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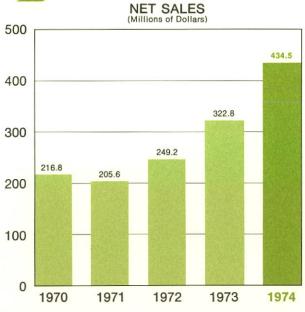
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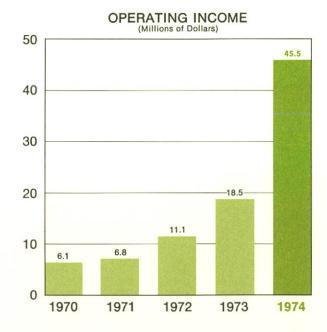
#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

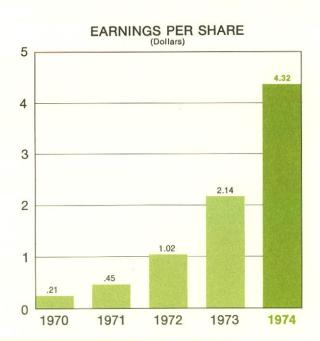
A copy of the Company's current annual report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 10-K may be obtained by writing to the Treasurer, Brown Company, 251 South Lake Avenue, Pasadena, California 91101.

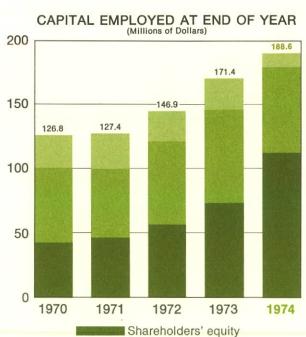
Highlights	1974	1973
Net Sales	\$434,545,000	\$322,802,000
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$ 40,522,000	\$ 12,338,000
Income Tax Provision	\$ 16,613,000	\$ 2,875,000
Net Earnings	\$ 23,909,000	\$ 9,463,000
Net Earnings Per Share	\$ 4.32	\$ 2.14
Shareholders' Equity Per Share	\$ 20.99	\$ 16.74
Shares Outstanding End of Year	5,351,000	4,403,000
Total Assets	\$269,873,000	\$234,914,000
Long-term Debt	\$ 76,245,000	\$ 97,689,000
Shareholders' Equity	\$112,310,000	\$ 73,688,000
Number of Shareholders	5,800	6,500
Number of Employees	9,300	9,700

## Brown Company









Senior long-term debt
Subordinated debentures

### To Our Shareholders

Fiscal 1974 was a year of record sales and earnings for Brown, and the sixth consecutive year of progress under present management.

Sales for 1974 totaled \$434.5 million compared with 1973 sales of \$322.8 million. Net earnings rose to \$23.9 million from \$9.5 million in 1973. Net earnings per share climbed to \$4.32 from \$2.14 in the prior year, marking the sixth straight year that per-share earnings more than doubled. The sharp rise in 1974 sales and earnings was due to the outstanding performance of our Paper Group. Demand for paper products was very strong and Paper Group income from operations more than tripled. Operating income of the Building Materials Group declined about 10 percent due mainly to depressed conditions in the construction industry during most of the year.

Since 1969 we have made substantial progress toward improving Brown's profitability and financial condition. Three building materials companies engaged in businesses related to concrete construction were acquired and now account for about 20 percent of total sales. One paper company was acquired and a number of unprofitable operations were sold or shut down. Capital spending projects have increased pulp, paper and paperboard production since 1969. Additional projects in progress will further increase production in 1975 and 1976.

The above changes, and strong paper demand, have

resulted in rates of return on sales, capital employed and shareholders' equity that compare favorably with other companies in our industries. In addition, the Company's financial condition is greatly improved as evidenced by the reduction of our long-term debt to equity ratio from 2 to 1 in 1969 to 0.68 to 1 in 1974.

In December 1974 an additional \$18 million of pollution control revenue bonds were sold to finance work on the pollution control project at our pulp and paper mill in Berlin and Gorham, New Hampshire. This brings the total debt issued for this project to \$28 million and completes substantially all of our long-term financing requirements.

Although record results were achieved in fiscal 1974, currently depressed economic conditions and energy shortages are cause for uncertainty. Nevertheless, your Company expects a good year in fiscal 1975.

The achievements of 1974 would not have been possible without the cooperation and support of our 9,300 employees. We count on their continued loyalty in 1975.

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Merrill L. Nash Chairman of the Board and President

January 7, 1975



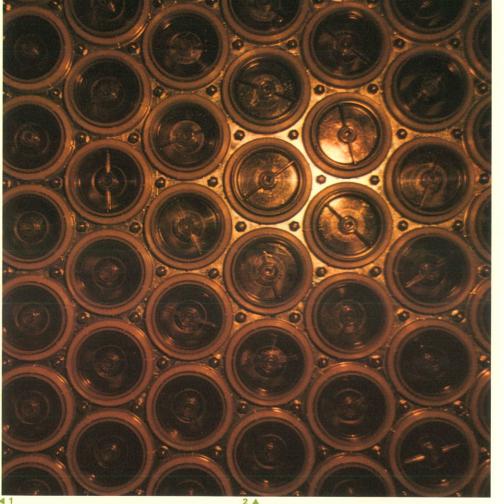


## Paper Group

In fiscal 1974 Brown's Paper Group had record sales of \$345.1 million compared with \$239.7 million last year for a 44 percent increase. Operating income was also a record \$39.9 million against last year's \$12.4 million, for a 222 percent increase.

