	\$ (1.36) (1.36)	\$ 0.08 0.03

Consolidated Statement of Retained Earnings

Year ended December 31

	1976	1975
	(in thousa	nds of dollars)
Retained earnings at beginning of year Net earnings (loss) for the year	\$15,622 (2,437)	\$16,579 182
	13,185	16,761
Dividends Preferred shares Class "A" shares Class "B" shares	59 	59 816 264
	59	1,139
Retained earnings at end of year	\$13,126	\$15,622

1839 324

Consolidated Balance Sheet

At December 31

Assets

1976	
(in thousa	
\$ 576 11,086 236 15,034 334	Current Cash Accounts receivable Income taxes recoverable Inventories — Note 2 Prepaid expenses
27,266	
1,584	Grants Receivable — Note 3
5,863	Investment (Market value \$3,594; 1975 - \$3,328)
22,070	Fixed Property, plant and equipment — Note 4
1,891 333	Intangibles Excess of consideration over book value of assets acquired — Note 5 Unamortized debenture issue expense
IISE	\$ 576 11,086 236 15,034 334 27,266 1,584 5,863 22,070

\$59,007	\$62,497

On behalf of the Board: Lucien G. Rolland, Director J. A. Weldon, Director

Liabilities

		1976	1975
		(in thousa	nds of dollars,
	Current Bank indebtedness Notes payable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Long-term debt instalment due within one year	\$ 4,122 4,000 7,809 285	\$ 3,270 1,000 11,107 104
		16,216	15,481
	Long-Term Debt — Note 7	17,308	17,490
	Deferred Income Taxes	3,795	5,185
	Minority Interest	_	157
	Shareholders' Equity		
	Capital — Notes 6 and 8 Authorized 21,995 Preferred shares of \$100 each issuable in one or more series 2,400,000 class "A" and 800,000 class "B" shares without nominal or par value		
	Issued 13,995 41/4% Cumulative redeemable preferred shares	1,399	1,399
	1,360,016 class "A" and 480,008 class "B" shares	7,163	7,163
		8,562	8,562
	Retained Earnings For use in the business — Note 8	13,126	15,622
0		21,688	24,184
		\$59,007	\$62,497

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position

Year ended December 31

		1976	1975
		(in thousa	nds of dollars)
Source of funds	Cash flow from operations — Note 10 Long-term debt Minority interest in capital stock of subsidiary	\$— 187 —	\$ 3,044 11,627 168
		\$ 187	\$14,839
Application of funds	Cash flow applied to operations — Note 10 Long-term grants receivable Fixed assets and goodwill acquired from	\$1,979 138	\$ — 1,446
	Kruger Pulp and Paper Limited Additions to fixed assets — net Long-term debt reduction Dividends	3,889 369 59	2,171 6,076 1,155 1,139
Increase (decrease) in Working		6,434	11,987
Capital		(6,247)	2,852
		\$ 187	\$14,839

Changes in Components of Working Capital

Year ended December 31

		1976	1975
		(in thousa	nds of dollars)
Increase (decrease) in Current Assets	Cash and short-term investments Accounts receivable Income taxes recoverable Inventories Prepaid expenses	\$ 386 (3,546) (1,842) (565) 55	\$ 145 2,306 2,078 (2,477) (47)
		(5,512)	2,005
Increase (decrease) in Current Liabilities	Bank indebtedness Notes payable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Income taxes payable Long-term debt instalment due within one year	852 3,000 (3,298) — 181	2,306 — 5,575 (1,513) (86)
		735	6,282
Decrease in Working Capital from Operations	Working capital acquired from Kruger Pulp	(6,247)	(4,277)
	and Paper Limited Note payable to Kruger Pulp and Paper Limited	=	8,129 (1,000)
Total Increase (decrease) in Working Capital		\$ (6,247)	\$ 2,852
Working Capital at End of Year		\$11,050	\$17,297

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Rolland Paper Company, Limited, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Canada Glazed Papers Limited, The Wilson-Munroe Company Limited, Fine Papers, Limited, and Orchard Decor Canada Limited (a 60% owned subsidiary which commenced operations on September 11, 1975). The acquisition of all subsidiary companies is accounted for on a purchase basis and earnings are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition of control. All significant inter-company transactions have been eliminated.