The improved performance of the Paper Group is largely the result of strong demand for its products and increased productivity.

Paper Group operations are located in seven states and the United Kingdom. Manufacturing facilities include a pulp and paper mill in Berlin and Gorham, New Hampshire which is partially supplied with raw materials from 800,000 acres of timberland in northern New England. This mill makes pulp and corrugating medium. Part of the pulp is sold and the balance used by Brown to make paper, towels, tissues and other



Timberlands (1) owned by Brown Company in New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont provide logs to make pulp at the mill in Berlin, New Hampshire. A new pulp cleaner (2) is part of Brown's program to improve pulp and paper production and quality.



GROUP SALES	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
Timber and pulp	\$ 14.2	\$ 11.6	\$ 14.0	\$ 16.0	\$ 22.6
Paper and paperboard	91.5	90.5	97.8	121.2	179.8
Folding cartons	35.8	33.1	36.6	42.8	48.5
Absorbent paper products and food					
service disposables	42.5	35.2	36.3	51.4	85.2
Matches and other	10.0	7.9	8.5	8.3	9.0
	\$194.0	\$178.3	\$193.2	\$239.7	\$345.1

products. The corrugating medium is sold to other companies for use in making boxes and other products. A large facility in Kalamazoo and Parchment, Michigan makes lightweight papers and recycled paperboard. Brown sells some paper and paperboard, but converts much of its production into a variety of paper products including folding cartons for consumer packaging, and food service disposables used by restaurants, supermarkets, meat processors and commercial bakers.

Other operations in California, Illinois, Massachusetts, New York, Wisconsin and the United Kingdom produce such diversified paper products as diapers, folding cartons, writing and printing papers, towels, tissues and book matches.

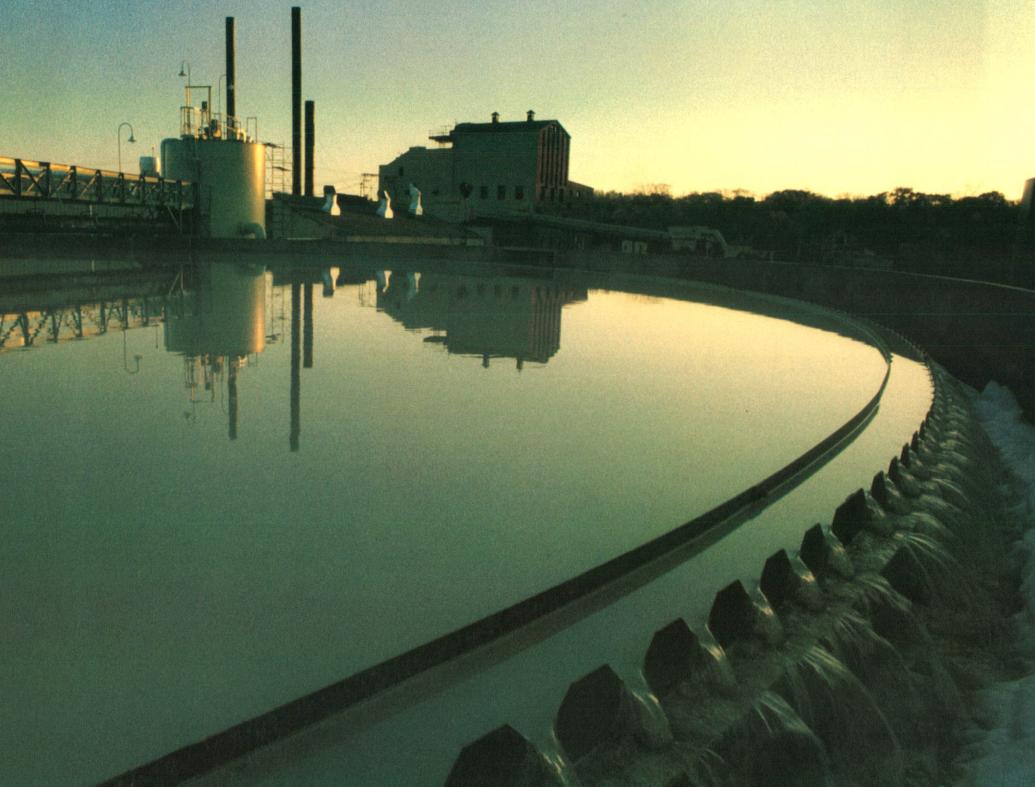
During fiscal 1974 Brown produced approximately 434,000 tons of paper, 237,000 tons of pulp, 122,000 tons of recycled paperboard and 93,000 tons of corrugating medium. This total of 886,000 tons was an increase over the 871,000 tons produced in 1973.

Capital spending projects completed recently or now under way will improve efficiency and increase capacity to make pulp, paper and paperboard by about 110,000 tons annually. The projects

Post-consumer wastepaper is received at the Kalamazoo, Michigan recycling center (3) and converted in repulpers (1 and 2) to pulp substitutes for use in making paperboard. This clarifier (4) is part of the pollution control facility completed in 1974 at the Eau Claire, Wisconsin mill to remove daily about 40 tons of clay and wood fibre that were previously discharged into the Chippewa River.



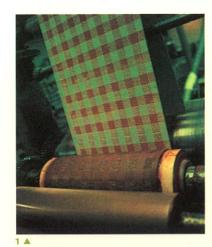




include improvements to increase pulp mill capacity, the rebuilding of paper and paperboard machines, and facilities to increase the use of wastepaper in the manufacture of towels, tissues and other absorbent products. A new recycling facility in Kalamazoo will utilize wastepaper to make pulp.

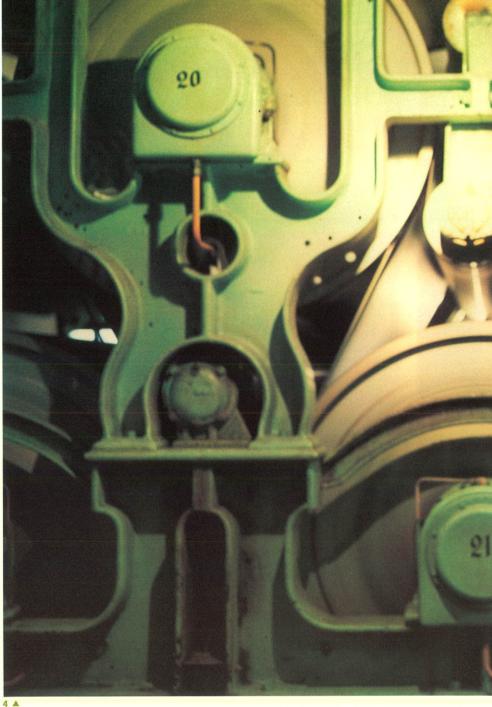
The paper industry and Brown's Paper Group are being adversely affected by the current recession. However, Brown has significantly improved its position in the industry over the past five years. Although signs indicate that 1975 will be a difficult year, Brown expects the Paper Group to perform well in relation to the industry and the economy.

High speed printing presses (1) are used in Kalamazoo, Michigan to produce folding cartons, flexible packaging and food service disposables. A paper stock thickener (2) is waiting to be installed at the new mill in Kalamazoo that will make high quality pulp from wastepaper. Improvements completed or in progress in Kalamazoo include the installation of computer controlled measuring devices (3) and the rebuilding of five paper machines (4) and two recycled paperboard machines (5) parts of which are pictured.

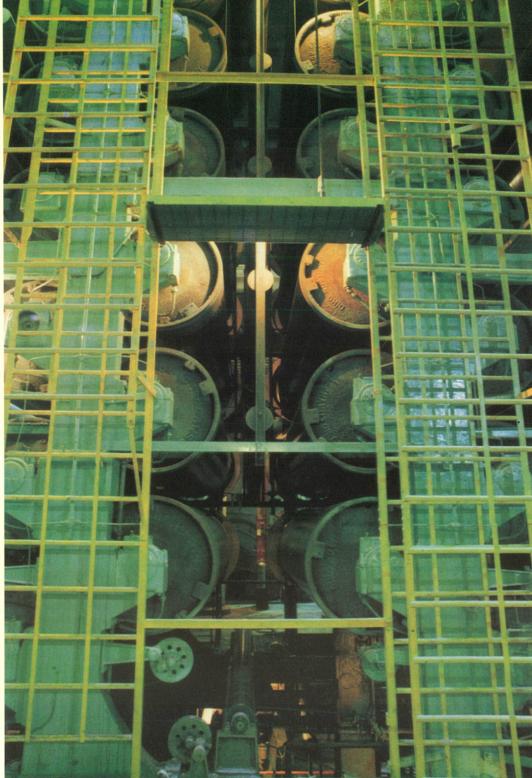














## Building Materials Group

Total sales for the Building Materials Group were \$89.4 million in fiscal 1974 compared with \$83.1 million last year. Operating income was \$5.6 million, down from \$6.1 million in fiscal 1973.

Fiscal 1974 was difficult for construction, and residential building was affected with special severity. However, our building materials sales are not significantly related to the residential market. In addition, certain unprofitable contracting activities were eliminated, and therefore, fiscal 1974 operating income of the Building Materials Group was held to about 90 percent of the 1973 level.