Inventories

Inventories of raw materials, wires, felts, supplies, repair parts and maintenance materials are carried at cost, generally determined on a first-in, first-out method. The cost of finished paper and paper in process includes raw material, direct labour and certain manufacturing overhead expenses; these inventories are carried at the lower of cost (generally first-in, first-out method) and net realizable value. Adequate provision is made for slow-moving and obsolete inventories.

Investment

The investment consisting of 125,000 common shares of Consolidated-Bathurst Limited is not considered by the Company to be of a current nature, therefore it is carried at cost instead of market value.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Depreciation of buildings and machinery and equipment is provided using the straight-line method in the manufacturing companies and the diminishing balance method in the wholesale distribution companies. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases. Additions are recorded at cost. Government grants related to capital expenditures are deducted from the respective fixed assets. At the time of disposition of property, plant and equipment, the Company removes from the accounts the cost of the assets and the related accumulated depreciation. Gains or losses on the disposition of these assets are included in income. Interest incurred to finance construction in progress is included as a cost of the respective fixed assets.

Intangibles

Excess of consideration represents the excess of the purchase price over the book value of the net tangible assets of The Wilson-Munroe Company Limited and the Wholesale Distribution Division of Kruger Pulp and Paper Limited at date of acquisition. The excess relating to the acquisition of shares of The Wilson-Munroe Company Limited is amortized on a straightline basis over five years commencing in 1973 while the excess relating to the acquisition of the assets of the Wholesale Distribution Division of Kruger Pulp and Paper Limited is amortized on a straight-line basis over twenty years commencing in 1975. The unamortized debenture issue expense is amortized over the life of the 113/4% Sinking Fund Debentures, Series "B" issue proportionately to the amount of debentures outstanding each year.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are based on accounting income which differs in some respects from taxable income. Differences generally arise because items of income and expense, such as depreciation, are reflected in different time periods for financial accounting purposes than for tax purposes. Deferred income taxes represent the amount by which taxes on accounting income exceed taxes paid or payable on taxable income. The income tax effect to be realized from applying losses for tax purposes against future earnings is reflected in the deferred tax balance.

Pension Plans

The Company and its subsidiaries have pension plans for employees, which are contributory and trusteed. These plans are being funded and the cost of the current service portion is charged to income as incurred. The cost of the unfunded past service pension liabilities is charged to income as funded.

Net Earnings per Share

The net earnings per share are calculated after taking into account the differential in the dividends paid during the year to the class "A" and class "B" shares.

Note 2 Inventories			1976 (in thouse	1975 ands of dollars
	Raw materials, wires, felts and su Repair parts and maintenance ma Finished paper and paper in prod	aterials	\$ 2,973 862 11,199	\$ 3,482 747 11,370
			\$15,034	\$15,599
Note 3 Grants Receivable	The grants receivable are subject recoupment or reduction if the		ails to comply win each of the	vith the agreements
Note 4 Property, Plant and Equipment	Co	Accumulated ost Depreciation	Net 1976 (in thousa	Net 1975 ands of dollars
	Buildings 8,1	04 322 40 20,427	\$ 439 4,141 82 12,613 4,795	\$ 411 3,403 85 9,967 6,127
	\$46,8	77 \$24,807	\$22,070	\$19,993
	Construction in progress has beer temporarily suspended as of July 1976. It is estimated that an amou	 required to a 	ately \$4,000,00 complete the co	
Note 5 Excess of Consideration	-		1976 (in thousa	1975 ands of dollars)
osnoideration	Excess arising on the purchase o The Wilson-Munroe Company L Excess arising on the purchase o of the Wholesale Distribution Di	imited f the assets	\$ 331	\$ 331
	Kruger Pulp and Paper Limited		2,000 2,331	2,000
	Accumulated amortization		440	274
			\$1,891	\$2,057
Note 6 Capital	The preferred shares issued are redeemable at \$104 per share and are non-voting unless four quarterl dividends are in arrears. Class "A" shares are non-voting unless the Company shall fail, for a period of two consecutive years, to pay any dividend on such shares. Class "A" shares are entitled to a non-cumulative dividend at the rate	payment of shares. If in at the rate of annum are payment of that fiscal years for share for share for share share for share class "A" an	10 cents per share per annum before payment of any dividend on class "B shares. If in any fiscal year dividends at the rate of 5 cents per share per annum are paid on class "B" shares, any further distribution in respect of that fiscal year shall be made equally share for share, upon all outstanding class "A" and class "B" shares.	