All of our building materials businesses are involved in concrete construction. The Livingston-Graham division mines and processes rock, sand and gravel in southern California. Materials are both sold to others and used by Livingston to



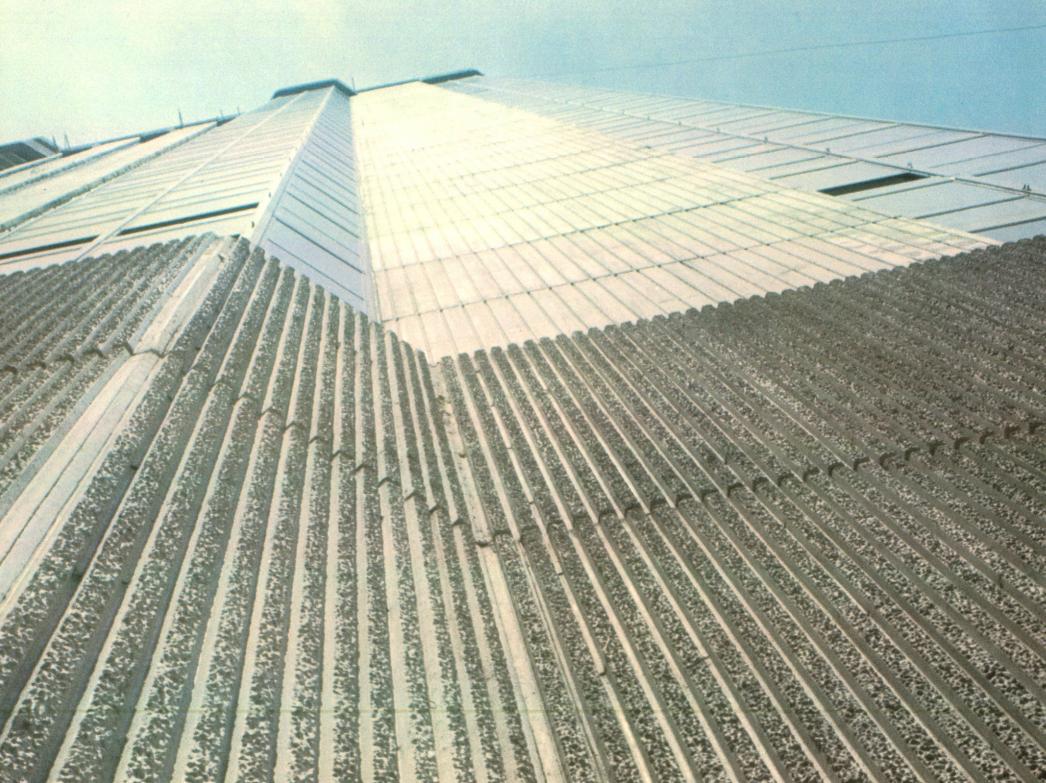
At Livingston-Graham this shovel bucket (1) loads thirty tons from the pit into this haul unit (2) that can carry 90 tons to the processing plant. Computers like this (3) at a computerized weigh station automatically weigh delivery trucks and schedule deliveries of rock, sand and gravel.

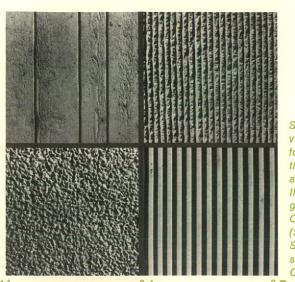
GROUP SALES	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
Rock, sand, gravel and transit mixed	\$22.8	\$27.3	\$30.4	\$31.9	\$29.8
concrete Concrete forming equipment and related services	Ψ22.0	φ21.5 —	25.6	51.2	59.6
Totaled Scrivices	\$22.8	\$27.3	\$56.0	\$83.1	\$89.4



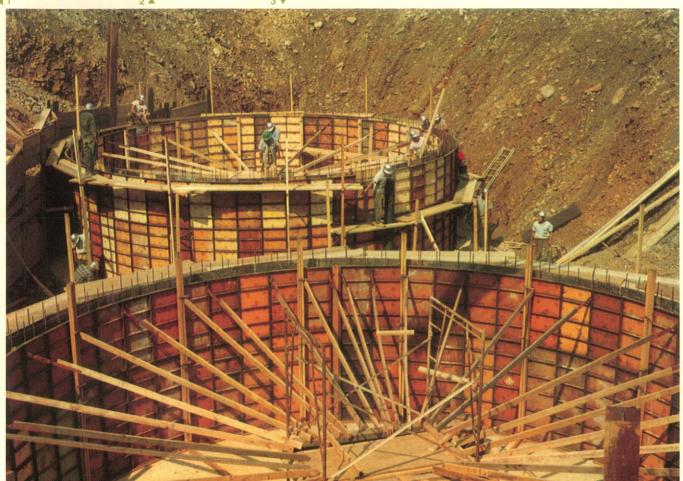








Symons forms produce a variety of textures and designs for concrete surfaces such as the grooved design on this apartment building in Chicago, Illinois (1) and certain wood grain and other textures (2). Circular concrete clarifier tanks (3) are being made with Symons Steel-Ply® forms at a sewage treatment plant in Council Bluffs, Iowa.

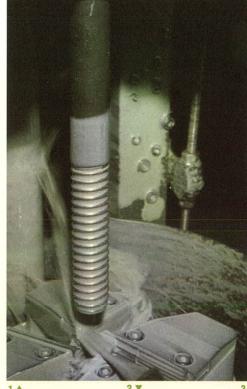


make transit-mixed concrete. Livingston-Graham production totaled about 6.5 million tons in 1974 compared with 6.8 million tons in 1973. Reduced demand caused by the decline in construction activity was responsible for the decrease.

The group's Symons Corporation manufactures and distributes forming equipment and accessories used in the on-site placement of concrete. Its products are manufactured in Chicago, Illinois and New Braunfels, Texas and distributed throughout the United States. Symons' main products are steel-framed plywood panel forms. These forms are joined together to make walls into which concrete is poured to build major structures such as bridges, tunnels, industrial and office buildings, power generating plants and pollution control facilities. Most forms are reusable and offer cost and design advantages over on-site construction.

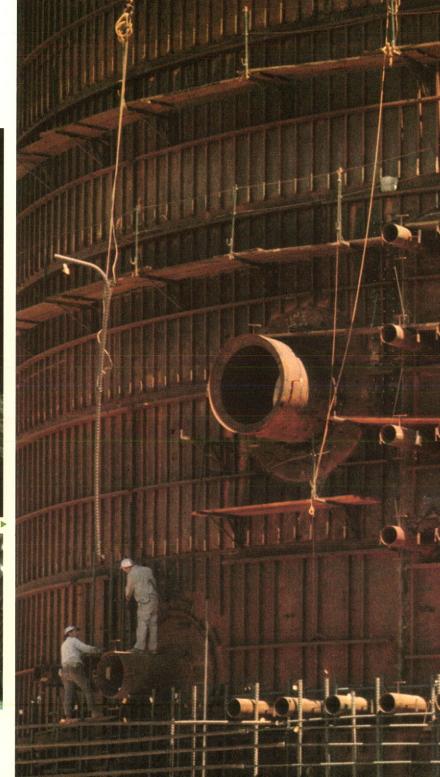
Richmond Screw Anchor Company and The Fireproof Products Company are also part of the Building Materials Group. Richmond produces and sells throughout the United States concrete forming accessories such as steel tie bolts, tie rods and screw anchors. Fireproof engages mainly in the fabrication and sale of reinforcing steel bars for concrete construction in the metropolitan New York area.

We expect construction to be one of the first beneficiaries of an improved economy. Therefore, this group's operating results should quickly reflect any favorable changes in fiscal 1975.



Threaded bolts made by
Richmond Screw Anchor
Company (1) are used to hold
concrete forms together. Contour
threaded coils (2) are used by
Richmond to make a variety of
accessory items used in
concrete construction. Many
Symons forms are custom-made
such as these all-steel forms
being used in the construction
of a nuclear power plant near
Sacramento, California (3).







	*	1974	1973(a)	1972(b)	1971	1970(c)
FOR THE YEAR	Net sales	\$434,545	\$322,802	\$249,225	\$205,558	\$216,828
(000*)	Operating income	45,460	18,462	11,138	6,826	6,090
	Net earnings	23,909	9,463	3,267	1,249	1,381
	Net earnings per share	4.32	2.14	1.02	.45	.21
	Depreciation and depletion	9,509	8,734	8,382	7,666	7,512
	Plant additions	28,068	12,398	9,935	11,556	7,335
END OF YEAR	Working capital	\$ 72,075	\$ 64,888	\$ 54,734	\$ 40,981	\$ 43,968
(000*)	Net properties	118,642	100,928	92,612	84,454	83,390
	Total assets	269,873	234,914	189,806	159,712	166,727
	Long-term debt	76,245	97,689	90,119	79,764	82,464
	Shareholders' equity	112,310	73,688	56,737	47,606	44,317
	Shareholders' equity per share	20.99	16.74	15.65	16.52	16.73
	Market value per share (d)	10.50	10.50	10.75	6.38	5.00
QUARTER ENDED	Net sales	\$119,463	\$ 92,771			
NOVEMBER 30	Operating costs	106,696	87,435			
(000*)	Operating income	12,767	5,336			
	Interest expense (net)	586	1,433			
	Income tax provision	4,993	766			
	Net earnings	7,188	3,137			
	Net earnings per share	1.33	.63			

- \*Except per-share amounts.
- (a) Includes all of Shattuck Denn Mining Corporation from May, 1973, and all of Sterling Pulp & Paper Company, Inc., from June, 1973.
- (b) Includes Symons Corporation from March, 1972, and 48 percent of Shattuck Denn Mining Corporation from June, 1972.
- (c) Includes Livingston Rock & Gravel Co., Inc., from April, 1970, and the conversion of preferred stock into debentures and warrants.
- (d) Closing price on New York Stock Exchange at end of the fiscal year.