				1975 Is of dollars)
Sinking Fund Debentures — Series A 53/4% due July 2, 1984	\$ 7,500			
Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$400,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements	1,900	\$ 5	,600	\$ 5,640
Sinking Fund Debentures — Series B 11¾% due July 2, 1995	12,000			
Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$43,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Paguirements	102	44	907	11.054
of latare Sirking Fund Requirements	193			11,954
Mortgage — 12% due June 15, 1996 Deduct:	187	1/	,407	17,594
Principal repayment	1		186	_
Deduct: Instalment due within one year		- 17	,593	17,594
included in current liabilities			285	104
		\$17	,308	\$17,490
Principal Repayments for the next five y	ears			
1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
113/4% Sinking Fund Debentures \$282 53/4% Sinking	\$325	\$325	\$325	\$325
Fund Debentures — Mortgage 3	200	300	500 4	500 4
\$285	\$528	\$628	\$829	\$829
The declaration of dividends and the redemption of preferred shares of the Company are restricted if such declaration or redemption results in a reduction of working capital of the Company to an amount less than \$2,000,000 for so long as the Series A Debentures are outstanding. Such declaration and	redemption will be further restricted for so long as the Series B Debentures are outstanding if such declaration or redemption would result in a reduction of the consolidated working capital of the Company and its designated Subsidiaries to an amount less than \$3,000,000.		ntures ration or reduction apital of ted	
	Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$400,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements Sinking Fund Debentures — Series B 11¾% due July 2, 1995 Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$43,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements Mortgage — 12% due June 15, 1996 Deduct: Principal repayment Deduct: Instalment due within one year included in current liabilities Principal Repayments for the next five y 1977 11¾% Sinking Fund Debentures \$282 5¾% Sinking Fund Debentures \$282 5¾% Sinking Fund Debentures \$285 The declaration of dividends and the redemption of preferred shares of the Company are restricted if such declaration or redemption results in a reduction of working capital of the Company to an amount less than \$2,000,000 for	Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$400,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements Sinking Fund Debentures — Series B 11¾% due July 2, 1995 Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$43,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements Mortgage — 12% due June 15, 1996 Deduct: Principal repayment Deduct: Instalment due within one year included in current liabilities Principal Repayments for the next five years 1977 1978 11¾% Sinking Fund Debentures \$282 \$325 \$½% Sinking Fund Debentures Mortgage 3 \$285 \$528 The declaration of dividends and the redemption of preferred shares of the Company are restricted if such declaration or redemption results in a reduction of working capital of the Company to an amount less than \$2,000,000 for the Company to an amount less than \$2,000,000	Sinking Fund Debentures — Series A 53/4% due July 2, 1984 \$7,500 Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$400,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements 1,900 \$5 Sinking Fund Debentures — Series B 113/4% due July 2, 1995 12,000 Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$43,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements 193 11 Mortgage — 12% due June 15, 1996 187 Deduct: Principal repayment 1 Deduct: Instalment due within one year included in current liabilities \$17 Principal Repayments for the next five years \$1977 1978 1979 113/4% Sinking Fund Debentures \$282 \$325 \$325 \$348 \$518 The declaration of dividends and the redemption of preferred shares of the Company are restricted if such declaration or redemption results in a reduction of working capital of the Company to an amount less than \$2,000,000 for the consolidated of the Company and its consolidated of the	Sinking Fund Debentures — Series A 5½% due July 2, 1984 \$7,500 Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$400,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements 1,900 \$5,600 Sinking Fund Debentures — Series B 11½% due July 2, 1995 12,000 Deduct: Debentures redeemed and cancelled including \$43,000 in anticipation of future Sinking Fund Requirements 193 11,807 Mortgage — 12% due June 15, 1996 187 Deduct: Principal repayment 1 186 17,593 Deduct: Instalment due within one year included in current liabilities 285 Principal Repayments for the next five years 1977 1978 1979 1980 11½% Sinking Fund Debentures \$282 \$325 \$325 \$325 \$325 \$340 \$340 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$400 \$340 \$34