		1974	1973
REVENUES	Net sales	\$434,545,000	\$322,802,000
	Other	70,000	82,000
		434,615,000	322,884,000
OPERATING	Cost of sales	345,984,000	269,075,000
COSTS	Selling, administrative and general expenses	43,171,000	35,347,000
		389,155,000	304,422,000
OPERATING INCOME		45,460,000	18,462,000
OTHER COSTS	Interest expense (net of interest income of \$1,997,000 in 1974	4 000 000	0.101.000
	and \$1,304,000 in 1973)	4,938,000	6,124,000
	Income tax provision	16,613,000	2,875,000
		21,551,000	8,999,000
NET EARNINGS		\$ 23,909,000	\$ 9,463,000
NET EARNINGS			
PER SHARE		\$ 4.32	\$ 2.14



ASSETS		1974	1973
CURRENT	Cash including short-term investments of \$19,111,000 in 1974 and \$21,218,000 in 1973	\$ 23,350,000 50,921,000 68,521,000 1,068,000 143,860,000	\$ 26,669,000 44,719,000 47,703,000 1,228,000 120,319,000
PROPERTIES	Land and improvements	9,790,000 9,268,000 248,057,000 (148,473,000) 118,642,000	9,865,000 9,308,000 225,266,000 (143,511,000) 100,928,000
OTHER ASSETS	Funds restricted for pollution control facilities	2,596,000 1,466,000 3,309,000 7,371,000 \$269,873,000	8,656,000 1,381,000 3,630,000 13,667,000 \$234,914,000

LIABILITIES AND S	HAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1974	1973
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Notes payable Current long-term debt maturities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Income taxes payable	\$ 6,304,000 6,224,000 20,496,000 28,869,000 9,892,000 71,785,000	\$ 5,205,000 7,491,000 15,387,000 24,571,000 2,777,000 55,431,000
OTHER LIABILITIES	Senior long-term debt	65,203,000 11,042,000 8,472,000 1,061,000 85,778,000	71,367,000 26,322,000 3,344,000 4,762,000 105,795,000
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Common stock  Treasury stock  Other capital  Retained earnings	5,361,000 (156,000) 54,033,000 53,072,000 112,310,000	4,413,000 (156,000) 40,268,000 29,163,000 73,688,000
		\$269,873,000	\$234,914,000

#### **Brown Company and Subsidiaries**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION Years Ended November 30



1974 1973 \$23,909,000 \$ 9,463,000 **FUNDS** Net earnings..... **PROVIDED** 9.509.000 8,734,000 Depreciation and depletion..... FROM 4,431,000 98,000 Deferred income taxes ..... **OPERATIONS** 1,164,000 Debenture interest paid in common stock ...... 37,849,000 19,459,000 845,000 2,582,000 **OTHER FUNDS** 1,400,000 18,904,000 Debt issued ...... **PROVIDED** Stock and warrants issued ..... 15,204,000 5,494,000 1,340,000 442,000 17,891,000 28,320,000 **TOTAL FUNDS** 47,779,000 55,740,000 **PROVIDED FUNDS** 12.398.000 28,068,000 USED 16,571,000 26,545,000 (6.060,000)8.656.000 48.553.000 37,625,000 **INCREASE IN** \$ 7,187,000 \$10,154,000 WORKING CAPITAL \$10,462,000 **ELEMENTS OF** \$ (3,319,000) **CHANGES IN** 11,920,000 6,202,000 WORKING CAPITAL 20,818,000 8,528,000 (160.000)(1.194.000)Prepaid expenses ..... (1.099.000)(3.005.000)1,267,000 (2,541,000)(5,109,000)(5,543,000)(4.298,000)(6.295.000)Accrued expenses..... (7.115,000)(2.178.000)\$ 7,187,000 \$10.154.000 

#### **Brown Company and Subsidiaries**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Years Ended November 30



		1974	1973
RETAINED EARNINGS	Beginning balance	\$29,163,000	\$19,700,000
	Net earnings	23,909,000	9,463,000
	Ending balance	\$53,072,000	\$29,163,000
COMMON STOCK	Beginning balance	\$ 4,413,000	\$ 3,637,000
	Warrants exercised	926,000	<u> </u>
	Stock options exercised	22,000	
	Common stock issued to pay debenture interest		231,000
	Common stock issued for companies acquired		545,000
	Ending balance	\$ 5,361,000	\$ 4,413,000
OTHER CAPITAL	Beginning balance	\$40,268,000	\$33,556,000
	Warrants exercised	14,100,000	
	Stock options exercised	156,000	
	Common stock issued to pay debenture interest	_	2,118,000
	Common stock and warrants issued for companies acquired		4,949,000
	Other	(491,000)	(355,000)
	Ending balance	\$54,033,000	\$40,268,000
SHARES OF COMMON	Warrants exercisable to May, 1980, at \$16.50 a share	1,086,000	2,012,000
STOCK RESERVED AT YEAR END	Warrants exercisable to January, 1977 at \$13.04 a share	295,000	295,000
AT TEAR END	Employee stock options	125,000	198,000
	Total shares reserved	1,506,000	2,505,000

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. At November 30, 1974, Gulf + Western Industries, Inc. owned 78.5% of the Company's common stock.

The acquisitions during 1973 of the remaining 52% interest in Shattuck Denn Mining Corporation and all of Sterling Pulp & Paper Company, Inc., for a total of \$7,950,000 consisting of cash, notes, common stock and warrants were accounted for as purchases, and the financial statements reflect the consolidation of the acquired companies from dates of acquisition.

Short-term investments (certificates of deposit and commercial paper) are stated at cost which approximates market value, and include investments in Gulf+Western Industries, Inc. commercial paper of \$7,000,000 at November 30, 1974 and \$11,500,000 at November 30, 1973.

Inventories are generally valued at lower of average cost or market.

Properties are stated at cost. Depreciation of buildings, machinery and equipment is, in general, computed using the straight-line method over an average life of 40 years for buildings and 17 years for machinery and equipment. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to income. Betterments and renewals are charged to the appropriate property account. Gains or losses on disposition of assets are reflected in income in the year of disposal.

The Company capitalizes net interest cost (not material in amount in 1974 and 1973) during construction on bonds issued to finance pollution control facilities. All other interest cost is expensed as incurred.

Provisions for income taxes reflect the recognition of investment tax credits in the year realized (flow-through method).

Contributions are made to pension trusts to fund accrued pension expense, including amounts needed to amortize the unfunded cost of past service over 30 years.

PENSION EXPENSE	Substantially all employees are covered by pension plans. Operating costs include pension expense of \$6,427,000 in 1974 and \$5,210,000 in 1973. The increase in pension expense in 1974 resulted principally from benefit increases.  The actuarially computed value of vested benefits under the pension plans exceeded the actuarial value of pension trust assets and balance sheet accruals by approximately \$15,000,000 at the January 1, 1974 valuation date. In addition, the market value of pension trust assets was approximately \$8,000,000 less than the actuarial value at January 1, 1974, and has declined further in the period to November 30, 1974.
INCOME TAX PROVISION	Provisions for taxes on income are low in relation to earnings before taxes primarily because of investment tax credits, capital gain rates applicable to timber cutting, depletion allowances and differences in the basis for tax and financial reporting purposes of certain assets of acquired companies.  Income tax provisions have been reduced by investment tax credits of \$2,763,000 in 1974 and \$2,338,000 in 1973.
EARNINGS PER SHARE	Earnings per share are based on weighted average common shares and common share equivalents (warrants and options) outstanding during the years assuming that the warrants and options were exercised and the proceeds therefrom used to first buy 20% of the outstanding common shares for the treasury and the remainder to retire debt at market values. Average common and common equivalent shares outstanding were 5,804,000 in 1974 and 5,417,000 in 1973.

# Brown Company and Subsidiaries FINANCIAL REVIEW Years Ended November 30, 1974 and 1973

LONG-TERM DEBT	Senior long-term debt at November 30:	1974	1973
	6½ % Senior Notes payable 1975 to 1985	\$41,135,000	\$44,885,000
	9% Note payable to an institutional investor		
	1975 to 1983	4,900,000	5,450,000
	Notes payable to banks 1975 to 1979 at 1% above	8,156,000	11,344,000
	the prevailing prime commercial loan rate	0,150,000	11,544,000
	payable 1986 to 1999	11,400,000	10,000,000
	Other notes (5% to 9%) payable 1975 to 1987	5,836,000	7,179,000
		71,427,000	78,858,000
	Current maturities	(6,224,000)	(7,491,000
	Senior long-term debt	65,203,000	71,367,000
	9% Subordinated debentures payable in 1995	11,042,000	26,322,000
	Total	\$76,245,000	\$97,689,000
	The following long-term debt payments are required during the November 30, 1979:	ne five years en	ding
	1975		\$6,224,000
	1976		
	1977		
	1978		6,497,000
	1979		8,611,000
	The 9% debentures due in 1995 are subordinated to all notes applied to pay the exercise price of the \$16.50 warrants. Deben annually on June 1 at the Company's option in cash or commenterest was paid in stock on June 1, 1973 and in cash on June 1.	enture interest on stock of the	is payable
	Note agreements applicable to the 6½% Senior Notes and of the mortgage of most properties and the pledge of stock of c	ertain bank note ertain subsidiar	es include ies.
	Certain long-term loan agreements restrict the payment of ca most restrictive of these agreements, retained earnings at No \$5,283,000 were not restricted.	sh dividends. U vember 30, 197	Inder the '4 of
	The Company's financing arrangements with banks, for both	short and long-	term
	borrowings, require maintenance of compensating balances	that are not ma	terial.

#### CAPITAL STOCK

There are 10,000,000 shares of \$1 par value common stock and 2,500,000 shares of preferred stock authorized. At November 30, 1974, 5,350,703 shares of common stock were outstanding (4,402,813 at November 30, 1973) excluding 10,652 treasury shares. Each share is entitled to one vote. No preferred stock is outstanding.