	\$473,300
	\$473,300
0 \$54,500	¢470 000
1 12 s Directors	Officers
1975	4/
credit. The investment tax credits amounting to \$198,700 for 1976 and to \$179,400 for 1975 are available until 1981 and 1980 respectively to reduce the taxes otherwise payable	
(1,390) (157) \$(1,979)	1,030 (11 \$3,044
\$(2,437) 2,005	\$ 182 1,843
1976 (in thousands	
onstruction in page as the installa	rogress was ation of the
\$1,751	\$ 932
489	433
514	\$ 977 388 1,365
	1975 ands of dollars)
action the Company eliminated the striction imposed on \$280,500 of retained earnings under Section 62 of the Canada Corporations Act.	
	1976 capitalizations thas been temp

Note 14 Corporate Reorganization

On January 1, 1977, following the winding-up of Canada Glazed Papers Limited in accordance with Section 88 of the Canadian Income Tax Act, all assets and liabilities of the Company were transferred to the parent company, Rolland Paper Company, Limited. The assets were transferred at

their net book value, therefore there was no gain or loss realized on this transaction.

The existing operations of Canada Glazed Papers Limited will be continued by the parent company.

Note 15 Income Taxes

On the basis of the income tax returns to be filed, there is a loss for tax purposes totalling \$4,230,000 at December 31, 1976 which may be applied against future earnings, until 1981.

The reduction in income taxes to be realized by applying this loss against future earnings is reflected in deferred income taxes except for the loss of \$722,000 incurred by a subsidiary

which has only recently commenced operations. The potential tax reduction in this case is not recorded because the timing of its ultimate realization is still uncertain.

In addition, accelerated capital cost allowances of \$4,380,000 were not claimed in arriving at the loss figure and these amounts are available for use in full in any future year.

Note 16 Anti-Inflation Act

The Company is subject to the Anti-Inflation Act (which became effective October 14, 1975) under which the Federal Government has instituted a program of controls which limit or require justification for most increases in prices, compensation and dividends. In the opinion of management, the Company has adhered to the provisions of the legislation and therefore the Company has no material liability under the provisions of the Act.

Auditors' Report to the Shareholders

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Rolland Paper Company, Limited as at December 31, 1976 and the consolidated statements of income, retained earnings and changes in financial position for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests and other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 1976 and the results of its operations and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Touche Ross & Co. Chartered Accountants

Montreal, Quebec January 31, 1977

Ten-Year Comparative Statistics

		1070
Colon and Faminas	Niet color	1976
Sales and Earnings (in thousands of dollars)	Net sales Depreciation and amortization	\$106,591
in thousands or donars)	Interest expense	1,839 1,751
	Earnings (loss) before income taxes and minority interest	(4,160)
	Income taxes	(1,458)
	Minority shareholders' interest	(157)
	Earnings (loss) from operations	(2,545)
	Dividend income	250
	Non-operating items	(142)
	Net earnings (loss)	(2,437)
	Cash flow	(1,979)
	Percentage of earnings (loss) from operations to net sales	(2.4%)
	Percentage of net earnings (loss) to capital employed	(5.7%)
Distribution of Earnings	Dividend on preferred shares	\$ 59
(in thousands of dollars)	Dividend on class "A" and "B" shares	
	Retained in the business (deficiency)	(2,496)
Per Share*	Net earnings (loss) per class "A" share	\$ (1.36)
	Dividend per class "A" share	_
	Cash flow per class "A" share	(1.11)
	Book value per class "A" and "B" shares	11.00
	Price range for class "A" shares — high — low	7.88 3.60
Financial	Net assets:	3.00
(in thousands of dollars)	Working capital	\$ 11,050
in thousands of donars)	Investment in securities	5,863
	Fixed assets, net	22,070
	Other assets	3,808
	Capital employed	42,791
	Financed by:	.2,
	Long-term debt	\$ 17,308
	Deferred income taxes	3,795
	Minority shareholders' interest	_
	Preferred shareholders' equity	1,399
	Class "A" and "B" shareholders' equity	20,289
	Total capitalization	42,791
	Ratio of current assets to current liabilities	1.7:1
	Capital expenditures	\$ 4,099
Other Statistics	Number of shareholders at end of year	1,862
	Average number of employees	1,497

NOTE:

Results of Fine Papers, Limited are included from January 1, 1970, results of The Wilson-Munroe Company Limited from January 1, 1971, and results of Kruger Fine Paper Wholesale from April 1, 1975.

1975	1974	1973	1972	1971	1970	1969	1968	1967
\$99,763 1,702 932	\$83,228 1,522 354	\$61,130 1,534 402	\$46,437 1,313 436	\$41,555 1,292 459	\$34,085 1,257 484	\$35,647 1,207 520	\$34,903 1,217 544	\$32,881 1,149 570
(310) (353) (11)	8,855 3,782 —	4,899 2,270 —	2,483 1,094 —	270 120 —	(808) (324) —	2,855 1,444 —	2,520 1,239	3,362 1,723
54 250 (122)	5,073 281 (66)	2,629 — 64	1,389 — —	150 — —	(484) 62 —	1,411 125 —	1,281 125 —	1,639 250
182 3,044 0.1% 0.4%	5,288 7,259 6.1% 14.7%	2,693 4,239 4.3% 8.6%	1,389 2,555 3.0% 4.6%	150 1,089 0.4% 0.5%	(422) 586 (1.4%) (1.4%)	1,536 2,666 4.0% 4.8%	1,406 2,487 3.7% 4.4%	1,889 3,061 5.0% 5.9%
\$ 59 1,080 (957)	\$ 59 1,099 4,130	\$ 59 620 2,014	\$ 60 160 1,169	\$ 60 — 90	\$ 60 534 (1,016)	\$ 60 712 764	\$ 60 712 634	\$ 62 712 1,115
\$ 0.08 0.60 1.64 12.35 8.25 5.25	\$ 2.85 0.61 3.93 12.87 10.00 7.00	\$ 1.44 0.35 2.28 10.63 10.75 6.75	\$ 0.73 0.10 1.37 9.53 7.88 3.10	\$ 0.05 	\$ (0.25) 0.30 0.30 8.85 7.00 3.65	\$ 0.82 0.40 1.43 9.40 10.13 5.13	\$ 0.74 0.40 1.33 8.99 8.88 6.25	\$ 1.01 0.40 1.64 8.64 12.50 6.13
\$17,297 5,863 19,993 3,863	\$14,445 5,863 15,434 199	\$11,443 5,863 13,874 265	\$ 9,649 5,863 14,008 589	\$ 8,385 5,863 14,758 589	\$ 7,751 5,863 15,780 589	\$ 9,901 5,863 15,934 257	\$ 9,735 5,863 16,176	\$ 9,680 5,863 16,136 89
47,016	35,941	31,445	30,109	29,595	29,983	31,955	31,774	31,768
\$17,490 5,185 157	\$ 6,645 4,155	\$ 6,662 3,772	\$ 7,393 3,696	\$ 7,901 3,842	\$ 8,025 4,196	\$ 8,751 4,426	\$ 9,256 4,503	\$ 9,748 4,639
1,399 22,785	1,399 23,742	1,399 19,612	1,422 17,598	1,422 16,430	1,422 16,340	1,422 17,356	1,422 16,593	1,422 15,959
47,016	35,941	31,445	30,109	29,595	29,983	31,955	31,774	31,768
2.1:1 \$ 7,720	2.8:1 \$ 3,300	2.7:1 \$ 1,550	2.9:1 \$ 636	3.1:1 \$ 297	2.3:1 \$ 694	3.5:1 \$ 841	4.2:1 \$ 1,261	2.9:1 \$ 1,639
1,933 1,454	1,991 1,404	2,066 1,410	2,256 1,294	2,320 1,285	2,377 1,289	2,330 1,288	2,330 1,325	2,343 1,308

^{*}Net earnings, dividend and cash flow per class "B" share are 5 cents less than per class "A" share except in 1970 when the differential is 4 cents, in 1971 and 1976 when there is no differential.

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