During 1974, Gulf+Western Industries, Inc. exercised warrants to purchase 926,087 shares of common stock of the Company at a price of \$16.50 per share. The Company's 9% subordinated debentures in the face amount of \$15,280,000 were applied by Gulf+Western in payment of the exercise price.

The Company's stock option incentive plan provides for the grant of qualified stock options to key employees to buy common stock of the Company at a price not less than fair market value on date of grant. Transactions involving stock options during the two years ended November 30, 1974 were:

	Number of Shares	Total Price
Options outstanding December 1, 1972	115,500	\$1,276,300
Granted	46,962	465,950
Terminated	(5,317)	(67,619)
Options outstanding November 30, 1973	157,145	1,674,631
Granted	32,300	333,893
Exercised	(21,811)	(177,843)
Terminated	(56, 134)	(788,890)
Options outstanding November 30, 1974	111,500	\$1,041,791
Exercisable at November 30, 1974	48,000	
Shares reserved for future grants at November 30, 1974	13,750	

#### COMMITMENTS

Rental expense and future rental commitments are not material.

Construction of pollution control facilities at Berlin and Gorham, New Hampshire is expected to cost approximately \$36,000,000, including \$7,300,000 for net interest during construction and expenses of issuing the bonds. The first \$10,000,000 of revenue bonds issued by The State of New Hampshire Industrial Development Authority to finance construction were sold in 1973 and have been recorded by the Company as long-term debt. In December 1974, an additional \$18,000,000 of 9% revenue bonds payable 1986 to 1999 were issued by the Authority and recorded by the Company as long-term debt.

#### TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SHAREHOLDERS OF BROWN COMPANY

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Brown Company and consolidated subsidiaries as of November 30, 1974 and 1973, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, changes in shareholders' equity and changes in financial position for the years then ended. Our examinations were made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the consolidated financial position of Brown Company and consolidated subsidiaries at November 30, 1974 and 1973, and the consolidated results of their operations and changes in financial position for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis.

New York, New York December 27, 1974



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DIRECTORS	Sherwood C. Chillingworth President Adorada Corporation  William T. Creson Group Vice President	*David N. Judelson  President Gulf+Western Industries, Inc.  James R. Maurer Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel	COMMON STOCK TRANSFER AGENTS AND REGISTRARS	Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company 40 Wall Street New York, New York 10015 Bank of America 111 West Seventh Street
	*David D. Davis	*Merrill L. Nash	nedis i hans	Los Angeles, California 90014
	Group Vice President	Chairman of the Board and President	DEBENTURE TRUSTEE	Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company 40 Wall Street
	*Don F. Gaston Executive Vice President Gulf+Western Industries, Inc.	William T. Pascoe, III Chairman of the Board Amcord, Inc.	AND WARRANT AGENT	New York, New York 10015
	Michael A. Hoffmann Group Vice President	Herbert J. Seakwood  Management Consultant and Attorney	STOCK EXCHANGE	COMMON STOCK — New York Stock Exchange and Pacific Stock Exchange
	*Member of Executive Committee	and Attorney	LISTINGS	\$16.50 WARRANTS — American Stock Exchange and Pacific Stock Exchange DEBENTURES PAYABLE IN 1995 —
OFFICERS	Merrill L. Nash	Robert J. Sherry		Pacific Stock Exchange
	Chairman of the Board and President	Vice President	AUDITORS	Ernst & Ernst 140 Broadway
	David D. Davis Group Vice President	Charles M. Williams Vice President		New York, New York 10005
	William T. Creson Group Vice President	John E. Cherrix Treasurer	EXECUTIVE OFFICES	251 South Lake Avenue Pasadena, California 91101
	Michael A. Hoffmann Group Vice President	Leonard E. Hickey Controller		
	James R. Maurer Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel			

#### PAPER GROUP

#### **Absorbent Products Division**

Towels, toilet tissue, facial tissue, windshield towels, towel and tissue dispensers, disposable diapers, napkins.

#### **Berlin-Gorham Division**

Pulp, corrugating medium, converting papers, Solka-Floc®.

#### Cheverton & Laidler, Ltd.

Folding cartons, paper and plastic containers, paper liners, delicatessen paper, cellulose and polyethylene film, waxed paper rolls.

#### **Eagle-A/Linweave Division**

Business and communication papers, creative papers, sulphite grades and translucent papers.

#### **Folding Carton Division**

Folding cartons.

#### **Recycled Paperboard Division**

Paperboard.

#### **Superior and Monarch Match Companies**

Paper matches.

#### **Service Products Division**

Converted papers for food service and food packaging.

#### **Specialty Papers Division**

Converting papers, publishing papers, industrial/technical papers, and flexible packaging.

### BUILDING MATERIALS GROUP

#### **The Fireproof Products Company**

Fabrication of reinforcing steel and distribution of construction materials.

#### **Livingston-Graham**

Sand, gravel, and transit-mixed concrete.

#### **Richmond Screw Anchor Company**

Accessories used in building forms for concrete construction.

#### **Symons Corporation**

Concrete forming systems, scaffolding, shoring, and accessories.

